# THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XXX ATLANTA, GA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 8, 1898.—TEN PAGES. PRICE FIVE CENTS.


## SAMPSON'S WORK SURPRISED LONG

### Navy Department Was Slow To Believe Santiago Bombarded.

### MARINES MAY HAVE LANDED

### Admiral Was Not Hampered by Instructions and Could Act as He Pleases.

### MAY HAVE WANTED HONOR OF INVASION

**Washington Officials Are Certain That No Troops Have Yet Left American Ports for Cuba and Expected No Work by the Fleet.**

Washington, June 7.—Starting out with a strong belief that there had been nothing in the nature of a serious engagement between Sampson's forces and the Spanish defenses at Santiago, the navy department officials, as the day wore on and the full detailed report of the Associated Press from its correspondents with the fleet began to flow in, were compelled to modify their view, and when the day closed they were about ready to admit that though without official information on the subject it was evident that Sampson had made a strong attack upon the Spanish forts.

The one point upon which they maintained their confidence was that no troops had been landed. They were prepared to admit that Sampson might be clearing the way with his big guns for the landing of the troops or that possibly some marines had been landed temporarily, but that forces had been put ashore they would not admit, for the reason that no information had reached the war department of the actual departure of the soldiers from the gulf ports for Cuba. It is denied, however, that every effort is making to put the troops into Cuba at the earliest possible moment, and this afternoon it is believed, although no official advices to that effect were at hand, that the troops have actually been embarking at Tampa today, and may get away tonight.

The reason for this belief is found in the admission by officials that the troops have been under orders to embark for some time past. The difficulty that presented itself was the absence of absolutely necessary supplies, which in most cases were stored away in some of the thousands of freight cars which blocked the railroad tracks for miles out from Tampa. The orders that went forward yesterday were of a character to force a speedy breaking of the deadlock and if the troops now have their supplies, which is believed to be the case, there is no reason why they should not sail at once for Santiago.

**Wanted To Land Before Troops.**

By the newspaper reports of the breach Sampson has made in the coast defenses there, there is every reason to believe that little difficulty will be found in the actual debarkation of the troops, particularly if marines are already ashore to guard the landing. A suspicion is entertained in some quarters that Sampson was hastened in his movements at Santiago by the news of the intended departure of the troops from Tampa and made this attack in order that the navy alone might have the honor of effecting the first occupation of Cuban soil.

It is likely that the first troops of the regular army to take up a position ashore will be the engineer battalion, although they are so badly hampered by the heavy siege trains they carry that they must be greatly delayed in making a landing. These guns, by the way, have given infinite trouble, for the transports that were hastily chartered were so lightly constructed as to require a great deal of strengthening before the great masses of steel could be safely placed in them.

The extent of Sampson's attack on the Santiago defenses has brought out one fact very cleary, namely, that he has practically unlimited power as to the time and character of an attack, and that he is unhampered by restrictions from Washington. The exact nature of his orders have never been made public, but a naval official in a position to know what they are, said that Admiral Sampson had greater power conferred upon him than had ever been given to any commander-in-chief. It was for him to decide on the time for an attack and the place and manner of its execution. He may attack before troops arrive or, in his discretion, act without the cooperation of troops. Or, if circumstances warrant, he may refrain from any operations. In short, it is said that Admiral Sampson is complete master of the tactical and strategic operations by the naval forces off Santiago. This is in line with the policy approved by the highest naval authorities.

**Nictheroy May Be Defective.**

The cruiser Buffalo, lately the Nictheroy of the Brazilian navy, arrived in Hampton Roads today directly from Brazil. The vessel, it is learned, is not yet actually on the United States naval lists. She has been acquired subject to certain conditions that will doubtless be strictly fulfilled by the Brazilian government, but which have not been met. They are that the ship must be turned over in good condition as to hull and machinery. The ordnance will be supplied by the United States government in the shape of ten six-inch rapid-fire guns, now ready to be put in the ship. The machinery of the Buffalo is known to be in bad shape, but just to what extent is not known here. The ship will be inspected by a naval board when she is ready for delivery to the government. Meanwhile, the work of putting her in condition will go on at once at Newport News.

The death of Captain Gridley has removed one of the officers set down for advancement over their seniors on account of the victory at Manila. The promotions recommended by the president are the subject of much talk between naval officers. Those who did not participate in the battle are naturally displeased at being "jumped," and they point out the evils of the practice, among them being the probability that some of the very officers advanced are likely to be in turn jumped, and so practically set back by some of the officers now on duty with Sampson's fleet, who may distinguish themselves in battle. These officers are urging that it would be only prudent and fair to go slowly in the matter of making promotions of this character and wait until the war is ended, when all the meritorious officers be rewarded in strict accordance with their merit.

It will be good news for the many persons interested directly or indirectly in claims against the Spanish government growing out of ill treatment in Cuba, or loss to property sustained there, to know that the state department has not lost sight of them and that their interests are to be fully conserved when it comes to a final settlement between the United States and Spain. The claims on file in the state department now amount to an aggregate of $16,000,000 and it is the purpose when a treaty of peace is drawn to provide therein for their settlement, either directly or through the more usual means of a joint claims commission.

### HAVANA CLAIMS A VICTORY.

**Sampson's Bombardment of Santiago an American Defeat.**

Havana, June 6.—(Delayed in transmission.)—Details from Spanish sources received here today of the bombardment this (Monday) morning of the forts of Santiago by the American fleet say the warships of the United States fired about 1,500 projectiles of all kinds. This fire, the Spaniards add, was answered by Morro castle and the batteries of Socapa and Punta Gorda. At noon, it is added, another bombardment began against Aguadores, east of Santiago de Cuba, the firing lasting one hour. Both attacks, the Spaniards assert, were repulsed.

Morro castle is admitted to have been damaged, as was the "exterior headquarters built during the time of peace at Cayo Smith," and in addition the Spanish cruiser Reina Mercedes is said to have been "slightly damaged." The Spanish commander at Santiago reports that the Americans did not dismount one piece of artillery and he says that nine of the American vessels disappeared from sight before dark.

The Spanish navy losses are reported to be one chief and five sailors killed and one officer and twelve sailors wounded. Finally the Spanish version of the affair says:

"The American losses are supposed to be considerable."

Captain General Blanco has congratulated General Linares, the Spanish military commander at Santiago, and those who took part in the fight.

Work on the fortifications about Havana is being pushed without an hour's intermission. Even the civil governor of the city and all the employees of the government are at work on the forts and batteries and all persons out of work are finding similar employment.

The cultivation zones are turning out very successfully and are proving a great relief to the poor.

### THEY WERE IN MANILA BATTLE.

**Four Americans Who Were with Dewey Reach San Francisco.**

San Francisco, June 7.—Among the passengers on the Belgic today from Hong Kong were four men who participated in the fight off Manila on May 1st.

They are Paymaster G. A. Loud, of the dispatch boat McCulloch; Dr. Charles P. Kindelberger, surgeon of the Olympia; Ralph Phillips, secretary to the captain of the McCulloch, and J. C. Evans, gunner of the Boston. They left Manila on May 5th. Dr. Kindelberger and Gunner Evans are going home on account of expiration of their sea time. Paymaster Loud and Mr. Phillips are here on business and will return to the McCulloch.

They all speak of the valor and determination of their opponents in the battle of Manila. They say that the Spaniards fought bravely after the last vestige of hope had gone and stayed by their guns as long as they could be used.

## LONDON PAPERS CALL SANTIAGO THE BOMBARDMENT AND AMERICAN VICTORY

London, June 8.—The Times, commenting editorially on the fact that the Cuban authorities at Havana permitted its correspondent, Mr. Knight, to discharge his function in forwarding the dispatch as to Monday's engagement at Santiago, says:

"His dispatch says that 'the American fire was damaging.' As he doubtless is subjected to rigid censorship, this admission is significant, and his statement that 'the Americans were repulsed at Aguadores' is probably correct."

The editorial, in summing up the situation, says:

"Spanish obstinacy may prolong the war for many months. The American government is acting wisely and prudently in refusing to send to Cuba an army of untrained volunteers. Little attention need to be given to peace rumors."

A dispatch to The Daily Mail from Cape Haytien says:

"The American victory at Santiago has cleared the way for the entrance of Admiral Sampson and the destruction of the Spanish fleet. As Santiago's land defenses are reported weak, it is likely the city will yield to a vigorous attack.

"It is reported that the commander of the Reina Mercedes, second in command in the Spanish fleet, was killed during the engagement.

"The combined American and insurgent forces are entrenched near Daiquiri with guns mounted in preparation for a further movement. From Spanish sources comes a report that a party of Americans landed at Aguadores, but whether it is true or what the result was is not known here."

# AMERICAN FLEET BOMBARDS SANTIAGO FORTS ONCE MORE

## Sampson Opens Fire on the Cuban Defense and After Demolishing the Fortifications and Silencing the Batteries Withdraws---Spanish Loss Was Very Heavy.

Kingston, Jamaica, June 7.—The American fleet engaged the Spanish batteries defending the entrance to Santiago Monday, and after three hours' bombardment silenced nearly all the forts, destroyed several earthworks and rendered the Estrella and Cayo batteries, the two principal fortifications, useless.

The fleet formed in double column six miles off Morro castle at 6 o'clock in the morning and steamed in slowly 3,000 yards off shore, the Brooklyn leading, followed by the Marblehead, Texas and Massachusetts, and turned westward.

The second line, the New York leading, with the New Orleans, Yankee, Iowa and Oregon following, turned eastward. The Vixen and Suwanee were far out on the left flank watching the riflemen on shore. The Dolphin and Porter did similar duty on the right flank. The line headed by the New York attacked the new earthworks near Morro castle. The Brooklyn column took up a station opposite the Estrella and Catalina batteries and the earthworks along the shore.

The Spanish batteries remained silent. It is doubtful whether the Spaniards were able to determine the character of the movement, owing to the dense fog and heavy rain which were the weather features Monday morning. Suddenly the Iowa fired a twelve-inch shell, which struck the base of Estrella battery and tore up the works.

**Instantly firing began from both Rear Admiral Sampson's and Commodore Schley's columns and a torrent of shells from the ships fell upon the Spanish works.**

The Spaniards replied promptly, but their shots went wide. Smoke settled around the ships in dense clouds, rendering accurate aiming difficult. There was no maneuvering of fleet, the ships remaining at their original stations and firing steadily.

### SHIPS WERE CLOSE IN SHORE.

The squadrons were so close in shore that it was difficult for the American gunners to reach the batteries on the hilltops, but their firing was excellent.

Previous to the bombardment orders were issued to prevent firing on Morro castle, as the American admiral had been informed that Lieutenant Hobson and the other prisoners of the Merrimac are confined there. In spite of this, however, several stray shots damaged Morro castle somewhat.

The Brooklyn and Texas caused havoc among the Spanish shore batteries, quickly silencing them. While the larger ships were engaging the heavy batteries the Suwanee and the Vixen closed with the small inshore battery opposite them, raining rapid fire shots upon it and quickly placing the battery out of the fight.

**The Brooklyn closed to 800 yards and then the destruction caused by her guns and those of the Marblehead and Texas was really awful.**

In a few minutes the woodwork of Estrella fort was burning and the battery was silenced, firing no more during the engagement. Shortly after 9 o'clock the firing ceased, the warships turning in order to permit the use of port batteries. The firing then became a long reverberating crash of thunder and the shells raked the Spanish batteries with terrible effect. Fire broke out in the Catalina fort and silenced the Spanish guns.

The firing of the fleet continued until 10 o'clock, when the Spanish fire ceased entirely and Rear Admiral Sampson hoisted the "cease firing" signal.

Generally the firing of the fleet was very destructive. Many of the earthworks were knocked to pieces and the Estrella and Catalina fortifications were so damaged that it is questionable whether they will ever be able to do any effective work during the war. After the fleet had retired the Spaniards returned to other guns and sent twelve shells after the fleet. But no one was injured. One large shell fell close to the collier Justin.

**Throughout the engagement no American ship was hit and no American was injured.**

If the Spaniards stuck to their guns, and all evidence is to the contrary, their loss must have been heavy.

Ten of the American warships maintained a steady and carefully directed fire against the batteries at Punta Gorda, Socapa and Cincorea, in addition to bombarding the Spanish fleet in the harbor. The percentage of effective projectiles was very large. It appears from the best information obtainable at this place that immense damage was inflicted on the enemy.

**The Spaniards admit that the bombardment from the American fleet was most destructive. About 1,600 projectiles are said to have been fired by the American warships, and it seems that the responsive fire from the Spanish forts and ships was scarcely felt at all by the Americans.**

The fortifications near the entrance of the harbor were riddled with solid shot and shattered by the explosion of immense shells fired by the American battleships. The Spanish batteries were virtually silenced and the fortifications at Socapa and Punta Gorda were demolished by the three hours uninterrupted hammering of the American fleet. The American fleet's movement was specially directed against Aguadores, a small coast town a little to the east of the entrance of Santiago bay. The idea of the American admiral was to land troops and siege guns there after reducing the defenses of the place. Heavy cannonading was opened upon Aguadores at about midday yesterday.

**It cannot be doubted that the net result of Monday's fighting was extremely disastrous to the Spanish defenses, and it is understood on the fleet that the Cuban troops maintained throughout the greater part of yesterday an attack by land on Santiago, and the Spanish reports say the garrison lost heavily in killed and wounded.**

The military commander of Santiago acknowledges the following were seriously wounded:

Colonel Ordonez, Captain Sanchez, Lieutenant Yrezar, of the artillery, and Perez and Garcia, both Spanish officers whose rank is not mentioned.

**The Spaniards admit the loss of twenty-one infantry soldiers severely wounded and say one soldier was killed, but it is believed the losses of the Spaniards were much more heavy.**

In the naval force the Spaniards say that the officer who was second in command of the partly dismantled Spanish cruiser Reina Mercedes and five sailors and an ensign were killed. The Spanish sailors wounded, it is asserted, number sixteen men.

The Spaniards acknowledge that a great deal of damage was inflicted on the Spanish cruiser Reina Mercedes, and they say the forts show great gaping breaches in their walls.

**Later in the day, it appears, a landing of 500 American troops was effected near Diaquiri, some distance east of Aguadores and near the railroad station connecting with Santiago. Later an engagement took place between the American forces and a column of Spanish troops which had been sent at the landing party.**

It is almost certain that the first class armored Spanish cruiser Maria Teresa was sunk. It seems to be admitted that the fire of the American soldiers near Diaquiri was so effective that the Spaniards were compelled to flee.

### CERVERA ADMITS LOSS IN THE ASSAULT.

Madrid, June 7, 7 p. m.—The following official dispatch has been received from Admiral Cervera:

"Six American vessels have bombarded the fortifications at Santiago and along the adjacent coast. Six were killed and seventeen were wounded on board the Reina Mercedes; three officers were killed and an officer and seventeen men were wounded among the troops.

"The Americans fired 1,500 shells of different caliber. The damage inflicted upon the batteries of La Socapa and Morro castle was unimportant. The barracks at Morro castle suffered damage. The enemy had noticeable losses."

### SAMPSON BEGINS THE BOMBARDMENT.

Washington, June 7.—Shortly after 7 o'clock this evening information confirmatory of the bombardment of the fortifications of Santiago reached the navy department. It came in the form of a cablegram from Admiral Sampson, which was made public by the following bulletin:

"Secretary of the Navy—Bombarded forts at Santiago 7:40 to 10 a. m. today, June 6th. Silenced works quickly without injury of any kind, though within 2,000 yards. Sampson."

While the officials of the navy department declined to say definitely whether the bulletin contained all the information given in Admiral Sampson's cablegram, there is reason to believe it did not. The officials refused to discuss the subject or to vouchsafe further information than was posted on the bulletin board.

Only one additional point was elicited by questions. That was that the cablegram contained no information about the landing of either land forces or marines.

The information received from Admiral Sampson was evidently quite satisfactory to the naval authorities. While they declined to discuss either the reasons for or the probable consequences of the bombardment, they were thoroughly satisfied with the results accomplished.

It is pretty well understood that the bombardment was for the purpose of paving the way either for the landing of troops or actually to cover the landing of marines.

Dispatches received by the Associated Press from Spanish sources tonight indicate that a landing was effected, either during or immediately after the bombardment. This is regarded by naval authorities as entirely reasonable.

### COMMANDER DIES ON HIS SHIP.

**United States Collier Reaches Key West with a Dead Officer.**

Key West, June 7.—The United States collier Pompeii, formerly British steamer Harlech, arrived here today from Norfolk, Va., with her commander, Lieutenant Commander E. W. Sturdy, dead on board, and Lieutenant K. C. Norton in charge of the ship.

Commander Sturdy was not feeling well when the Pompeii sailed on Friday evening. He was taken sick off Cape Henry soon afterwards, became unconscious and died yesterday. There was no physician on board. He was a native of Maine, fifty-one years of age and had been in this service thirty-six years. The family of the deceased live at Annapolis.

The interment of the remains of Lieutenant Commander Sturdy will take place here today with naval honors.

Commander Sturdy was buried today with military honors. The services were held in the Methodist church, in front of which 215 marines, including a bugle and drum corps, were drawn up.

The coffin was borne by blue jackets and the pallbearers were high naval officers. The grave is close to the cemetery gate and near the graves of the victims of the Maine disaster. The customary volley firing and sounding of "taps" over the grave concluded the funeral ceremony.

### GRIDLEY'S BODY TO BE CREMATED

**Paymaster Galt, at Yokohoma, Will Send Ashes Home.**

Washington, June 7.—At the suggestion of Mrs. Gridley, widow of Captain Gridley, late commander of the cruiser Olympia, with Admiral Dewey's fleet, the acting secretary of the navy today cabled instructions to Paymaster Galt at Yokohama to turn the remains of the deceased officer over to Mrs. Copman, of that city, with a view to their cremation.

This action was taken in deference to the known wishes of the deceased and was based upon information that proper facilities for such work exist in Yokohama.

### BUFFALO IS AT NEWPORT NEWS.

**Cruiser Purchased from Brazil Is Being Equipped for Service.**

Newport News, Va., June 7.—The United States cruiser Buffalo arrived at Old Point this afternoon at 2 o'clock, from Rio Janeiro. She is detained at quarantine and no one is allowed to go on board. The Buffalo is in such a filthy condition that it is said she will be fumigated before being released from quarantine. Her crew is made up of several nationalities whose characteristics are wholly at variance with those of the American sailor.

The Buffalo was convoyed part of the way from Rio by the battleship Oregon and the gunboat Marietta. She left them a short time after her departure, however, and came through to Newport News without entering any port. The Buffalo is in command of Captain Missner, of the American navy. She will come to the ship yard here and receive a battery of 5-inch guns.

Commander J. H. Hemphill will command the Buffalo when she receives her new equipment.

### DELEON MAY FIGHT WITH GOMEZ

**That Is, if His Efforts To Get Commission in Our Army Fail.**

Washington, June 7.—(Special.)—Colonel Perry M. DeLeon has tendered his resignation as consul general at Guayaquil, Ecuador, to take effect August 1st. Colonel DeLeon occupies a peculiar position at present, as he tendered his resignation under the impression that he would receive a commission in the volunteer service. He was at the capitol today mustering his political influence, which he proposes to bring to bear upon the president. When the Cuban war was declared, Colonel DeLeon cabled to the state department that he would like to have leave of absense from the consular service to join the army invading Cuba. A tart reply by cable directed him to remain at his post. He cabled again that if he was granted two months' leave of absence he would resign, to take effect August 1st. He was notified that leave would be granted him as requested.

Arriving in Washington Colonel DeLeon found it difficult to secure a commission from the president to enter the army and he is too old to enlist. He is anxious to take a hand in the Cuban war and he declares that failing to get a commission, he will go to Cuba and apply for a position in the insurgent army on the staff of General Gomez.

### SHIP WITH SMALLPOX ON BOARD

**Steamer Belgic Sent to Quarantine at San Francisco for Fumigation.**

San Francisco, June 7.—The steamer Belgic arrived from the orient via Honolulu today but was sent into quarantine, three cases of smallpox having developed on board since her departure from Hong Kong.

One case was landed at Nagasaki, another at Kobe and the third at Honolulu. No new cases have developed since the steamer left Honolulu and it is thought that the disease has been stamped out.

The vessel and cargo will be thoroughly fumigated and it is possible the mails and passengers may be landed tonight.

**Hayti-Cuban Cable Cut.**

Cape Haytien, Hayti, June 7, 11:35 p. m.—From all indications the cable between Hayti and Cuba has not worked since Monday at midnight. It is probably cut.

**Will Wed Miss Cisneros.**

Jacksonville, Fla., January 7.—Lieutenant Carlos Carbonel, aid on the staff of General Lee, will leave tomorrow at noon for Washington, where on Thursday he will wed Miss Evangeline Cisneros at the home of Mrs. John A. Logan. They will afterwards return.

**Virginians Now in Camp.**

Jacksonville, June 7.—The Fourth Virginia regiment went into camp at Camp Cuba Libre this morning and the Third Virginia is expected to arrive either tomorrow or next day. This will make nine regiments in camp here, being the Second and Fourth Illinois, Fiftieth Iowa, First Wisconsin, First North Carolina and Second, Third and Fourth Virginia. Colonel Baker is temporarily in command of the Third brigade, consisting of the three Virginia regiments.

## MONTEREY GOES TO JOIN DEWEY

### Big Monitor Accompanied by a Collier Sails from San Francisco.

### GREAT CROWDS SEE HER OFF

### Second Expedition for the Philippines May Get Away Next Saturday.

### THREE TRANSPORTS ARE ENGAGED

**Vessels To Carry the Troops Are Now Being Inspected by Government Officials and Contracts Are Being Made—Boats Are Being Loaded.**

San Francisco, June 7.—The principal event in the local war situation today was the departure of the monitor Monterey and the collier Brutus for Manila. The order to get under way was issued about 1 o'clock, and shortly afterwards the wharves and docks on the water front were crowded with people anxious to witness the departure of the formidable fighting machine. Every steam whistle on the water front blew a farewell as the two vessels moved down the harbor, toward the Golden Gate.

The Monterey has always been a great local favorite, but the prospects are that she will never again enter this harbor, as she is to be permanently stationed in the vicinity of Uncle Sam's colonies in the east.

The second expedition to the Philippines will hardly be able to leave here before next Saturday. Stores, supplies and ammunition are being placed on board. The troops are ready for service.

High rates of charter and a scarcity of ships is preventing the war department from getting the third expedition under way. The three transports engaged, the China, the Colon and Zealandia, will constitute the second expedition.

Ship owners are demanding extravagant prices for steamers and they will not be met by the war department. Unless some of them make more reasonable propositions it is a foregone conclusion that a number of steamers will be seized and drafted into service. The Pacific Mail steamer City of Para and the San Blas may be chartered for reasonable rates and the government will probably secure both. The Pacific coast steamer City of Puebla has met with official approbation and may be chartered. The Morgan City is regarded as a good steamer, but the quibble is over the charter price.

### GOVERNMENT MAY SEIZE BOATS.

**Owners of Vessels Want Too Much for Their Manila Voyage.**

Washington, June 7.—Assistant Secretary of War Meiklejohn is rapidly shaping the question of ships for transportation of troops to the Philippines.

Instructions were telegraphed General Merritt today to impress into government service the steamships Senator, City of Puebla and Queen, of the Pacific Coast Steamship Company if found suitable for transport service.

In addition to these vessels the war department has in view several ships of the Northern Steamship Company. This is a British corporation and the vessels are the Arizona, Tacoma and Olympia.

Mr. Meiklejohn this evening received a telegram from the company stating these vessels would be chartered to the government on condition of receiving American registry at practically the prices the war department had proposed to them.

**Must Have European Sanction.**

London, June 8.—The Paris correspondent of The Standard says: "The French and Russian governments are exchanging views as to the expediency of subjecting such conquests as the United States may make and hold good in China seas, to European sanction at a conference or congress."

**Negotiations Have Taken Place.**

London, June 7.—Mr. George N. Curzon, under secretary of state for foreign affairs, replying in the house of commons today to a question about the Canadian-American agreement, said:

"Negotiation have taken place at Washington for the settlement of pending questions between Great Britain and the United States."

**One Cable Still Working.**

Washington, June 7.—Information received here today indicates that the French cable between Santiago de Cuba and Hayti had not been working since midnight of last night. If such is the case General Blanco is cut off from communication from his home government by that source.

At the same time it is understood that one of the English cables running south from Cuba to Jamacia is still in operation.

## TRANSPORTS LOADED WITH TROOPS ARE READY TO SAIL TO WEST INDIES

Chicago, June 7.—A Tampa dispatch from a reliable source to The Chicago Daily News, dated June 7, says the work of loading troops, horses, guns, ammunition, stores, equipment and medical supplies for the first great invasion of the Spanish West Indies is almost completed, and before many hours General Shafter's corps, the Fifth, is expected to sail away. The destination is known to a few and may not be given until the fleet of the transports with its convoy of war vessels is well on its way to Cuba.

# CONGRATULATIONS POUR IN UPON THE CONSTITUTION

## The Newspapers of the State Send Their Compliments on the Magnificent Work of the Recent Campaign---"The People of the State Stand by It Because It Stands by Them."

## HOW A NEWSPAPER CAN RENDER VALUABLE SERVICE

### "It Has Been My Observation," Says Editor Loyless, "That However Much The Constitution Has Been Criticised, It Has the Honesty of Purpose and the Good Judgment To Support Only the Best Men."

Now that the long and hard campaign is ended and the smoke of battle is slowly clearing away the people are not only awakening to a full realization of Colonel Candler's wonderful victory, but they are beginning to appreciate the tremendous—even though futile—efforts of the opposition to accomplish his defeat. It was a hard fight from start to finish and the colonel went into it with the aggressiveness and courage and indomitable energy that have carried him to victory through every political encounter of his eventful life. His methods were clean, his canvass was devoid of the usual claptrap and demagogery of the stump, and all his blows were aimed above the belt. That this is recognized by those who opposed him was not evident during the campaign, but elsewhere this morning appear interviews with some of the leaders on the losing side, which indirectly pay the highest compliment to the coming governor.

They pay a high compliment to The Constitution, too, and in addition to kind words from that source there follow this a few of the many congratulatory telegrams which have poured in upon this newspaper since the votes were counted. It is not necessary to repeat now all that The Constitution was accused of saying and doing in the thick of the fight, for The Constitution faithfully reproduced all that was worth reproducing at the time. That it was a fight all those who were in the vicinity know pretty well by this time, and all will bear witness that The Constitution constantly stood where the fire was fiercest. But now that it is all over and the dead and wounded have been removed and both sides have laid aside their guns it is interesting to note that The Constitution's efforts have attracted the admiration of the democratic press of the state and prompted their congratulations.

The following are some of the many messages received yesterday and last night from well known Georgia editors, and—like their authors—they speak for themselves:

### Victory Is Complete, Says Senator Walsh.

Augusta, Ga., June 7.—Clark Howell, Editor Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.—I send congratulations to The Constitution on the nomination of Colonel Candler, whose candidacy it has so ably advocated. Victory is complete. The people can be trusted to do the right thing. Than Allan D. Candler they have no better friend. He will always be true to their best interest. PATRICK WALSH.

### Will Make Character for the State.

Bainbridge, Ga., June 7.—Clark Howell, Editor Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.—The Democrat congratulates the state democratic party of Georgia and The Constitution upon the signal triumph over anti-ring politics in Georgia and the making of a ticket that will make character for the state and for the party.

JOHN M. BROWN, Bainbridge Democrat.

### The Failure of the Bitter.

Harmony Grove, June 7.—Clark Howell, Editor Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.: Those who make the bitterest fight always get worsted. The Constitution and Allen Candler even benefited by the unjust attacks of their enemies.

W. B. HARDMAN,
Editor Echo.

### From Candler's Home County.

Gainesville, Ga., June 7.—Clark Howell, Editor Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.: Accept congratulations on magnificent victory you and Colonel Candler have won. Your efforts in his behalf are appreciated in Gainesville, which proudly claims the next governor of Georgia as her honored son. The Constitution and the people will see a magnificent administration of state government under A. D. Candler. The Constitution, the people and Candler are on top.

A. S. HARDY,
The Georgia Cracker.

### A Victory for Three.

Rome, Ga., June 7.—Clark Howell, Editor Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.: Congratulations. Despite the fight made on The Constitution, victory perches upon your banner. Vive The Constitution, Governor Candler and Democracy.

MRS. BEULAH S. MOSELEY,
Editress Rome Georgian.

### Valiant Service to the People.

Rome, Ga., June 7.—Clark Howell, Editor Constitption, Atlanta, Ga.: Permit me to extend warm congratulations. The Constitution has rendered valiant services to the common people of Georgia in leading the fight for the commoner, Allen Candler.

PHIL G. BYRD,
The Hustler.

### A Mighty Victory.

Jonesboro, Ga., June 7.—Clark Howell, Editor Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.: Despite the bitter fight made on The Constitution its efforts in behalf of the champion of clean politics and good government proved a mighty factor in the achievement of the glorious victory of yesterday. Hearty congratulations.

J. A. MORROW,
The Enterprise.

### Everybody Praising The Constitution.

Watkinsville, Ga., June 7.—Clark Howell, Editor Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.: Everybody is praising The Constitution for its enterprise in publishing the result of yesterday's election in every county in the state this morning and for the services it rendered in helping to shape this result.

CLAUD ANDERSON,
Editor Enterprise.

### The Constitution Fought in the Open.

Americus, Ga., June 7.—Hon. Clark Howell, Editor Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.: The Americus Times-Recorder extends congratulation in behalf of the citizens of Americus and Sumter county for the very successful fight The Constitution has made for the people's candidate, Hon. Allen D. Candler. It is conceded by every one that The Constitution can justly and righteously share equally with Colonel Candler Monday's signal victory, achieved despite the most unique political combination ever inaugurated in the history of Georgia. The Constitution fought valiantly in the open field the people's battle from start to finish and the unholy combination has met a waterloo under the superior political acumen of Editor Clark Howell. MARIE LOUISE MYRICK, Americus Times-Recorder.

### "The Yank and Johnny Yell."

Fitzgerald, June 7.—Clark Howell, Editor Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.: The people of Fitzgerald and Irwin county throw up their hats and give the yank and Johnny reb yell for The Constitution and the grand fight it has made in behalf of Colonel Candler. The people down here look upon The Constitution as their tried and true friend in behalf of the common people. J. G. KNAPP, The Leader.

### From the Oldest Paper in the State.

Milledgeville, Ga., June 7.—Clark Howell, Editor Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.: We congratulate The Constitution on Allen Candler's sweeping victory.

UNION-RECORDER.

### "Noble Work," Says Editor Grubb.

Darien, Ga., June 7.—Clark Howell, Editor Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.: Accept hearty congratulations on The Constitution's noble work for Candler.

R. W. GRUBB, Darien Gazette.

### It Exploded the Schemes.

Zebulon, Ga., June 7.—Clark Howell, Editor Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.: All the schemes of the Bob-Spencer combination have been exploded by The Constitution and it deserves great credit for the result.

S. R. GREEN, Pike County Journal.

### First Place in Public Estimation.

Brunswick, Ga., June 7.—Clark Howell, Editor Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.: Colonel Candler's election certain, equally certain is the fact that The Constitution's vigorous fight has given Georgia's great paper first place in the public estimation.

J. E. duBIGNON, Brunswick Times.

### Appreciated by His Friends.

Covington, Ga., June 7.—Clark Howell, Editor Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.: The consolidated returns show Colonel Candler carried Newton county over both his competitors by a majority of more than two to one. His victory in the state is a phenomenal one and indicates very plainly how the people regard the prorating plan. For this great victory for the people The Constitution is entitled to much credit for its able and efficient effort in behalf of Colonel Candler's candidacy and The Star is sure it is fully appreciated by the one-eyed plow boy's many friends here. Colonel Livingston carried the county by a majority of more than two to one.

J. W. ANDERSON, Covington Star.

### A Popular Vindication.

Sparta, Ga., June 7.—Clark Howell, Editor Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.: Candler's immense majority is a proper vindication of The Constitution's advocacy of the cause of grand old Allen D. Candler. Ishmaelite sends congratulations.

SIDNEY LEWIS, The Ishmaelite.

### "The People Are with It."

Macon, Ga., June 7.—Clark Howell, Editor Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.: Allow me to congratulate The Constitution as well as Colonel Candler on this victory. The former's motives have been no less misrepresented than the latter's and the victory is a vindication for both as well as a triumph of the people. It has been my observation that however much The Constitution may be criticised for its activity in politics it always has the honesty of purpose and the good judgment to support only the best men. This, perhaps, accounts for the fact that it is nearly always successful. In referring to The Constitution's policy you often hear it said "The people are with it." I think this is mostly so because The Constitution is always with the people. TOM W. LOYLESS, Editor Macon News.

### Those in the Hottest of It.

Dalton, Ga., June 7.—Clark Howell, Editor Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.: I congratulate you upon the glorious indorsement of The Constitution as given in Colonel Candler's vindication by the people. Only those in the hottest of the fight can really appreciate what you have done. A. H. SHAVER, Editor Dalton Argus.

### Untiring and Loyal Support.

Ellijay, Ga., June 7.—Clark Howell, Editor Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.: Candler's great victory Monday was due largely to The Constitution's exposure of the corrupt methods used by his opponents and its untiring and loyal support of Colonel Candler. J. H. HUTCHERSON, Courier-Sentinel.

### All Georgia Congratulated.

Dawson, Ga., June 7.—Clark Howell, Editor Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.: The victory of Monday was largely due to the help of The Constitution. Georgia is to be congratulated upon the triumph of the people.

E. L. RAINEY, The News.

### What Dewey Did Was Enough, Too,

Trenton, Ga., June 7.—Clark Howell, Editor Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.: Accept the congratulations of The News on your Dewey efforts against the combined opposition to Candler. THE STATE OF DADE NEWS.

### Potent Factor in a Great Victory.

Carrollton, Ga., June 7.—Clark Howell, Editor Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.: Congratulations on the great victory for Candler. The Constitution was the most potent factor in bringing about the desired result. FREE PRESS.

### It Led the Fight.

McRae, Ga., June 7.—Clark Howell, Editor Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.: The Atlanta Constitution has most creditably led the fight in behalf of Allen D. Candler. TELFAIR YEOMAN.

### The People Should Rejoice.

Decatur, Ga., June 7.—Clark Howell, Editor Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.: Victory for Candler was victory of The Constitution as well. The people of Georgia should rejoice, and I with them. Congratulations to the great paper and its editor.

DE KALB NEW ERA.

### Held Down the Opposition.

Canton, Ga., June 7.—Clark Howell, Editor Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.: Cherokee congratulates Colonel Candler for his brilliant victory over all opposition and her people are proud of their vote of more than 8 to 1 for him. Especially do they feel that The Constitution is due much praise for the magnificent fight that paper made for Candler, virtually winning the victory for him before the bitter fight of the opposition began and successfully meeting every charge made by the opposition candidates and papers after the fight did begin.

BEN F. PERRY, Cherokee Advance.

### The Fall of the Combination.

Lyons, Ga., June 7.—Clark Howell, Editor Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.: The whole state congratulates The Constitution on winning the fight made against combined rings and corruption. FRANK CARTER, Editor Courier.

### A Fight Nobly Won.

Waynesboro, Ga., June 7.—Clark Howell, Editor Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.: Let us congratulate The Constitution for standing so well and faithfully by Allen D. Candler. Your fight was nobly won. WAYNESBORO TRUE CITIZEN.

### Editor Groover's Compliments.

Columbus, Ga., June 7.—Clark Howell, Editor Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.: Although not favoring your candidate, I must congratulate The Constitution on its great fight for Candler. C. J. GROOVER.

## THE HOUSE AND SENATE.

### Later Returns Increase the List of the New Lawmakers.

The following table shows the revised returns of elections held in the several counties for the legislature:

### Elected to the Senate.

SECOND DISTRICT.
Liberty, Tatnall, McIntosh—William Clifton.

THIRD DISTRICT.
Wayne, Appling, Pierce—J. R. Dowling.

FIFTH DISTRICT.
Coffee, Ware, Clinch—R. G. Dickerson.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.
Thomas, Colquitt, Brooks—W. S. Humphreys.*

EIGHTH DISTRICT.
Decatur, Miller, Mitchell—J. L. Hand.

TENTH DISTRICT.
Lee, Worth, Dougherty—E. L. Wight.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.
Randolph, Terrell, Clay—T. C. Sutton.

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.
Schley, Macon, Sumter—William A. Dodson.

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.
Dooly, Wilcox, Dodge, Pulaski—Mark T. Hodges.

TWENTIETH DISTRICT.
Baldwin, Hancock, Washington—William Rawlings.

TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT.
Twiggs, Jones, Wilkinson—Dr. J. S. Wood.*

TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT.
Bibb, Monroe, Pike—John F. Redding.

TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT.
Houston, Crawford, Taylor—W. E. Steed.

TWENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.
Muscogee, Marion, Chattahoochee—Leonidas McLester.

TWENTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.
Harris, Upson, Talbot—J. H. McGhee.

TWENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.
Spalding, Butts, Fayette—Sim T. Blalock.

TWENTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT.
Jasper, Morgan, Putnam—S. Terrell Wingfield.

THIRTY-SECOND DISTRICT.
Dawson, Lumpkin, White—J. W. H. Underwood.

THIRTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.
Gwinnett, Henry, DeKalb—W. M. Morrison.

THIRTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.
Clayton, Fulton, Cobb—John E. Mozeley.

THIRTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.
Campbell, Coweta, Douglas, Meriwether—J. Render Terrell.

THIRTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.
Carroll, Troup, Heard—W. J. Davis.*

FORTY-SECOND DISTRICT.
Bartow, Chattooga, Floyd—R. T. Fouche.

FORTY-THIRD DISTRICT.
Gordon, Whitfield, Murray—C. N. King.

THIRTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT.
Harrison, Paulding, Polk—R. W. Everett.

FORTIETH DISTRICT.
Union, Towns, Rabun—Colonel W. A. Green.

THIRTY-FIRST DISTRICT.
Hart, Franklin, Habersham—J. W. Perkins.

FORTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.
Walker, Dade, Catoosa—W. E. Manns.

*Previously nominated.

### Elected to the House.

| COUNTY. | REPRESENTATIVES. |
|---|---|
| Baker | A. S. Johnson |
| Baldwin | John T. Allen |
| Bartow | M. L. Johnson |
| | K. S. Anderson |
| Bibb | Roland Ellis |
| | James H. Hall |
| | Andrew W. Lane |
| Brooks | xW. C. Wade |
| Burke | Edward A. Carter |
| | Seaborn H. Jones |
| | Emmitt B. Gresham |
| Butts | *A. H. Ogletree |
| Calhoun | J. M. Wooten |
| Catoosa | *W. H. Yates |
| Camden | Colonel D. P. Rose |
| Carroll | J. M. Moore |
| | W. F. Brown |
| Chattahoochee | T. M. Adams |
| Chattooga | *R. Y. Rudicil |
| Clarke | Alex J. Erwin, Jr |
| Clay | W. T. Greene |
| Clinch | D. C. Fender |
| Cobb | N. A. Morris |
| | George M. McElreath |
| Coweta | *Robert W. Freeman |
| | W. A. Post |
| Decatur | Byron B. Bower, Jr |
| | P. H. Herring |
| DeKalb | James R. George |
| | G. W. Mayson |
| Dooly | D. W. Harvard |
| | J. A. Tracey |
| Dougherty | W. T. Jones |
| Fayette | *A. O. Blalock |
| Floyd | John C. Foster |
| | R. A. Denny |
| | T. L. Johnson |
| Fulton | *xClarence Knowles |
| | xMorris Brandon |
| | *xJohn M. Slaton |
| Gordon | O. N. Starr |
| Habersham | Charles L. Bass |
| Hancock | R. L. Merritt |
| | *A. I. Smith |
| Harris | R. E. Fort |
| | J. T. McGhee |
| Heard | W. H. Cook |
| Henry | Paul Turner |
| Irwin | William Henderson |
| Jasper | C. Harvey Jordan |
| Jones | J. C. Barron |
| Lee | J. F. Johnson |
| McIntosh | John M. Hopkins |
| Meriwether | B. F. McLaughlin |
| | J. M. Mullins |
| Milton | *B. F. Simpson |
| Mitchell | S. S. Bennett |
| Monroe | J. F. Castleberry |
| | B. S. Willingham |
| Morgan | John T. Newton |
| Murray | W. K. Peeples |
| Muscogee | T. J. Chappell |
| | *xJohn D. Little |
| Newton | *J. M. Pace |
| Oglethorpe | xJ. D. Easterlin |
| Pierce | J. Ben Bennett |
| Pike | J. C. Beauchamp |
| Pulaski | G. W. Jordan, Jr |
| | T. J. Lee |
| Putnam | G. W. Adams |
| Rabun | *R. E. A. Hamby |
| Richmond | *R. H. Cannon |
| Stewart | M. L. Everett |
| Sumter | W. T. Lane |
| | E. C. Speer |
| Talbot | D. F. Woodall |
| Terrell | xJudge J. H. Laing |
| Thomas | Fondrem Mitchell |
| | J. F. Harris |
| Troup | J. H. Hammett |
| | W. G. Parks |
| Upson | xB. L. Tisinger |
| Washington | *W. J. Henderson |
| | T. W. Harwick |
| White | W. Fain |
| Wilkes | D. C. Hill |
| | P. D. Hardin |
| Wilkinson | *J. R. Rawls |

*Re-elected.
xPreviously nominated.


# "APENTA"

*THE BEST PURGATIVE WATER.*

Over five hundred confidential communications from eminent medical practitioners in the United States and throughout the world have been received testifying to the remarkable and unique value and efficacy of "APENTA" NATURAL MINERAL WATER, both for continuous use by the constipated, the gouty and the obese, and as an occasional laxative.

*Of all Druggists and Mineral Water Dealers.*


# THE OFFICIAL VOTE GIVEN

## Consolidated Returns of the Counties in Monday's Democratic Primary.

The official returns, as canvassed by the county committees yesterday, show that Colonel Candler has carried ninety-seven counties. This leaves forty counties to his two opponents, giving them the benefit of every doubt. Campbell, which was put in the Berner column yesterday, and Paulding and Taylor, given to Atkinson, belong in the Candler column.

These ninety-seven counties represent 260 votes in the convention—the forty counties represent 90 votes. These official returns emphasize the overwhelming character of Colonel Candler's victory. It is little short of wonderful when the circumstances surrounding the campaign are considered—and yet not to be wondered at in view of the accurate forecasts made by The Constitution.

There is, of course, no change in the general results made by the official count. Candler, Cook, Stevens and Turner are insured nomination at the hands of the convention when it assembles.

The details of the vote serve to show even more clearly than the table published in yesterday's Constitution, how these men are the choice of the people. It is worth noting that in almost every county carried by one or the other of his opponents Colonel Candler not only polled a large vote, but in most instances pressed the man who beat him very close. On the other hand, in many counties carried by Candler neither of his opponents made any sort of a showing.

Colonel Candler is the choice of an overwhelming majority of the people of the state. There is not an uncertain note to his victory. The same thing can be said of Messrs. Cook, Stevens and Turner, the other candidates who had opposition. Of the four, Judge Turner has the greatest popular majority.

The table given below is necessarily incomplete. While the consolidation of the votes was doubtless made in almost all the counties yesterday, some of the most remote have not yet been heard from, and some of those reporting made the mistake of sending in majorities instead of totals. It is not possible, therefore, to give the official majorities of the successful candidates.

| COUNTIES. | Governor. | | | Secretary of State. | | Commissi'r of Agriculture | | Prison Commissi'r | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | CANDLER. | BERNER. | ATKINSON. | COOK. | HARDIN. | STEVENS. | NESBITT. | TURNER. | RENFROE. |
| Appling | | | | | | | | | |
| Baker | | | | | | | | | |
| Baldwin | 269 | 126 | 6 | 338 | 77 | 205 | 204 | 224 | 80 |
| Banks | 553 | 66 | 26 | 238 | 314 | 504 | 74 | 362 | 158 |
| Bartow | 2020 | 96 | 299 | 1362 | 976 | 856 | 1503 | 1177 | 1148 |
| Berrien | 798 | 242 | 346 | 341 | 388 | 640 | 269 | 229 | 430 |
| Bibb | 1538 | | | | | | | | |
| Brooks | 181 | 139 | 23 | 260 | 71 | 42 | 292 | 235 | 42 |
| Bryan | 9 | | 37 | 14 | 34 | 43 | 4 | 34 | 8 |
| Bullock | 75 | 242 | 5 | 196 | 110 | 157 | 153 | 280 | 40 |
| Burke | 748 | 87 | 107 | 498 | 346 | 411 | 438 | 592 | 333 |
| Butts | | | | | | | | | |
| Calhoun | 228 | 118 | 4 | 290 | 34 | 192 | 150 | 182 | 138 |
| Camden | 115 | 9 | 230 | 174 | 128 | 153 | 149 | 246 | 56 |
| Campbell | 265 | 252 | 47 | 220 | 311 | 437 | 102 | 409 | 127 |
| Carroll | 1147 | 536 | 46 | 553 | 1106 | 1309 | 377 | 1173 | 449 |
| Catoosa | 377 | 24 | 112 | 131 | 355 | 95 | 398 | 252 | 221 |
| Charlton | | | | | | | | | |
| Chatham | 1337 | 21 | 331 | 747 | 904 | 889 | 772 | 1570 | 93 |
| Chattahoochee | 72 | 138 | 25 | 92 | 92 | 175 | 34 | 146 | 23 |
| Chattooga | 633 | 34 | 172 | 510 | 301 | 580 | 227 | 753 | 26 |
| Cherokee | 373 | 32 | 13 | 171 | 189 | 163 | 213 | 232 | 130 |
| Clarke | 779 | 60 | 402 | 698 | 343 | 391 | 786 | 773 | 367 |
| Clay | 173 | 87 | 82 | 185 | 148 | 193 | 152 | 148 | 191 |
| Clayton | 315 | 89 | 25 | 274 | 146 | 215 | 201 | 281 | 122 |
| Clinch | 160 | 43 | 550 | 229 | 308 | 107 | 511 | 638 | 22 |
| Cobb | 1232 | 84 | 324 | 1193 | 407 | 239 | 1330 | 1176 | 304 |
| Coffee | | | | | | | | | |
| Columbia | | | | | | | | | |
| Colquitt | 358 | 98 | 16 | 331 | 119 | 339 | 114 | 347 | 90 |
| Coweta | 676 | 40 | 742 | 852 | 588 | 1049 | 388 | 1226 | 191 |
| Crawford | 133 | 210 | 8 | 277 | 61 | 299 | 48 | 117 | 221 |
| Dade | 171 | 34 | 1 | 102 | 100 | 148 | 59 | 154 | 50 |
| Dawson | | | | | | | | | |
| Decatur | 565 | 465 | 30 | 673 | 360 | 416 | 635 | | |
| DeKalb | 1000 | 366 | 137 | 1151 | 330 | 604 | 797 | 1057 | 390 |
| Dodge | 243 | 4 | 153 | 237 | 143 | 312 | 74 | 284 | 98 |
| Dooly | 1191 | 237 | 366 | 899 | 445 | 954 | 534 | 643 | 626 |
| Dougherty | 277 | 50 | 68 | 386 | 6 | 248 | 144 | 355 | 31 |
| Douglass | 122 | 1 | 181 | 120 | 181 | 224 | 78 | 242 | 62 |
| Early | 123 | 8 | 4 | 181 | 21 | 3 | 177 | 185 | 12 |
| Echols | | | | | | | | | |
| Effingham | | | | | | | | | |
| Elbert | | | | | | | | | |
| Emanuel | 98 | 161 | 24 | 124 | 138 | 174 | 101 | 175 | 91 |
| Fannin | | | | | | | | | |
| Fayette | | | | | | | | | |
| Floyd | 2844 | 36 | 257 | 2716 | 299 | 676 | 2431 | 1547 | 1742 |
| Forsyth | | | | | | | | | |
| Franklin | | | | | | | | | |
| Fulton | 3044 | 189 | 428 | 2357 | 1281 | 1701 | 1914 | 1478 | 2065 |
| Gilmer | 309 | | | 259 | 11 | 252 | 24 | 231 | 37 |
| Glascock | 57 | 38 | 4 | 63 | 34 | 38 | 61 | 32 | 64 |
| Glynn | 376 | | 508 | 485 | 403 | 816 | 38 | 409 | 311 |
| Gordon | 804 | 86 | 141 | 507 | 479 | 586 | 419 | 510 | 487 |
| Greene | 307 | 16 | 8 | 210 | 121 | 153 | 182 | 192 | 130 |
| Gwinnett | 609 | 564 | 9 | 560 | 464 | 435 | 640 | 797 | 216 |
| Habersham | 1080 | 618 | 192 | 850 | 757 | 1108 | 680 | | |
| Hall | | | | | | | | | |
| Hancock | 500 | 242 | 10 | 561 | 88 | 356 | 296 | 316 | 297 |
| Haralson | 149 | 7 | 147 | 115 | 162 | 211 | 80 | 255 | 33 |
| Harris | 661 | 321 | 138 | 720 | 147 | 777 | 195 | 708 | 109 |
| Hart | | | | | | | | | |
| Heard | 299 | 157 | 9 | 173 | 274 | 355 | 97 | 399 | 47 |
| Henry | 496 | 299 | 3 | 367 | 380 | 398 | 265 | 454 | 275 |
| Houston | 508 | 250 | 21 | 498 | 291 | 618 | 147 | 506 | 241 |
| Irwin | 307 | 72 | 115 | 343 | 127 | 268 | 212 | 393 | 77 |
| Jackson | | | | | | | | | |
| Jasper | 295 | 605 | 10 | 646 | 220 | 498 | 397 | 681 | 138 |
| Jefferson | 96 | 167 | 4 | 137 | 121 | 157 | 106 | 119 | 142 |
| Johnson | 138 | 227 | 1 | 156 | 89 | 115 | 134 | 82 | 154 |
| Jones | 365 | 280 | 3 | 422 | 187 | 410 | 228 | 605 | 30 |
| Laurens | | | | | | | | | |
| Lee | 289 | 21 | 71 | 382 | 5 | 259 | 114 | 345 | 31 |
| Liberty | 82 | 3 | 125 | 115 | 90 | 114 | 93 | 171 | 24 |
| Lincoln | | | | | | | | | |
| Lowndes | 108 | 21 | 206 | 175 | 144 | 170 | 152 | 234 | 78 |
| Lumpkin | | | | | | | | | |
| Macon | 227 | 142 | 7 | 292 | 87 | 258 | 119 | 175 | 182 |
| Madison | 323 | 5 | 10 | 47 | 310 | 265 | 88 | 326 | 25 |
| Marion | | | | | | | | | |
| McDuffie | 38 | 50 | | 30 | 56 | 58 | 28 | 16 | 70 |
| McIntosh | 158 | 1 | 119 | 140 | 61 | 146 | 62 | 155 | 46 |
| Meriwether | 560 | 1233 | 53 | 1210 | 589 | 1236 | 373 | 1741 | 44 |
| Miller | | | | | | | | | |
| Milton | 261 | 171 | 1 | 329 | 27 | 65 | 339 | 123 | 201 |
| Mitchell | 324 | 360 | 6 | 373 | 292 | 329 | 339 | 628 | 41 |
| Monroe | 146 | 827 | 8 | 582 | 360 | 606 | 346 | 688 | 259 |
| Montgomery | 209 | 57 | 137 | 260 | 118 | 234 | 163 | 278 | 106 |
| Morgan | 387 | 35 | 58 | 234 | 238 | 263 | 213 | 324 | 143 |
| Murray | 444 | 11 | 694 | 297 | 633 | 661 | 302 | 403 | 394 |
| Muscogee | 884 | 24 | 222 | 208 | 894 | 798 | 295 | 321 | 768 |
| Newton | 874 | 211 | 194 | 726 | 478 | 832 | 456 | 853 | 246 |
| Oconee | 77 | 10 | 4 | 58 | 33 | 73 | 6 | 70 | 20 |
| Oglethrope | 805 | 34 | 16 | 186 | 657 | 716 | 137 | 800 | 52 |
| Paulding | 116 | 9 | 102 | 78 | 122 | 111 | 108 | 157 | 61 |
| Pickens | 275 | 11 | | 252 | 29 | 127 | 156 | 41 | 93 |
| Pierce | 65 | 188 | 172 | 233 | 117 | 259 | 130 | 427 | 27 |
| Pike | 552 | 480 | 7 | 717 | 280 | 738 | 280 | 491 | 503 |
| Polk | 313 | 8 | 81 | 295 | 98 | 339 | 59 | 307 | 84 |
| Pulaski | 902 | 161 | 255 | 644 | 608 | 1002 | 268 | 453 | 808 |
| Putman | 466 | 252 | 3 | 486 | 231 | 102 | 613 | 725 | 16 |
| Quitman | | | | | | | | | |
| Rabun | 836 | 3 | 13 | | | | | | |
| Randolph | 242 | 338 | 10 | 479 | 97 | 284 | 320 | 453 | 109 |
| Richmond | 1286 | 14 | 429 | 859 | 828 | 1045 | 692 | 1314 | 405 |
| Rockdale | 247 | 73 | 12 | 179 | 142 | 145 | 182 | 156 | 143 |
| Schley | 66 | 102 | | 150 | 13 | 109 | 54 | 150 | 131 |
| Screven | 82 | 94 | 7 | 80 | 99 | 167 | 14 | 142 | 98 |
| Spalding | 365 | 301 | 1 | 490 | 129 | 474 | 170 | 295 | 336 |
| Stewart | 460 | 623 | 7 | 792 | 166 | 239 | 852 | 729 | 196 |
| Sumter | 880 | 166 | 46 | 1064 | 20 | 514 | 568 | 1026 | 53 |
| Talbot | 404 | 165 | 172 | 458 | 163 | 536 | 120 | 435 | 118 |
| Taliaferro | 116 | 50 | 3 | 77 | 85 | 85 | 78 | 56 | 105 |
| Tattnall | 161 | 136 | 9 | 275 | 17 | 254 | 47 | 239 | 73 |
| Taylor | | | | | | | | | |
| Telfair | 266 | 13 | 225 | 427 | 66 | 266 | 237 | 300 | 187 |
| Terrell | 451 | 79 | 67 | 485 | 102 | 418 | 150 | 399 | 172 |
| Thomas | 894 | 184 | 53 | 771 | 221 | 512 | 532 | 531 | 381 |
| Towns | | | | | | | | | |
| Troup | 703 | 583 | 11 | 561 | 413 | 886 | 247 | 588 | 275 |
| Twiggs | | | | | | | | | |
| Union | | | | | | | | | |
| Upson | 196 | 221 | 15 | 273 | 126 | 296 | 100 | 233 | 140 |
| Walker | 502 | 4 | 20 | 278 | 217 | 116 | 388 | 378 | 130 |
| Walton | 408 | 161 | 31 | 438 | 220 | 344 | 321 | 491 | 183 |
| Ware | 69 | 6 | 315 | 321 | 50 | 303 | 79 | 328 | 46 |
| Warren | 126 | 19 | 2 | 69 | 76 | 23 | 115 | 132 | 13 |
| Washington | 398 | 533 | 25 | 539 | 362 | 453 | 475 | 170 | 756 |
| Wayne | 36 | 3 | 88 | 25 | 94 | 57 | 65 | 108 | 12 |
| Webster | 72 | 50 | 2 | 85 | 48 | 83 | 44 | 88 | 32 |
| White | | | | | | | | | |
| Whitfield | 479 | 9 | 189 | 223 | 353 | 350 | 253 | 206 | 401 |
| Wilcox | 255 | 2 | 200 | 170 | 284 | 182 | 274 | 418 | 31 |
| Wilkes | 683 | 48 | 71 | 460 | 337 | 205 | 591 | 668 | 102 |
| Wilkinson | 97 | 21 | 61 | 137 | 41 | 78 | 97 | 126 | 51 |
| Worth | 269 | 19 | 217 | 417 | 14 | 356 | 141 | 395 | 94 |


# Could Do No Work

**Strength and Health Were Gone and Eyesight Failed.**

**America's Greatest Medicine Accomplishes a Complete Cure.**

Inexpressible gratitude is a feature of the testimonials written in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla. The following is a sample:

"I was completely worn out and almost prostrated. I could do no work at all, and I had no appetite and no strength. My eyesight was also affected, and I came near losing the sight of one of my eyes entirely. I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and my health, strength and appetite were restored and my eyesight was wonderfully improved. I feel so thankful for the benefit I have derived from Hood's Sarsaparilla that I recommend it in the strongest terms whenever I have an opportunity. I believe it is superior to all others." H. T. Avery, Lovejoy, Ga.

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**

Is America's Greatest Medicine. Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Get only Hood's.

**Hood's Pills** are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.


## RECEIVING CONGRATULATIONS.

### Many Telegrams Were Received by Colonel Candler from Friends.

Congratulations poured in upon Colonel Candler until late Monday night and yesterday they kept coming by wire. He had a stack of telegrams at the Candler Club yesterday and if he gets them answered before the campaign opens he will be doing very well.

Among the messages received were the following:

"Albany, Ga., June 7.—Hon. A. D. Candler, Atlanta: Dougherty has done today what I told you three monthe ago she would do; 395 votes cast, you get 277. I congratulate you on result in the state.

"H. M. M'INTOSH."

"Athens, Ga., June 7.—Governor A. D. Candler, Kimball House, Atlanta: The 'horse jockey and peanut vender' carried Clark by 400 majority; congratulations.

"W. A. JESTER."

"Athens, Ga., June 7.—Hon. A. D. Candler: Clark congraulates and tenders a bouquet of ballots containing 500 majority for her first love. W. B. BURNETT."

"Grays, Ga., June 7.—Hon E. T. Brown, Kimball House: Jones goes for Candler. Amen! JOHN J. ROBERTS."

"McDonough, Ga., June 7.—Hon E. T. Brown, Kimball House, Atlanta: Candler will carry Henry County; a grand victory for pure politics. J. P. OGLESBY."

"Oglethorpe, Ga., June 7.—Hon. E. T. Brown, Candler Headquarters: Congratulations to Governor Candler. Macon county gives him 100 majority. Kindly give me news of election tonight.

"FRANK C. KEENE."

"Fitzgerald, Ga., June 7.—Governor Allen D. Candler, Atlanta: Accept heartiest congratulations; Irwin has gone solid.

"G. J. KNAPP."

"Augusta, Ga., June 7.—Allen D. Candler, Atlanta, Ga.: Richmond 818 majority for you; congratulations. J. B. KEENER.
"ED COLLINS.
"W. C. BOYKIN."

"Ellijay, Ga., June 7.—Hon A. D. Candler, Atlanta: You get every vote polled in Gilmer. W. A. COX."

"Doraville, Ga., June 7.—Governor A. D. Candler, Atlanta: Only one vote at our precinct against you. I think our county returns show like ratio. We congratulate you and Georgia. DUDLEY M. HUGHES."

"Abbeville, Ga., June 7.—A. D. Candler, Atlanta: Accept our congratulations; from all reports you have Wilcox.

"J. B. MAYNARD.
"MAX E. LOUD."

"Gainesville, Ga., June 7.—Governor Allen D Candler, Atlanta, Ga.: Hall honors herself in honoring you; everything gone for you almost unanimously; accept hearty congratulations. J. B. ESTES.
"J. C. BOONE.
"S. C. DINKINS."

"Fitzgerald, Ga., June 6.—Hon. E. T. Brown, Kimball House, Atlanta: Irwin county gracefully slides into the Candler column. WILLIAM B. MOORE."

"Augusta, Ga., June 6.—Colonel Allen D. Candler, Atlanta: I send you my hearty congratulations. Richmond gives you a large majority. PATRICK WALSH."

"Augusta, Ga. June 6.—Hon. Allen D. Candler, Atlanta: Richmond overwhelmingly yours; congratulations.

"D. G. FOGARTY."

"Savannah, Ga., June 6.—Hon. A. D. Candler, Atlanta: Congratulations. Chatham goes by good, safe majority for you.

"THOMAS J. SHEFTALL."

"Covington, Ga., June 6.—Hon. Allen D. Candler, Atlanta: Newton stands true and loyal to confederate veterans. It is yours.

"J. G. LESTER."

"Athens, Ga., June 6.—Allen D. Candler: I congratulate you on your brilliant victory. Clarke gives 600 majority.

"L. J. TRIBBLE."

"Athens, Ga., June 6.—A. D. Candler, Atlanta, Ga.: Congratulations; the spirit of '82 is alive in the land; old Clarke gives you 500 majority. GOODLAW YANCEY."

"Athens, Ga, June 6.—A. D. Candler, Atlanta: Heartiest congratulations; Clarke gives you handsome majority.

"S. D. BRADWELL.
"D. D. QUILLIAN."

"Cartersville, Ga., June 6.—Hon. A. D. Candler, Atlanta, Ga.: Thank God the people lead; Candler has triumphed.

"A. M. FOUTE."

"Brunswick, Ga., June 6.—E. T. Brown, Atlanta: Accept hearty congratulations; Glynn is in line with Fulton, Chatham, Richmond and Bibb. A. J. CROVATT."

"Macon, Ga., June 7.—Hon. A. D. Candler, Atlanta, Ga.: Faculty and students of Mercer university congratulate the state on your nomination to be its chief executive, and congratulate you as a Mercer alumnus on your splendid victory.

"P. D. POLLOCK, President."

"Lincoln, Ala., June 7.—Colonel A. D. Candler, Atlanta, Ga.: Georgians of Alabama send hearty congratulations. Hurrah for Candler and true democracy!

"J. C. WILSON."

## THEY ARE HAPPY OVER RESULT.

### Georgia Delegation in Washington Receive News of Election.

Washington, June 7.—(Special.)—There is great rejoicing among the members of the Georgia delegation over the result of yesterday's election at home. The renomination of the entire delegation is a compliment to the sitting members and the further mark of confidence and esteem on the part of their respective constituencies will inspire the delegation to greater efforts in behalf of the state.

Several of the delegation are serving their first term in congress and they will be more valuable to the people they represent with increased experience in Washington ways. Individually the members of the delegation are pleased beyond expression and they will endeavor by their future actions to merit the confidence imposed in them.

# MAY SEND A FLEET ACROSS THE OCEAN

## Officials Determined To Push the War with Great Vigor.

## CADIZ MAY BE ATTACKED

### Long, Hot Summer Months Will Not Affect the Army and Navy.

## NO MORE IDLE DAYS TO BE KNOWN

### Capture of Cuba and Porto Rico May Be Followed by a Search for Camara's Reserve Squadron.

Washington, June 7.—The Spanish forces in Cuba may have found it comfortable or consistent with the policy of prolonging the war to drop war when summer came on, and they may be inclined to continue their old habit, but if they expect to do so, the administration will create a very different impression before the summer is over.

After a brief experience of summer camping, with the men hoping for active operations, only to linger unoccupied in hot camps, worried by false reports of activities soon to come, they are convinced there will be less danger to troops with occupation, even though it be in Cuba or Porto Rico, than there would be in camps remote from the scene of war and in mere schools for drilling.

It has come to be the opinion of medical men of some experience that the army will be quite as well off during the summer where they can reach the enemy and keep them from going to sleep frequently as they would be frying on the sands of Tampa bay, or wasting away with ennui in the other camps of concentration.

The determination to make the campaign on land and sea an active one from the beginning to the end is being carried out as well as possible. There are some drawbacks, among them being the sluggish response of some of the bureaus of the war department. Some of the old men in the quartermaster general's office, the commissary general's department and in other branches have been running business as it has been run for thirty years, insisting that the red tape that answered well enough in time of peace must be made to work in time of war. Under vigorous direction this red tape could be dispensed with or stretched to answer, but that vigor can never be developed on subordinates while there is a lack of it at the head. No one knows this better than the president, and he ought to be able to find it out if he does not know it now, and also to find a remedy for it.

All plans for the occupation of Porto Rico are kept very secret in the war department. Just who has made them is not ascertained, but the assumption is that the best suggestions have been made by the careful mind of General Schofield, General Miles being occupied very fully with the direction of the routine business, and only having time to consider plans with the purpose of carrying them out. When it comes to the details of business at Porto Rico, Santiago or in the Philippines, it is understood that the president will insist that the officer in command of the expedition, be he Merritt, Shafter or Miles himself, shall be permitted to work out each for himself as completely as may be, with co-operation with the navy, his own plan of campaign.

Hot as it is in Santiago, considered one of the hottest summer towns in Cuba, it is not hotter for the Spaniards that it will be for the United States army and navy, and the forces of the United States, as it appears to the administration, will be much better off in the matter of clothes, food and discipline than the Spanish army. At all events it is war, and not a matter for pleasure, that the country is embarked in, and some men are sure to lose their lives on the field or in hospital as the result of the war. The administration does not decide to prolong it, even if contractors for the army take the other and heartless view that a war now and then is a good thing, particularly for contractors.

These are some of the ideas that are being discussed by the administration at the beginning of June, with the hottest weather of the year coming on. It is the opinion of some of the president's advisers that the war can be terminated before winter if the summer is employed to good advantage. Movements upon Porto Rico and Santiago, followed by successes and probably by a season of camping on acquired territory that it not unhealthful even for northern men will maintain the spirits of the troops not yet ready but preparing to be ready by and by.

## REPUBLICAN GAINS IN OREGON.

### Legislature Has Gone Overwhelmingly Republican and Geer Is Elected.

Portland, Ore., June 7.—Returns from the election show large republican gains in every county of the state over the vote of 1896. Partial returns from twenty-five out of the thirty-two counties of the state show that Geer, republican nominee for governor, will have about 10,900 plurality. Moody, republican nominee for congress in the second district, will have a plurality approaching 5,000. Tongue, republican, is reelected to congress from the first district by more than 2,000 plurality.

The legislature is overwhelmingly republican, being made up as follows:

Senate—Republicans, 23; opposition, 7.

House—Republicans, 44; opposition, 16.

The figures may be slightly changed by later returns. In the city of Portland about one quarter of the total vote has been counted and shows the following results on the governor: Gear, republican, 2,280; King, fusion, 1,101; Mason, republican. is elected mayor of Portland by 1,500 plurality.

**STRICTURE**

Causes obstruction to the flow of urine, partial closing of the passage, prostatic irritation and enlargement, bearing down and scalding of urine and loss of power.

**A SOLVENT FOUND** that cures quickly and permanently and does away with the Surgeon's Knife and dilating instruments. Sufferers from *Stricture, Enlargement of Prostate Gland, Inflammation and Chronic Mucous Discharges*, by this new scientific method can be radically

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Write at once to the *Empire Medical Co., 218 Smith Building, Boston, Mass.*, for their free book called *"Solvent-Alterans."* It tells what the remedy is made of, and how and why it must cure. If afflicted, it will pay you to investigate.

## WANT HOBSON AS CAPTAIN.

### Movement To Induce the Government To Promote the Hero.

Montgomery, Ala., June 7.—(Special.)—A diligent campaign has been set on foot in Alabama looking to the promotion of Dick Hobson to the position of captain commanding the new battleship Alabama. The press of Alabama has joined Hobson's friends in the campaign in his behalf and it is believed that the newspapers and the public throughout the south will join in the recommendation from Hobson's friends. In Greensboro it is learned that he has for some time desired to get out of the construction bureau and into the line of active duty. The announcement by the press that the officials are disposed to be governed in his promotion largely by his preference encourages the belief that he may be given command of the magnificent battleship which is named in honor of his native state.

### Relief Not Necessary.

Last night an appeal was sent out from Mobile by some friends of Lieutenant R. P. Hobson, appealing to the country for subscriptions to a fund to relieve the home of his parents from a mortgage. It appears that this step was without consultation and against the wishes of the family. Tonight The Montgomery Advertiser is in receipt of a card from Hon. Ed M. Graffenreid, of Greensboro, attorney of Judge Hobson, in which he says of the Mobile undertaking:

"This is well meant, but is unnecessary. As Judge and Mrs. Hobson's attorney I tendered more than a month ago to the building and loan association which has the mortgage more money than Judge Hobson or I believe to be due thereon. The association refused to accept the money tendered, and I then notified its attorney that I would carry the matter into the courts. I am now preparing a bill in chancery to have the court to determine the amount really due. I have the money in my possession to pay the debt and no aid of any sort is needed or could possibly be accepted. This telegram is sent at the request of Judge James M. Hobson, and you will please publish it."

This card should put an end to the movement and is very gratifying to all of Lieutenant Hobson's friends here.

### Officers Leave Mobile.

Mobile, Ala., June 7.—The officers of the Fourth army corps have been ordered to Tampa. Major General Coppinger, the head of the corps, is already there. The division here will be left under the command of Brigadier General Lloyd Wheaton. It is said that Brigadier Generals W. C. Oates, of Alabama, and W. W. Gordon, of Georgia, will come here to command the two brigades. In the volunteer camp the Second regiment lacks thirty men of the quota of the eighty-six men to the company. The Pelham Guards, company K, were mustered in today. The health of the men is excellent.

## NO TICKET WAS NAMED.

### Alabama Republicans Leave Their Men Free To Act.

Montgomery, Ala., June 7.—The republican state convention tonight resolved not to place a ticket in the field, leaving members of that party free to act as they see fit in the state election; indorsed President McKinley and National Committeeman Youngblood, and passed a resolution requesting the president to appoint Lieutenant Hobson captain of the Alabama, now being built; and expressed admiration for Admiral Dewey's victory at Manila; opposed a constitutional convention and advised republicans to do all in their power to defeat the present governor for re-election.

After adjournment, those in favor of putting out a full state ticket had a convention of their own. They appointed a committee to call a mass convention to meet in Birmingham within ten days to nominate candidates to be voted for in August.

## PENSACOLA TO HAVE TROOPS.

### That Point Selected for the Mobilization of Volunteers.

Montgomery, Ala., June 7.—(Special.)—A contract has been entered into between the Louisville and Nashville railroad and the United States government by which troops will hereafter be mobilized at Pensacola, Fla., rather than at Tampa. Those at Tampa will remain there until sent to the front, but Pensacola is to get all that are sent to the gulf coast after this time. The change was made for several reasons, one of them being the alleged scarcity of wholesome water at Tampa.

The first installment of troops for Pensacola, a large body of naval reserves, will pass through Montgomery on next Thursday.

The Louisville and Nashville, in anticipation of making this contract, has had laid six miles of water pipe to the camp grounds and will be able to supply an abundant quantity of the purest of water.

## IRISHMEN RENEW THE RIOTING.

### Police Are Driven Away, but Re-enforced, They Return.

Belfast, June 7.—Tonight there was a renewal of the rioting that began yesterday during the demonstrations in honor of the revolution of 1798 and the anniversary of June 6, 1886, when seven civilians were shot on Shamk Hill road by the constabulary.

The nationalists attacked a body of Orangemen who were leaving their work, and there was a veritable hurricane of scrap iron and other missiles. The police at first were overpowered, but having been re-enforced, they cleared the streets with a free use of their clubs. The military has been ordered out and it is feared that there will be a renewal of the disturbances.

## STICKS TO REDUCED FARES.

### Governor Russell's Complaints to the Railway Commission.

Raleigh, N. C., June 7.—(Special.)—Today Governor Russell's complaints were filed with the railway commission in regard to the reduction of passenger fares to 2½ cents first-class and 2 cents second-class per mile. This matter comes up tomorrow. There are three complaints, these being against the North Carolina, Wilmington and Weldon and the Raleigh and Gaston railways. The complaints say that the roads thus selected for test cases are entirely within the state, are in its most populous and productive counties, enjoy the largest domestic or local travel and have the largest income in proportion to their value. It says as to the Raleigh and Gaston, for example, that with a valuation for taxation of $1,362,453 its net profit from operating expenses was $206,397, or 13 per cent, and was over 13 per cent on capital stock. The governor further says the reduction in rate affects only the local passenger fares and will amount to 23 per cent of the local passenger receipts. He contends that the abolition of free passes in North Carolina will add largely to the revenue of the railways and he further contends that reduction of fares has always been followed by increased travel generally more than counterbalancing the loss caused by the reduction.

### Killed While Coupling Cars.

Gibson, Ga., June 7.—(Special.)—This afternoon at 4 o'clock, at Chalker station, twelve miles above here, John Ferry, an employee of the South Carolina and Georgia railroad, while coupling cars was instantly killed. The remains were immediately prepared for interment and sent to Branchville, S. C., the home of his parents.

### Several Fights at Fairburn.

Fairburn, Ga., June 7.—(Special.)—There were several free-for-all fights at the various polling places in Fayette county yesterday attributable equally to differences in politics and moonshine liquor. Beauregard Russell was shot in the head by some one in a general fight; Drew McElwany was severely stabbed about the head and face, while there were several minor engagements with no serious casualties.

# GEORGIANS STAND BY EACH OTHER

## Tampa Policeman Arrests a Drunken Negro Soldier.

## OFFICER WAS A GEORGIAN

### Negro's Comrades Rescued the Prisoner and Then Fun Began.

## GEORGIA REGIMENT TO OFFICERS' AID

### Hard Work To Prevent a Battle in Which the Negroes Would Have Been Worsted.

Tampa, Fla., June 7.—(Special.)—In the military hosts which are encamped in this vicinity none are more loyal to state comrades than the Georgians. To attack one of them would be similar to stirring up a beehive. An instance of this spirit came to the surface a few days ago, when Captain J. S. Jones, of the local police force, became involved in a difficulty with some of the colored troops.

Captain Jones is a thoroughbred Georgian and by no means conceals his pride in being a son of the good old state. For years he has been connected with the police force and has a record for fearlessness and sobriety. While out in Ybor City a few days since his attention was called to an obstreperous colored soldier. He followed the intoxicated negro and soon had good grounds to arrest him. He had to use physical force before the unruly negro realized that he was resisting the wrong man. Jones reached the police telegraph and sent in a call for the patrol wagon.

The uniformed negro in the clutches of one of the city's guardians soon attracted other negro soldiers and before the patrol arrived a full hundred or more of them had gathered about the officer and prisoner. The indications were threatening and soon the storm burst. Some one of the blacks made a move toward the officer, who was soon overpowered and the prisoner released.

The news of this affair drifted into the Georgia camp some time later and nearly all of the regiment volunteered for police duty. In fact, it was with difficulty that some of them were dissuaded from an attempt at annihilating the negro troops. Captain Jones personally urged his most immediate friends to desist.

### Mixed with Michiganders.

This little episode recalls another which put the Georgians on their mettle. It is a frequent occurrence for detachments from the different regiments to meet when out of the jurisdiction of their camps. It was thus that a few of the Georgians and Michiganders met.

The latter in a spirit of mischief began singing "Marching Through Georgia." This made the home boys wince a little, but they apparently paid no attention to it. While all of them appeared to be perfectly cool, they were really "hot in the collar," for they felt that the song was intended for their especial benefit.

The Michigan boys, becoming more bold, waded directly into trouble when they struck up "Hang Jeff Davis on a Sour Apple Tree." The discretionary powers of the Georgians were thrown to the winds and they sailed in with their bare knucks. The scrimmage was of short duration and no serious damage was done, but the songsters realized that they had stirred a hornet's nest.

Late yesterday afternoon the pay wagon invaded the Georgia camp. The engagement was decidedly interesting and resulted in the final withdrawal of the invading forces. The loss, while quite heavy, is not definitely known, as the officials are reticent about the matter.

The order of bathing has developed a "Paddy" like command, but a very agreeable one. The boys are marched to the beach, only a short distance away, in companies. When they reach the shore they are halted and the captain, in his most serious tones, commands them to "fall out and fall in." Like a flash a decorum of the soldier is abandoned for boyish pranks and all hands "fall in" in schoolboy style.

## CONSIDER CONFERENCE REPORT.

### House Takes Up Senate Amendments to Sundry Civil Bill.

Washington, June 7.—After disposing of the urgent war deficiency bill as passed with amendments by the senate the house today considered the conference report upon the sundry civil bill. The report, so far as it embodied agreements, was adopted, and the house then began voting severally upon the senate amendments upon which no agreement had been reached in conference. Of these there are forty-five. The house considered today eight of these, acting favorably upon three and rejecting the remainder. Consideration will continue tomorrow.

The house adjourned pending disposition of a measure to enable volunteer soldiers to vote at congressional elections during the war. It involved constitutional questions and by unanimous consent it will be taken up tomorrow following the sundry civil conference report.

## LEGISLATING FOR THE INDIANS.

### Senate Gives Three Hours To Discussion of Territory Matters.

Washington, June 7.—Almost immediately after the senate convened today consideration was resumed of the bill for the protection of the people of the Indian Territory. After the reading and discussion of the measure, which occupied nearly three hours, it was passed.

It provides for the allotment in severalty of certain lands to the Indians of the territory, the payment of interest claims to the Chickasaw Indians and the ratification of the agreement effected with the Indians by the Dawes commission.

The senate concurred in amendments made by the house to the war and navy urgency deficiency bill passed yesterday. The discussion of the census bill precipitated a civil service debate which has not been concluded when the senate adjourned.

At 5:05 p. m. the senate adjourned.

### Lucy Cobb Commencement.

Athens, Ga., June 7.—(Special.)—Lucy Cobb commencement closed tonight after a number of brilliant entertainments.

The musical entertainments have been of rare excellence and have reflected great credit upon Misses Tyler and Keipp, who have charge of the vocal and instrumental music departments respectively.

The oratorical work of the young ladies under the supervision of Miss Nash has been up to the highest standard of excellence.

Great disappointment was felt over the inability of Governor Bob Taylor to be present and deliver his address at Lucy Cobb and consequently the commencement exercises came to a close one day earlier than was intended.

Mrs. W. A. Lipscomb, the efficient principal of Lucy Cobb, has received the hearty congratulations of the patrons of the institute upon the magnificent work done there.

## SALE OF EAGLE AND PHENIX.

### Joel Hurt Made the Bid for the Committee of Bondholders.

Columbus, Ga., June 7.—(Special.)—The Eagle and Phenix mills were sold at noon today pursuant to the decree of the federal court to satisfy the first mortgage bondholders and the claims of the savings bank depositors. The property was bid in by the bondholders, who subsequently organized in the Eagle and Phenix mills, which will continue to operate the plant.

The sale was conducted by Captain J. W. Murphy, master commissioner, in front of the offices of the mills and in the presence of a large crowd of interested spectators.

The bondholders' committee bought the mills for the total sum of $503,476. Mr. Joel Hurt, of Atlanta, made the bid in behalf of the committee, which consisted of Joel Hurt, Paul Romare, George P. Harrison, Joseph King, James U. Jackson, Henry Buist and John G. Pugh. The committee bid "as a committee for the first mortgage bondholders of the Eagle and Phenix Manufacturing Company and as purchasers for themselves as a committee as a whole and jointly, not severally, and for their survivor or survivors and their successors and assigns as such committee." The bid of the committee was the only one made.

The sale was more of a formality than anything else, it having been understood for some time that the bondholders would be the purchasers. The new owners of the property met this afternoon at the office of Goetchius & Chappell and organized into the Eagle and Phenix mills. By-laws were adopted and a charter accepted. The following directors were elected: Joel Hurt, Paul Romare, George P. Harrison, Joseph King, James U. Jackson, Henry Buist, John G. Pugh, George W. Woodruff and G. Gunby Jordan. The directors subsequently met and elected the following officers: President, G. Gunby Jordan; temporary secretary and treasurer, James U. Jackson; counsel, Goetchius & Chappell.

## PROTEST OF THE DEFEATED,

### Which Was Promptly Laid on the Table.

Macon, Ga., June 7.—(Special.)—At the meeting of the executive committee Buford M. Davis, one of the committee and a Bernie supporter, presented the following protests, which were read and laid on the table without a dissenting voice:

"Now comes B. M. Davis, a member of the executive committee of Bibb county, and protests against any declaration of the results as to the election of T. J. Carling, T. J. Ware, Sam Mayer, A. L. Miller and W. D. Nottingham and A. N. Kendrick as delegates to the state convention and other persons as their alternates on the following grounds:

"Said persons were voted for directly in violation of the call for said election by the state democratic executive committee in that they were voted for directly by the direction of the county democratic executive committee and no other votes were allowed to be cast directly for governor and statehouse officers.

"2. Because they are not selected in harmony with the directions specified in the call made by the state democratic executive committee.

"3. Because certain and all votes cast direct for governor and statehouse officers in the primary election in said county were not counted June 7, 1898. B. M. DAVIS."

"Now comes B. M. Davis, of the democratic executive committee of Bibb county, and protests against the returns from the election held at the courthouse in Bibb county on June 6th on the ground that said return is not a true and correct return in that in said return no return whatever is made for any votes cast for governor and other statehouse officers, when in fact there were votes at said election cast for governor and statehouse officers. And demand is hereby made for a recount of these ballots at said election and of said precinct, and a return thereof, showing how many were cast for governor and statehouse officers and for whom so cast.

"Protest is likewise made to return made of election held at Findlay's precinct for the same reasons, and demand is likewise made hereby for recount of said votes and ballots and return showing for whom said votes were cast and how many votes were so cast direct."

### Soldiers Like Their Leader.

San Francisco, June 7.—The men who will compose the second Manila expedition are pleased that Brigadier General Green is to their commander. Besides being a splendid soldier, he has a record as a diplomat and manager of business enterprises. He has been decorated in Europe for bravery, is an author of repute and an active member of several scientific societies.

### All Disabilities Are Removed.

Washington, June 7.—The bill for the removal of all political disabilities arising from the civil war is now a law, President McKinley having formally approved it. Representative Jenkins, of Wisconsin, is its author. The law declares that the disabilities imposed by section 3, fourteenth amendment of the constitution, heretofore incurred, are hereby removed.

### Primary in New York.

New York, June 7.—The first primary elections under the provisions of the new law were held in Greater New York today. The polls were closed at 10 o'clock tonight. The vote was comparatively light. In half the districts of New York county the Platt and anti-Platt republicans opposed each other with straight sectional tickets. Owing to the late hour of closing the polls, the results of the republican contest will not be known tonight.

### Thorn's Conviction Affirmed.

Saratoga, N. Y., June 7.—The court of appeals today affirmed the conviction of murder in the first degree in the case of Martin Thorn, whom the Queens county criminal court found guilty of the murder of William Guldensuppe, a bath rubber, in Woodside, Long Island, in July last.

### A. E. S. A. To Meet Today.

The Atlanta Equal Suffrage Association will hold its regular meeting in the reading room of the Church of Our Father, corner of Church and Forsyth streets, this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

### Serious Loss to Spain.

London, June 8.—The wounding or death of Colonel Ordonez means a serious loss to Spain, Ordonez being or having been her artillery expert with a European reputation and the designer of the ordnance bearing his name.

### Engineer Killed.

Marietta, O., June 7.—On the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, six miles east of Parkersbug, at 3 a. m., a freight train was derailed and a passenger train ran into it. John Henry, engineer, was killed, and seven persons were seriously wounded.

### Pennsylvania Republicans Nominate.

Pittsburg, Pa., June 7.—The twenty-second congressional district republican convention met here today and renominated John Dalzell. In the twenty-third district William H. Graham was nominated to succeed William A. Stone, recently nominated for governor of Pennsylvania.

### Jones Notifies Harrity.

Philadelphia, June 7.—William F. Harrity today received official notice from Chairman James K. Jones that a majority of the democratic national committee having voted in favor of recognizing James M. Guffey as the Pennsylvania member of the committee, that Mr. Guffey's name will be placed on the roll of the committee.

# REGIMENTS MUST HAVE FULL QUOTA

## Volunteer Companies To Be Recruited to 106 Men Each.

## THE WORK TO BEGIN AT ONCE

### Few of Commands Have the Requisite Number Enrolled Now.

## OME HAVE NOT MORE THAN HALF

### Brigade Organizations Will Now Draw Rations for Five Day Periods, Except Fresh Meats and Bread.

Chickamauga National Park, Ga., June 7.—Regimental open drills and brigade inspections occupied the volunteer army today, and there was nothing of any special public interest. The commanding officers of the various commands are highly pleased with the general excellence the soldiers are attaining and they state that the preparation of the men for the field is going forward as satisfactorily as could be expected or hoped. Inspector General Slocum arrived today and will proceed with regimental inspections daily.

General Brooke issued his formal printed order today to the various regiments to recruit their companies to the required number of 106 men, and the details have already been made out in nearly every regiment. The number of men required by this order will be in the neighborhood of 15,000 of the volunteers under the second call of the president. Very few of the regiments here have more than 1,000 men and many have not more than 800. The Pennsylvania and Ohio regiments will require nearly double their present enrollment, no regiment from either of these states having more than 800 men and a number not more than 600 or 700. General Brooke's order states "that arrangements will be made through chief quartermaster of the department within the geographical limits of which the recruiting is being done for renting, when necessary, under emergency agreements, suitable quarters for temporary recruiting stations and the furnishing of supplies therefor. Arrangements will be also made for subsistence of recruiting parties and recruits. Recruits will be sent under charge of the most reliable of their number to their several regiments in small squads without uniform, arms or equipment."

### Draw Rations for Five Days.

A general order was also issued today requiring brigade organizations to draw rations in periods of five days and notifying quartermasters and commissaries to make requisitions therefor promptly at stated periods, so that if the men do not secure their proper quota of food, it will be the fault of their own officers. Bread and beef will be issued daily, all other supplies except fresh vegetables to be drawn for five days.

So very unsatisfactory is the mail facilities here that the government has been appealed to for relief. As it is altogether probable that there will be a considerable army here until late in the fall, the postoffice inspector in charge of this division has recommended that a building be erected for the reception and distribution of mails. As it is, it requires two mail cars always on the siding and great complaint is registered daily because of the delay in the receipt of mail matter and it is stated that the department has favorably considered the recommendation of the inspector, and will shortly issue orders for the erection of suitable buildings.

The First South Carolina infantry, twelve companies, 1,004 men, arrived today in four sections of twelve cars each, from Camp Ellerbe. The regiment is in command of Colonel Joseph K. Alston, Lieutenant Colonel J. H. Tillman, Majors J. E. Stokes and J. H. Earle and Adjutant Lieutenant John D. Frost. The regiment was provided with tents and blankets, is totally unarmed and only about one-fourth of the men were uniformed. The regiment was assigned to the Third brigade of the First division, Third corps, General Grant division commander.

### Governor Will Inspect Troops.

General Brooke received notice today that Governor Hastings, of Pennsylvania, and a portion of his staff would arrive Saturday, remaining here three days for the purpose of inspecting and reviewing the Pennsylvania regiments in camp.

Governor Bradley and staff, of Kentucky, arrived here tonight and tomorrow will review the First and Second regiments now here. The Third Kentucky, which has been ordered here, it is stated tonight, will arrive tomorrow afternoon.

Steps were taken today to perfect the hospital department of the Third army corps now being organized here. The senior medical officer of each regiment has been directed to submit to the regimental commander the names of thirty suitable men from each regiment for transfer to the hospital corps.

The first man of the volunteer army at this point to be severely disciplined will be William F. Huts, company E, First Missouri, who was tried and convicted of the theft of a watch. The case was reviewed today by General Grant and the young man was sentenced to two months in the guard house and to be dishonorably discharged.

Six Hotchkiss field guns arrived today and were turned over to battery B, of the First Pennsylvania artillery.

Captain Van Buren Knott, surgeon of the Fifty-second Iowa, tonight received $1,300 sick benefit fund for the regiment subscribed by the citizens of Sioux City.

Brigadier General Wilson, of Pennsylvania, recently assigned to General Brooke's army, arrived tonight and will take charge of a brigade in the First corps tomorrow.

Major L. D. Thomas, formerly on General Wilson's staff, left tonight, in accordance with orders, and will report to General Swan, at Mobile.

### Invite Bids for New Bonds.

Washington, June 7.— Preparations are substantially complete at the treasury department to invite offers for the bonds for carrying on the Spanish war as soon as the bonds are authorized by congress.

Envelopes have already been prepared, addressed to every national bank, to the postmaster at every money order office and to the representatives of certain express companies who have offered to aid in the placing of the loan. Thirty days will probably be given for receiving bids before the loan is alloted.

### Columbia Ready for Sea.

New York, June 7.—The United States cruiser Columbia, which has been in dry dock at the navy yard since Decoration Day, was floated today. The cruiser is as sound and well protected as when she was first put into commission. The Columbia will probably resume active service before the end of the week.

**FREE BOOK TO WEAK MEN**



sent sealed, by mail, tells of my famous ELECTRIC BELTS, a sure cure for results of youthful errors, drains, impotency, varicocele, etc. 5,000 cures in 1897. Write to-day.

**Dr. T. A. Sanden, 826 Broadway, New York**

**FINE Summer Shoes FOR ALL!**

**R. C. BLACK**

**Sign Brass Tracks---35 Whitehall St.**

The well-known caterer, Mr. R. G. Thompson, has opened a modern, novel Cafe, on top floor "Farlinger Apartment Building." His rooms are the most beautifully situated in the city. This Cafe will be a great convenience to families of Peachtree street and vicinity. The building is new with a modern electric elevator. Now open for guests.

## SOME RECENT INVENTIONS.

Dishes can be quickly washed and rinsed by a new apparatus which has racks to hold the dishes in a revolving pan, which has a perforated bottom to drain the water into a pump cylinder, when it is forced to the top of the cover and discharged against the dishes repeatedly.

A Tennessee woman has patented a thread holder and cutter for spools, consisting of a clamping band to engage the end flange of the spool, provided with a flat spring on its outer face, with a cutting blade at one end, the end of the thread being held under the spring to prevent it from unwinding.

Dirt can be eradicated and handled easily by a newly patented machine, which is mounted on rails, an overhead track being provided on which a carriage supports a series of pulleys, over which the ropes run. The buckets are hoisted up to the carriage and locked, when the carriage is drawn over the track to any desired point for dumping.

Carpets can be cleaned without removing them from the floor by a new machine which has metal strips set inside a casing to beat the carpet as the cleaner runs over the floor, a fan being mounted in the top of the casing to draw the dust into a water compartment which has an air passage covered by a moistened screen to retain the dust particles.

Bicycle riding can be learned alone without the danger of falling by using a new English trainer, which has a pair of rollers set in a frame to support the bicycle wheels and revolve as the pedals are turned, a pair of rods preventing the wheel from overturning and yet leaving enough play to enable the rider to balance himself as he learns.

The free edges of newspapers are sealed, to prevent resale of reading without buying, by a new machine which has a paste receptacle, which feeds onto a roller mounted on levers in such a manner that it is brought in contact with one edge of a partially folded paper, after which the last fold is made and the edges are pressed together.

A European inventor has designed a steam candy kettle which is hung on a pivoted shaft with a lever to rock it back and forth, a coil of pipe being placed around the kettle and connected with a steam pipe by a universal joint. A covering of asbestos surrounds the steam pipes to force the heat in toward the kettle.

### Her Friends Confident of Acquittal.

Wheeling, W. Va., June 7.—The case of J. P. Owens, indicted jointly with Mrs. Atkinson, wife of Governor Atkinson, on the charge of complicity in alleged forgery, went to the jury this evening. A verdict of not guilty was returned. A demurrer was entered to the second indictment against Mrs. Atkinson and argument has begun. Her friends are confident of her acquittal since the Owens verdict.

### Kills His Wife and Himself.

Hot Springs, Ark., June 7.—J. Etting, a prominent business man, this morning cut his wife's throat with a razor and then committed suicide with the same weapon. Business trouble is believed to have caused Etting to become temporarily insane. The couple formerly resided at Wabash, Minn., where they are well connected.

### Rural Free Delivery.

Washington, June 7.—The conference on the postoffice appropriation bill as reported to the senate today and agreed to by that body, carries a provision for the appropriation of $150,000 for rural free delivery. This is a compromise, the house having appropriated $300,000 and the senate having refused to make any appropriation.

### A New York Bank Fails.

Washington, June 7.—The comptroller of the currency has received a telegram announcing the failure of the Delaware National bank at Delhi, N. Y. In its last report the bank had individual deposits amounting to $298,979, and a surplus of $17,746. The capital of the bank was $100,000. The failure is said to be due to excessive loans.

### Racing at Rochester.

Rochester, N. Y., June 7.—The National circuit meet of the Lakeview Wheelmen attracted 4,000 people to Culver park this afternoon. Bald and Kiser, the favorites, won the one mile national championship and two-mile professional handicap, respectively.

### Duke's Donation to Trinity.

Raleigh, N. C., June 7.—(Special.)—The commencement exercises of Trinity college, Durham, today. Washington Duke, head of the great cigarette firm, presented the college with $100,000. This makes $425,000 he has given it.

### Camara To Sail for Cuba.

London, June 8.—A dispatch to The Daily Chronicle from Gibraltar says that Admiral Camara, with the Cadiz reserve squadron, will sail for Cuba in a fortnight.

### Steel and Iron Plant Destroyed.

Portsmouth, O., June 7.—The entire plant of the Burgess Steel and Iron Company was totally destroyed by fire tonight. Loss $350,000; insurance $200,000. Eight hundred employees are thrown out of work.

### The Wreck of the Maine.

Sweet odored gloam in dusky folds
Enveloped plain and lee;
On crested wave majestic rode
A monarch of the sea.

Her gallant flag at masthead waved
In south wind fresh and free,
The stars and stripes, red, white and blue,
Emblem of liberty.

In peace she came and not in war,
With screeching fife and drum;
No armed foemen thronged her decks,
Her sullen guns were dumb.

In fancied safety men retired
To rest; ah, many pined
For longing loved ones far away
Forever left behind.

Stern faces 'neath the mystic spell
Woven by memory
Grew gentle, fervent prayers went up
To Christ of Galilee.

Ah, God, their dreams were swift to fade
Blanched out by lurid fires;
No more their hearts would madly throb
To deep and fond desires.

In dead of night, when twinkling stars
Above their vigils kept,
The dread death fiend, unseen, unheard,
Upon the vessel crept.

An earthquake shock, an awful roar,
Then wreckage strewed the sea
And hungry tongues of lurid flame
Spread fast in savage glee.

The restive waves, with debris strewn,
Rushed in on every side;
A frightful lurch, the good ship sank
Beneath the deep blue tide.

Her mighty hull as coffin served
For many a seaman brave,
The azure sky a winding sheet,
The sea a common grave.

Sleep on, heroic martyr dead,
Thy country mourns for thee,
And great and small thy graves bedew
With tears of sympathy.

Goddess of Liberty, in might arise,
Thy gleaming armor don,
Thy flashing saber quickly draw,
And bid Spain's hordes begone.

Hark to a sister land's appeal
The cry of friends distressed,
The mournful wail of people brave,
By tyranny oppressed.

Defiant hurl the gauntlet down,
Spain's loss will be our gain;
Avenge the patriotic blood
That dyed our gallant Maine.

Down with the saffron flag of Spain
Afloat o'er Cuban lands,
Death to the dastards that oppress
Her loyal, hero bands.

Huzza! she hearkens to their cry,
And spruns in deep disdain
The fetters from her supple limbs
And take the field again.

With dauntless mien she marches forth
To sounding fife and drum;
Her doughty arm with force shall smite
And rout the Spanish scum.

—ELLIS MINER HAGGARD.

### Two Calls for Firemen.

The fire department was called out twice yesterday morning at an early hour. The first alarm was rung in from Diamond street, where two negro cottages were set on fire by an overturned lamp. The run was a long one and by the time the department arrived the houses were too far gone to save them. The second alarm, following the first only a few minutes, called the department to Thirteenth street. The fire originated in the barn in the yard of Dr. Will Smith's home and was quickly extinguished by the good work of the firemen.

The smallest perfect watch ever made is owned by a Russian princess. It was first placed in an exquisite gold case, covered with the most minute, but literally perfect Wateau scenes in enamel; then, at the princess's desire, the works were removed and placed inside a splendid diamond scarcely two-fifths of an inch in diameter.

**Pitts' Carminative**

Aids Digestion,
Regulates the Bowels,
Cures Cholera Infantum,
Cholera Morbus,
Diarrhoea, Dysentery,
Teething Children,

And all diseases of the Stomach and Bowels. It is pleasant to the taste and

**NEVER FAILS**

to give satisfaction.

**A Few Doses will Demonstrate its Superlative Virtues.**

# The Constitution.

PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY.

CLARK HOWELL.....Editor
W. A. HEMPHILL.....Business Manager

The Morning Constitution (with Sunday) per year, $8.00; without Sunday, $6.00; Weekly, $1.00.

We do not undertake to return rejected MSS., and will not do so unless accompanied by return postage.

**Where to Find The Constitution.**

The Constitution can be found on sale at the following places:

WASHINGTON—Metropolitan Hotel.
JACKSONVILLE—Stockton's, 209 W. Bay street; H. Drew & Bro.
CINCINNATI—J. B. Hawley, 162 Vine street.
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NICHOLS & HOLLIDAY, Constitution Building, Sole Advertising Managers for all territory outside of Atlanta.

ATLANTA, GA., June 8, 1898.


## The Campaign Against The Constitution.

The landslide for Candler may have astonished some of the politicians, but there is nothing in it to amaze those who have kept an eye on the course of events. The Constitution predicted that out of 137 counties, Candler would carry 100. The actual result sustains the prediction. When the official returns are all in, it will be found that Candler has carried between 95 and 98 of the 137 counties.

The Constitution saw unmistakable symptoms of the result very early in the campaign, and these symptoms continued to grow in extent and significance down to the close of the contest. For announcing them, and for placing itself in line with the aims and purposes of the democratic party, The Constitution has been made the object of as malicious a campaign of slander, vituperation and scurrility as the state ever witnessed. The opposition to Candler when arguments failed, turned their popguns on The Constitution and made it the target of rage.

It seemed to be the idea and purpose of one and all that, in order to circumvent the people, it was first necessary to destroy the influence of The Constitution, and with that end in view, the campaign went gayly on. Did a candidate need some crushing and unanswerable argument to show why Candler should not be nominated? Well, there it was right at his hand. Candler was The Constitution's candidate; he was found on The Constitution's doorstep! Didn't this show collusion and conspiracy, and all sorts of surreptitious and sinister things?

And then there were the anti-democratic organs, and all the other influences alien to democracy and to the people. In one breath they uttered slanders against Candler, and in the next denounced The Constitution as the "great Fixer." The state committee had been "fixed" by The Constitution and was therefore corrupt; Candler had been "fixed by The Constitution, and was therefore not worthy to be made governor.

And so the great campaign of slander and misrepresentation went on. The small fry squirmed and the tadpoles wiggled, and there was great commotion in the political pond—all because The Constitution saw what the people wanted and was anxious that their will should be carried out. Those of our readers who do not have access to a certain class and variety of the state press have no idea of the extent to which The Constitution was made an issue in the campaign.

When the fallacious arguments of the opposition had been exposed and held up to the derision of fair-minded men, there was one which the small fry could fall back on with great satisfaction to themselves, namely, "We admit that Candler is a good man, an honest man, and that he would make a good governor; but The Constitution is for him. It means that The Constitution will be made governor! Otherwise, why should The Constitution be for Candler?"

Why, indeed, if not for the very reason that Candler is a democrat from the crown of his head to the soles of the feet, a man of the people, incorruptible, loving justice, hating all forms of collusion, and opposing all kinds and species of bossism whatsoever.

We have noticed on former occasions that the same crowd which made The Constitution an issue in the Candler campaign, betrays the greatest glee whenever the people go contrary to the advice and suggestions of The Constitution. Word goes along the line that The Constitution has been "downed" and "defeated." We may be permitted to say here, with our readers as witnesses, that whenever the people have "defeated The Constitution" (to use that phraseology) they have also defeated themselves. The people are sometimes misled, and sometimes they are mistaken. In the nature of things this is inevitable; but they are always ready to receive and reverse their verdicts when they find they are wrong.

The Constitution has never swerved by so much as a hair's breadth from the principles of true democracy. It was "defeated" when it opposed Clevelandism in 1892. Such as it was, it was a defeat which entailed on the mass of the people the bitterest regret. And so in almost every instance—not because The Constitution is impeccable, but because democratic principles, by which alone its course is guided, are necessary to the happiness, welfare and prosperity of the people.

Consequently the "defeat" or the "triumph" of The Constitution is of no importance if the paper alone is to be considered; but of the very highest importance when it is related to the defeat or success of democratic principles.

In taking leave, for the present, of those who rage against The Constitution on account of its devotion to principles instead of men, we again congratulate the people on the result of Monday's primary. The success of Candler is a victory for pure democratic principles and a very substantial one. It puts an end to bossism in Georgia, except in so far as the people themselves are the bosses.

### Another Alliance.

It is to be hoped that the remark of Earl Spencer at a recent dining in London will not fall under the eye of the esteemed but irritable Briton in Philadelphia who soundly berated The Constitution awhile ago because we had remarked that England, at this juncture, was in a state of peculiar isolation, with all continental Europe opposing her trade policy, and Germany and Russia competing with her in the partition of China.

It was bad enough, according to some international politicians, for certain British statesmen to suggest a possible alliance with the United States, but the aforesaid Earl Spencer goes to the length of suggesting a possible—even a probable alliance with Spain. Earl Spencer, as is well known, is a very wise and far-seeing man; but his utterances must give a serious shock to the insular complacency of John Bull.

It is not the suggestion that is shocking, but the idea that an alliance with a "yellow nation" should be either necessary or desirable. That is the thing that hurts. The earl's speech shows that alliances with other nations need not depend altogether on race, language or kinship. The suggested alliance with the United States is based on considerations, kinship and language. That with Japan has as a basis—well, Japan is getting to be a powerful nation, don't you know; and in case of "nawsty weather" in the east, would be a very comfortable bedfellow.

Mr. Godkin's protest against an Anglo-American alliance reminds us of that other Irishman who warned everybody of the danger of eating apricots found growing on oak trees. There may be such an alliance, but the possibility of it is so remote that the suggestion is like discussing the career of a statesman a hundred years before he is born. There is no harm in discussing it, of course, and just as little in not discussing it.

We are very glad to see, however, in spite of the Smalleys and the St. James Gazettes, that there is really a better feeling in England toward things American, and that this feeling has extended to our neighbors, the Canadians. All of us have our prejudices, of course. There are some features of John Bullism that are intolerable to Americans, just as there are American characteristics obnoxious to Englishmen.

Those things we can discount in advance, and feel that behind what is intolerable and obnoxious there may be sound sympathies and friendships, with room for large development and expansion in the future. As for an active alliance, the mere official suggestion of it would set the whole country by the ears.

### Holland's Object Lesson.

If Spain had exercised the same measures in dealing with Cuba which Holland has exercised in dealing with Java, she might today be in undisputed possession of "the ever-faithful isle."

Mr. Robert P. Skinner, our consul at Marseilles, France, writing of European matters, thus speaks of the policy which Holland has pursued in governing Java:

> This important possession came into the hands of Holland late in the seventeenth century, and, thanks to a wise and benign administration, has been a source of strength to a nation which, though occupying only a small corner of Europe, boasts of subjects numbering about 40,000,000. While the civil government of Java is conducted on principles of liberty, peace and progress, the net annual revenue of the colony may be stated at 35,000,000 guilders, or about $14,000,000, after paying all expenses, including the maintenance of an army of 20,000 men called into service to repress piracy and brigandage.
>
> The native population is densely ignorant and full of caste and religious prejudices. The effort of the government is to educate and elevate these people, without, however, outraging their racial instincts. To accomplish this end the Dutch government retains the native sultans and chiefs, supplies them with a gorgeous retinue and surrounds them with every sign of pomp and power. Thus securing them upon otherwise precarious thrones, the paternal hand obtains in return faithful subserviency, and the unconspicuous but all-powerful master of the situation rules without revolt, and at the same time sows the seeds of education and reform, which gradually ripen and bear fruit.

While it is now too late for Spain to profit by Holland's example, she may derive some food for moral reflection from the information contained in the foregoing extract.

### Spain and the Jews.

One of the foulest chapters in the history of Spain is recorded in the expulsion of the Jews from that country during the reign of Ferdinand and Isabella, and if the Jews entertain little sympathy for Spain today on account of the memory of this ancient wrong, it is not to be wondered at. Spain must accept the consequences of her own despotism.

While it was the fashion in the fifteenth century for European nations generally to persecute the Jews, Spain ventured in her acts of tyranny to go much further than did any of the others, and she is, therefore, properly entitled to the lion's share of whatever condemnation the Jews may feel disposed to pronounce upon their former enemies. In 1478 the brutal treatment of the Jews commenced in Spain. Without the faintest shadow of excuse other than that furnished in the worldly goods which they had managed to accumulate by reason of their thrift, they were made the victims of the most oppressive governmental outrages and when they dared to oppose the least resistance to such crimes they were rudely hurried off either to the stake or to the dungeon. Their refusal to accept the faith which the church of Spain held out to them was made the ground on which they were condemned to suffer. In Seville alone more than two hundred Jews were burned in one year, while not less than 1,800 suffered punishment in other forms. For the purpose of obtaining immunity from persecution some 200,000 Jews ostensibly embraced Christianity in Spain, but even this recourse failed to satisfy the inordinate greed of the government, which continued to oppress them on the pretext that they were not loyal to the vows which they had taken. Finally, in 1492, during the reign of Ferdinand and Isabella, the situation reached its crisis in the royal edict of that year which required every Jew who could not give satisfactory evidence of his fidelity to Christianity to quit the kingdom, leaving his property behind him. Rather than renounce their ancient faith, more than 500,000 Jews accepted poverty and exile, scattering themselves broadcast over Europe. Such in brief is the story of Spain's treatment of the Jews.

Of course we do not review this chapter for the purpose of explaining why the Jews in the United States are so pronounced at present in their allegiance to the stars and stripes. We understand the Jews well enough to know that they would plant themselves squarely underneath the flag of their adopted land no matter what nation they might be called upon to face; but since they are called upon to face Spain, we assume without the least injustice to their loyalty that they are rather glad of the privilege of giving back to Spain some of the favors which they have formerly received from her. We take this occasion to observe that the Jews are well represented in the ranks which are now engaged in fighting underneath the nation's flag. They are with Admiral Dewey at Manila and with Admiral Sampson at Santiago de Cuba; and while the present war continues they will be found wherever the battle rages fiercest. We honor the spirit which they have manifested in the present crisis, and we cannot indulge in praise of their heroism with too much warmth.

### Jefferson on Anglo-Saxon Kinship.

Since the recent events have served to emphasize the kinship existing between the United States and Great Britain, we may recur with some interest to the views which Mr. Jefferson, in common with other far-sighted statesmen of the early days, entertained upon the subject.

Without aiming to unite the two countries in the bonds of a political alliance, Mr. Jefferson realized the mutual advantages which intimate relations between them offered; and accordingly, he instructed Ambassdor King, who then represented this country at the court of St. James, to use every means within his power not incompatible with sound democratic principles, to bring about this end. In one of his first letters to Ambassador King Mr. Jefferson wrote: "I avail myself of this occasion to express the hope that through your agency we may be able to remove everything inauspicious to a cordial friendship between the two countries. This policy is dictated by too many considerations not to be felt by the wise and the dispassionate statesmen of each. We wish to cultivate peace and friendship with all nations, believing that course most conducive to the welfare of our own; especially do we wish to cultivate them with Great Britain with whom we have so much in common." In subsequent communications President Jefferson reiterated the sentiments above expressed, showing that he was ardently in favor of bringing the two great branches of the Anglo-Saxon race into close and intimate relations.

If there existed strong reasons in the time of Mr. Jefferson for bringing about this end, there exist equally strong reasons at the present time. Civilization and commerce both demand that the two great Anglo-Saxon powers should stand together.

### Captain Gridley, of the Olympia.

There is something more than ordinarily pathetic in the recent death of Captain Charles V. Gridley, the captain of the flagship Olympia which opened the Manila fight one month ago.

When Captain Gridley, in obedience to the commands of his superior officer, began the famous battle which was destined to confer such honor on the flag, he was far from being in vigorous physical condition; but realizing the importance of remaining at his post of duty, he endeavored to conceal his ill-health. This he did successfully until the fight ended. Unflinchingly he faced the batteries of the enemy from his exposed position in the conning tower, little thinking of himself in that supreme hour of the nation's peril. But, when the fight ended with victory for the stars and stripes Captain Gridley found himself unable to discharge his duties longer. Medical investigation soon disclosed the fact that his condition was extremely critical, and Admiral Dewey ordered his immediate return home. On reaching Tokio, Japan, the malady from which the brave captain suffered at once developed fatal symptoms, and under foreign skies death came at last to his relief. What adds to the sorrow of the sad affair is that his faithful wife, who had so fervently rejoiced over his escape from death in the perilous conflict of Manila was in the act of leaving home for San Francisco to meet her husband at that port, when she received the news of his unhappy death.

While Captain Gridley received no outward wound in the battle of Manila, he is none the less the victim of his heroism in that glorious struggle, and the American people will gratefully bestow upon him the well-earned wreath of martyrdom.

---

Your Uncle Allen was at the home plate before the other fellows found the ball.

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The Constitution said 100 counties. We may have to cut off one county. But it was a prety close estimate, all things considered.

---

Populists who do not like fusion with republicans now have an opportunity to get under their Uncle Allen's tent.

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The war news now consists mainly of denials of war news.

---

Young Hobson will get a medal. What he should get is advancement in the navy.

---

Some combinations fail to work.

---

The best way for a politician to win is to stand by the people through thick and thin.

---

**Two Men Poisoned by Hemlock.**

Boscobel, Wis., June 7.—Ed Curtis and James Welch were poisoned today by eating hemlock and died in a few minutes. They were prominent farmers.

## JUST FROM GEORGIA.

### A Sampson Patriot.

I heahs er de fightin' n'ght en day,
En I glad it gwine Mister Sampson's way;
Fer dey tells me Sampson powerful strong,
En de reason is, dat he hair grow long!

Oh, Mister Sampson,
Cut yo' shines;
Keep yo' jawbone gwine
On de Philistines!

En I sing en shout, en I watch en pray
Fer ter keep things gwine Mister Sampson's way;
He don't git sleepy, en he powerful strong,
En de reason is dat he hair grow long!

Oh, Mister Sampson,
Cut yo' shines;
Keep yo' jawbone gwine
On de Philistines!

* * * * *

### The Deacon's 'Possum Story.

"En hit come ter pass, my breddrin," said the old colored deacon, "dat a fine, fat 'possum wuz diskivered in de tip top er a big Pine Tree, en dem whut diskivered Him said, one ter de yuther: 'Lo', now: let us git us each a ax, en cut de Tree down, en bag de 'possum, en take Him home, en say grace over Him, en eat, en grow fat!' En behol', dey went en done even ez dey said, en got each man a ax, en one chop on one side en one on de yuther. But whilst dey wuz a-choppin' at de tree, under de br'ilin' Sun, come One dat dey knowed mighty well; en behol', He take His hat off, en lay His coat on de groun', en roll up His sleeves, en spit on His two han's, en climb ter de top er de tree, en grab de 'possum, en slide down, en run off wid it ter His own House, whar His Fambly wuz a-waitin' fer ter Cook it. En when de two Mens whut wus choppin' on de Tree see what happen dey said, one ter de yuther: 'Whar does we come in?' En whilst dey wuz so sayin, lo en behol', de Tree come down en falled on 'em, en de lan' whar dey lived knowed 'em no mo' forever!"

* * * * *

### The Philosophy of It.

Believers, hear de lesson—
Hit true ez true kin be:
All can't bag de 'possum,
Kaze all can't climb de tree!

Believers, hear de lesson—
Hit true fum spring ter fall:
All can't set at table,
Kaze dey ain't room fer all.

Believers, hear de lesson,
En keep de golden rule:
All can't ride ter glory,
Kaze all can't ketch de mule!

* * * * *

### News from the Billville Brigade.

All the boys are well, but the company has lost the "joker" from the euchre deck and we are compelled to use the deuce of spades.

Water is sold here at four cents a gallon, but do not ship us any, as we have learned to do without it. What we need most is a good, live corkscrew. The chaplain has lost his.

We had a sham battle for dinner yesterday and dress parade for dessert. We are promised alligator steak for supper. This is tough.

Send all the newspapers you can. There is a well-authenticated rumor here that the United States is fighting Spain, and we want to know more about it.

Remember us in your prayers, and incidentally, your purses.

We expect to move at any time, as a regiment of local creditors is bearing down on us.

* * * * *

### A Campaign Note.

De rabbit in de brier patch,
De brown bee makin' honey;
Now, candidate, come ter de scratch—
I mighty short er money!

* * * * *

William Lady and Tiger Scott are candidates for a local office in Arkansas. The question for the voters to decide is "The Lady of the Tiger?"

* * * * *

Pronounce it "Slay," or "Sly"—it matters not. The gentleman still appears to be very "slick," and that's enough.

* * * * *

There is no liberty under Spanish misrule. A merchant tried to sell horse flesh in Havana, the other day, and the authorities said nay to him.

* * * * *

However the war may affect her in other respects, it must be said that Spain leads the world in bottled goods.

* * * * *

We have heard very little of Klondike since the Santiago mines were discovered.

* * * * *

It's odd that the heaviest burden on the defeated candidates should be their light vote.

* * * * *

Spain places the greatest confidence in her land forces; but just wait till we land forces!

* * * * *

The Kentucky earthquake shook everything but her faith in the rye crop.

F. L. S.

## LIFE IN THE MOUNTAINS.

From The Dahlonega, Ga., Nugget.

On the fourth Sunday in last month a certain young man in the upper portion of the county dropped his pistol in the middle of the road as he was going to meeting at Porter Springs church and never missed it until he got to the place of worship. Howard Ash came along and found it and as it was in the stock law section he charged the owner 50 cents for the discovery.

If an editor of a country newspaper who undertakes to give the news was to pray for his enemies he would never have time to do anything else. Therefore we get out the paper and leave the other part of the programme off. It is useless to waste breath praying for people that don't pray for themselves.

Did you ever think about how much it costs Uncle Sam to destroy an illicit distillery and capture one man in Lumpkin country? We will take up the case of Davis Jarrard, who was arrested up in Chestatee district, and show you. There was Collector Birdstrom, from Gainesville, who was accompanied by Deputy Marshal Grizzle, of Dahlonega, five head of horses and three vehicles. One of the men was used as a guard and the two other escorts were marked as witnesses, making it pay everyone in the crowd something. Now guess what it cost to destroy this little one-horse distillery, where there was not a drop of anything to drink for those that indulged except a few "backings." Fifty-eight dollars and five cents. The items of expenses are as follows: Deputy, $8.60; deputy collector (three days), $21; three witnesses, $6.45; commissioner, $9; reporter, $10; guard, $30. Total $58.05.

### Clerk Charged with Theft.

New York, June 7.—Robert Dyas, a clerk for Evarts, Choate & Beaman, lawyers, was arrested today, accused of stealing a package containing $7,500 worth of jewelry and a letter of credit for $50,000. The package belonged to Treadwell Cleveland, a member of the firm.

# AFTERMATH OF THE BIG FIGHT

## The Vanquished Dazed at the Size of the Candler Vote.

## ATKINSON CALLS ON VICTOR

### Berner Sends Congratulations and Tenders His Services.

## START OF A FIGHT ON WRIGHT

### The News Comes from Floyd That They Will Groom John P. Shannon for Comptroller General in Earnest Next Time.

The Candler landslide buried the Candler opposition yesterday beneath a mountain of astonishment. Late Monday afternoon the Atkinson-Berner combination gave up hope, and yesterday morning, when they saw The Constitution's full returns from every one of the 137 counties in the state, they were possessed of a surprise that was so great that even chagrin did not show in it. As the day passed and still more counties were added to the Candler column—some in which the vote was so close that an official count was necessary to determine the result—the Atkinson people and the Berner people only looked on and marveled. One of the most prominent of the opposition leaders, when approached at the capitol with a request for his opinion, shook his head sadly and said simply:

"It beats h—l."

And that is about all that any of them would say. Judge Spencer Atkinson came down to his office in the Equitable building late in the afternoon and spent some time going over his mail and the morning papers. When asked for a statement to the public he declined emphatically to make one.

I did not talk for publication during the campaign," he said, "and I do not propose to begin now."

The judge did not look a bit worried or uncomfortable. On the contrary, he was in the best spirits apparently and had a pleasant word for his friends who dropped in to condole with him. He talked about the war and the weather and pretty much everything else except politics, and at noon went out with a little party of gentlemen to lunch. In the afternoon he and his brother, Judge Sam Atkinson, called at Colonel Candler's rooms in the Kimball, but the colonel was out. It is expected that he will go to the office of the railroad commission tomorrow and resume his duties there. It is hardly a resumption, however, for there has been practically nothing going on before the commission during the past three months, and he has kept in touch with it at long range sufficiently to be pretty well posted now as to how the work of the department stands.

### Berner Sends Congratulations.

Nothing was heard from Senator Berner until late in the day, when one of the weary messenger boys who for the past twenty-four hours had been lugging the telegrams by the armful into the office of the Central Candler Campaign Club, on the second floor of the Kimball house, came in with one from the Monroe county candidate. It was addressed to Colonel Candler personally and the sender said he begged to tender his sincere congratulations on the sendee's magnificent victory. He also volunteered his services during the campaign that is approaching. He said in his opening speech at Monticello that he would do this if defeated, but it looked then as though the populists were going to give the democrats a fight. There is nothing now to indicate that they will be heard of at all, Candler's nomination having brought back to the party thousands of those who drifted outside the lines during the past four years.

At the capitol the news was received with varying comment. Governor Atkinson was too busy with war matters to talk much, but he said he was not surprised at the result.

"I voted for three of the four men who won," he declared smilingly, "and I lost all hope of the fourth more than two weeks ago."

He did not say who the fourth was.

Attorney General Terrell said he was very much gratified at the result in Meriwether, the county having elected his brother J. Render Terrell, to the senate. In the office of the prison commission Judge Joseph S. Turner was kept busy all day receiving congratulations, and School Commissioner Glenn said he did not even know there had been an election. Commissioner of Agriculture Nesbitt did not go to his office and may not be there for a day or two. He made a very long and hard campaign and is worn out with overwork. He has a very efficient force of clerks, however, and the business of the department has been kept right up to date during his absence. Senator Stevens will find everything ready for him when he reports for duty next October.

### Opposition to General Wright.

The most remarkable single incident of the election was the action of Floyd county in giving Colonel John P. Shannon, past grand master of the Georgia Masonic lodge, a majority for comptroller general of 576 over the present incumbent. General Wright has held his office for many years and was not opposed in any other county in the state. A gentleman from Rome who was conspicuous in the Shannon movement said to a Constitution representative at the Kimball house yesterday afternoon, in explaining the occurrence:

"Our action has perhaps greater significance than would appear on its face. It is not only the rebuke of the people of Floyd county to Mr. Wright for what we believe to be his attempted interference with the affairs of our county, but it means that north Georgia is grooming Shannon for comptroller general in the next election. He will be invited to come to Rome and make it his home. Sanford won over Vandiver by a majority of 997 and is undoubtedly the strongest man in the county today. He cannot be defeated. The reform ticket elected every candidate and swept the old ring crowd aside by a crushing majority. Even Beysiegel, who had been in the clerk's office since his boyhood and has been considered invincible, was defeated by W. D. Simmons by 563 votes."

### All Praise The Constitution.

The one thing on which the victors and the vanquished both agreed was that The Constitution yesterday morning broke all journalistic records in Georgia by giving the returns from all of the 137 counties in the state. Governor Atkinson said it was a performance which he had never seen equaled, and that, appreciating as he did the tremendous difficulties in the way, he did not see how it had been accomplished. All the statehouse officials—and their opinion is worth something, for they have spent most of their lives watching election returns—agreed with him, and The Constitution was warmly commended for its enterprise. There was a disposition early in the morning to question the authenticity of some of the reports, but by noon nearly all had been confirmed, and the few that were in doubt only piled up the Candler majority.

Quite a party of Candler leaders from the fourth congressional district came up to the city, among them being Former Representative Frank M. Longley, who carried Troup county for the one-eyed candidate, and Messrs. J. W. Schell, of Senoia, and George Vroom, of Newnan, who carried their respective precincts and almost Coweta county for Candler. Colonel Vroom is "the man who laughs," and he advertised his presence in the capitol during the afternoon by shaking the corridors with his merriment. Representative Longley said he had had a hard fight and was glad that it was over.

"But it was worth all our work just to read The Constitution this morning," he said. "It was the finest and most complete post-election newspaper I ever saw."

## WHITHER DRIFTING?

### How The Telegraph Commented on the Action of the State Committee.

From The Macon Telegraph of March 25th.

Mr. Clark Howell is the editor of The Atlanta Constitution, and he is also the member of the national committee. Both as the editor of a partisan newspaper of influence, and as an official in the democratic party, his acts are subject to criticism.

Are we not drifting to party oligarchy? Think of the influence of the chairman in these appointments and the influence of the ex-officio, or fixer-in-chief, with a great newspaper to back him?

Bring the chairman and the ex-officio together in a common cause—in the interest of one particular candidate as against the other two—is there little wonder that by a majority of two they can fix it their way?

The Constitution thinks it is very naughty for The Telegraph to meddle (as it would say) in these matters, because it does not indorse all that Bryanism means. But the people are finding out that The Telegraph belongs to no ring, clique or cabal, and that it has the courage and independence to speak out in the open. They are finding out that it is an honest newspaper with no ambition outside of its own proper sphere as a newspaper; that it has no ax to grind, no favorites to boost, no governors to make and own. It is a plain newspaper with an eye single to fair dealing and news printing.

## THE HEROES OF SANTIAGO.

Washington Post: As brilliant an exhibition of courage and devotion as can be found in the annals of human achievement.

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New York World: That they won immortality without death subtracts nothing from the completeness of their sacrifice.

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New York Herald: The whole affair was knightly, an incident which we could not forget if we would, and would not forget if we could.

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Chicago Record: Not the least pleasant circumstance connected with the feat is Admiral Cervera's appreciation of the daring of the Americans. His message to Admiral Sampson and his treatment of the captives entitle Cervera to distinguished credit as a generous and chivalrous foe.

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Cleveland Plain Dealer: The sinking of the Merrimac in Santiago harbor by Hobson and his half dozen volunteers will rank in naval history by the side of the sinking of the Albemarle in the Roanoke by Cushing and his dozen associates. Both were daring deeds successfully performed. In both the men went to what seemed certain death.

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Philadelphia Record: Admiral Cervera is a dangerous foe. His quick recognition of the quality of the men who undertook to make him a practical prisoner in Santiago harbor was a revelation of his own character. He is no Weyler. He is capable of

"That stern joy which warriors feel
In foemen worthy of their steel."

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Baltimore American. There can be no question of the heroism of the men who took part in that perilous undertaking. There were but eight or these heroes, but there would have been more of them had more been allowed to go. In fact, when volunteers were called for, nearly every man in the fleet wanted to play a part in the dangerous work, and many, when told they could not do so, wept like children over their disappointment.

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Philadelphia Public Ledger: The exploit of Lieutenant Hobson, Daniel Montague, George Charette, J. E. Murphey, Oscar Deignan, John P. Phillips and John Kelly, in Santiago harbor, before the dawn of June 3d, whatever may occur in the progress of the pending conflict, will take its place among the most dramatic and dauntless episodes of the war. For cool and determined courage the act of these men must rank with the finest examples of human heroism.

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New York Journal: Whether we call their escape from death an interposition of providence or an instance of that strange luck which sometimes attends daring, it equally strikes the mind as miraculous. The world's ages and the world's wars may be searched for a feat surpassing this in courage and good fortune and it will not be found. Devotion to duty and indifference to life in its performance never have risen higher, never can rise higher. The Eight of Santiago are immortal.

## OLD AND YOUNG FOR CANDLER.

### Incident of the Recent Election at Indian Spring.

Indian Spring, Ga., June 7.—(Special.)—Mr. T. J. Saunders, of this place, who will be ninety years old on July 4th next, voted his ticket for Candler here yesterday. Mr. Saunders is the oldest and most respected man in this section of the state and is in good health. He rode over to the polls with his grandson, Eugene B. Elder, who voted his first time yesterday, and for Candler.

Candler no doubt received his oldest and youngest vote at Indian Spring yesterday.

## AMERICAN PHYSICIANS MEET.

### Annual Convention Is Now Being Held in Denver, Col.

Denver, Col., June 7.—The annual convention of American Medical Association opened in the Broadway theater today with a large attendance. Governor Adams and Mayor McMurray delivered addresses of welcome.

In the absence of the president, Surgeon Sternberg, his address was read by Colonel Alfred A. Wood, chief surgeon, department of Colorado. Dr. Joseph M. Mathews, of Louisville, Ky., presided. Several auxiliary associations are holding meetings in connection with the convention of the main body.

Dr. Montgomery Crockett, of Buffalo, N. Y., created a whirlwind of discussion at the meeting of the American Association by a paper on better pedagogic methods in which he severely criticised present methods of medical education. The core of his criticism consisted in a statement that a perfect system of education should arouse the mental energies of the student, whereas the present methods tended to awaken the intellect of the tutor.

The following colleges were elected to membership in the association:

New Orleans University Medical School. Tufts College Medical School, University of Virginia.

Officers were elected as follows: President, H. O. Walker, of Detroit; senior vice president, Dr. Herbert Ellis, Los Angeles, Cal.; junior vice president, Dr. G. E. Wood, of Louisville; secretary and treasurer, Bayard Holmes, Chicago.

Dr. A. L. Gihon, treasurer of the Rush monument fund, reported that although the association last year determined to raise $100,000 for the erection of a monument to Dr. Benjamin Rush, there was now in the fund only $4,122. The medical associations of Colorado, New oYrk and Pennsylvania each donated $2,000 to the fund, and these with other subscriptions raised the total above $10,000.

Dr. Henry J. Newman, treasurer of the association, reported 1,500 new members and a cash balance of $14,092 on hand. Twelve departments or sections, as they are called, held meetings this afternoon at which many interesting medical papers were read.

The American Medical Editors' Association today elected the following officers:

President, Thomas Hawkins, of Denver; vice president, George H. Simmons, of Lincoln; secretary, Dr. Milton Brown, New York; treasurer, Dr. Alex Stone, Minneapolis.

The trustees of the medical association voted $10,000 toward the fund created three years ago for the erection of a building in Chicago to be known as the home of the association.

## FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION.

### Second Annual Convention Is Now Being Held in Chicago.

Chicago, June 7.—The National Fire Protection Association held its second annual convention today, meeting in the rooms of the Chicago board of underwriters. There were representatives from the boards of New York, Philadelphia, Providence, Hartford, Boston, Pittsburg, St. Louis and New England.

President Crosby, of Boston, in an address urged the necessity of improved construction not in material, but in arrangement. The most disastrous fires, he said, originated in buildings with open connection from room to room and floor to floor. The remedy is in architecture, safeguarding the air and elevator shafts and the light wells.

William Stratton, of Hartford, chairman of the executive committee, presented a report recommending regulations affecting the structure of shafts and wells in buildings.

## THE EPWORTH LEAGUERS MEET.

### Large Convention Assembles at Anniston, Ala.

Anniston, Ala., June 7.—(Special.)—The seventh annual conference of the Alabama Epworth League met here this morning with over three hundred delegates in attendance. Dr. J. W. Newman, of Birmingham, is presiding and A. Roemer, of Montgomery; Armstead Brown, of LaFayette, and Leslie P. Howard, of Mobile, secretaries.

H. C. Gunnels delivered the address of welcome and Leslie P. Howard, of Mobile, responded. Interesting addresses were made by Miss Emma Tucker, of LaGrange, Ga.; Rev. Henry Trawick, of Greenville; Miss Carrie Brandon, of Jacksonville; W. O. Brownfield, of Opelika; Miss Linda L. Harrison, of Munford, and Rev. W. R. Lambuth, of Nashville. The conference adjourns tomorrow night.

## NEW JERUSALEM CHURCH MEETS

### Delegates from All Sections of the Country Now in Session.

Cleveland, O., June 7.—The seventy-eighth session of the general convention of the New Jerusalem church (Swedenborgians) of the United States of America began here today.

Delegates are present from nearly all parts of this country, as well as several from foreign lands. The first five days of the convention will be devoted to the council of ministers, after which the work of the general convention will be taken up. The session today was largely of a preliminary nature, the business session not being held today. The convention promises to be one of the most successful in the history of the church.

## NATIONAL ELECTRIC LIGHTERS.

### Association Is Now Holding Annual Session in Chicago.

Chicago, June 7.—The twenty-first convention of the National Electric Light Association commenced a three days' session at the Auditorium today. After a meeting of the executive committee, President Samuel Insull, of the Chicago Edison Company, delivered his annual address.

Calvin W. Rice, of Brooklyn, read a paper on "Cost of generation and distribution of a unit of electricity."

Following this paper there was a general discussion of prices and discounts for electric current and methods of billing current to customers.

Among the notable visitors to the convention is Professor Fujicka, the principal authority on electric lighting in Japan.

### Social Democracy Meets.

Chicago, June 7.—The opening session of the first national convention of the social democracy of America was held today in Uhlich's hall. National President Eugene V. Debs, of Terre Haute, Ind., made a few remarks, welcoming the delegates to the convention. About thirty states were represented by 125 delegates, some of whom were women. Among those present was G. C. Clemens, a brother of Mark Twain. The following were elected members of the credential committee: J. C. Dearmond, Colorado, chairman; W. T. Johnson, Kansas, and J. F. Finn, of Illinois.

### Seventy-Second Annual Meeting.

Cleveland, O., June 7.—The seventy-second annual meeting of the Congregational Home Missionary Society began its session here this evening. The annual report of the Home Missionary Society was referred to a special committee and it will receive consideration Thursday morning.

### Passenger Agents Go to Kansas City.

St. Louis, June 7.—The meeting of the general passenger agents of southwestern lines, who have been in session here this week discussing the formation of the bureau to govern southwestern traffic, adjourned tonight to reconvene at the Coates house, Kansas City, tomorrow morning.

### Arkell Publishing Co. To Liquidate.

New York, June 7.—The board of directors of the Arkell Publishing Company and Judge Publishing Company, of New York, have decided to go into voluntary liquidation and have applied for temporary receivers. The proceedings will not interfere with the regular issue of the Arkell publications and there is no doubt that existing complications will be speedily adjusted.

# COMPLETE VOTE QUICKLY GIVEN

## How The Constitution Gave All the Returns of Battle of Ballots.

## WHAT THE PEOPLE SAY

## Every County Was Correctly Covered Within Less Than 12 Hours.

## OFFICIAL COUNT VERIFIES FIGURES

**Tuesday's Constitution Gave Every Detail of the Fight for Governor That Was Waged Monday Without a Material Error.**

The Constitution presented a full report yesterday morning of Monday's primaries all over the state. Every county was heard from. In some counties the count of the vote had not been completed, but it had progressed far enough by midnight to pretty clearly indicate what the result would be.

The consolidation of the vote yesterday made very few changes. Only three or four counties had to be transferred in The Constitution's column. In these changes Candler gained six votes.

The complete summary presented to the readers of The Constitution at their breakfast table was a newspaper feat which every one enjoyed even if no thought was given to the great outlay of time and money required to secure a special dispatch from each of the 137 counties.

It was noticed in The Constitution's editorial rooms that the reports came in earlier than usual. This was due to the fact that the ticket was a short one and the vote was lighter than usual. As a rule the mountain counties do not report until after midnight and sometimes it is 2 or 3 o'clock in the morning before Rabun, Towns and Union come in. On Monday night these counties were heard from before midnight. Some of the couriers had from fifteen to thirty miles to ride over the mountains to get to a telegraph office. The Constitution's correspondents in Union and Towns had to ride over the mountains to Murphy, N. C., to reach the nearest telegraph office. The courier who rode from Clayton, in Rabun county, to Tallulah Falls had to cover seventeen miles, and the messenger who carried the report from Lumpkin county to Gainesville had twenty-five miles to cover.

Camden county, in the extreme southeastern corner of the state, reported Monday night. It often occurs that the message from Camden does not get through until the next day, but it did this time.

"The Constitution has broken its previous records for giving a complete election summary on the morning following the election," said Colonel Candler. "I remember once in Henry Grady's time when The Constitution made a great stroke by covering a congressional election in the ninth district on the morning after the election. Last night's work was a far greater stroke, because it heard from all the counties and got the returns almost officially exact."

"This morning's Constitution tells the story of the election and on the governor's race it is not out of the way half a dozen votes," said Colonel Ed T. Brown. "It is a wonderful report and I congratulate you all on the achievement."

"I never saw a more satisfactory report of an election," said Hon. F. G. duBignon. "I notice that none of the other papers approach The Constitution in the completeness of the reports."

"I believe The Constitution has not missed the result in my race so far as the count had progressed," said Hon. Phil Cook. "The Constitution is always exact in its election returns."

"The way The Constitution collects the news from all over the state is marvelous," said Colonel O. B. Stevens.

"The result in every race is known this morning to the readers of The Constitution," said Captain R. F. Wright, of Elberton. "If we did not have The Constitution we would be a week hearing from the elections."

"The Constitution always gets there on its election returns," said Hon. William A. Dodson, of Americus.

"System and the expenditure of money can accomplish the seemingly impossible," said Colonel W. J. Kincaid, of Griffin.

"A great newspaper like The Constitution is something of which the whole state can well be proud."

"We depend on The Constitution for news as we depend on the farms for what we have to eat," was the comment of Solicitor General Sam Maddox. "It is marvelous when we come to think of it how faithful your staff of correspondents must be to report so promptly and accurately from every county in the state."

MAYOR C. A. COLLIER: The Constitution's primary returns this morning were magnificent. The amount of work involved in securing them must have been enormous, but the admirable presentation of the vote was no more than I expected of the foremost paper of the south. The Constitution has presented the correct returns the morning after the vote for many years, and the people now look to it to continue its splendid record of newsgathering. So I expected this morning to see the correct result of the primary and I should have been disappointed if The Constitution had failed to act in accord with its unsurpassed record in election news. Nevertheless, The Constitution is to be congratulated on its superb report this morning.

JUDGE J. G. BLOODWORTH: The returns given in full yesterday morning in The Constitution were shown by figures received later to be remarkably correct and the paper is to be congratulated upon the excellent work of its staff and correspondents. I have always said that The Constitution is the most enterprising sheet in the south and the pains required to furnish the full returns to the people of the state, only a few hours after the polls closed Monday, demonstrates that fact. As a newsgather The Constitution has never been surpassed in the entire country.

JUDGE E. H. ORR: I was surprised this morning to find the returns from all over the state printed in The Constitution. It seems incredible that so much labor as I should think would be required to prepare the table, could be done between the closing of the polls all over the state and the time for The Constitution to go to press. It shows that the great daily is determined to give the people the news at any cost.

JUDGE W. E. FOUTE: The Constitution deserves great praise for its excellent work in giving the full returns and naming the winners in every race accurately only a short while after the polls closed. There is nothing like enterprise in running a newspaper and the one that displays the most will come out ahead in the end. I am not familiar with the work required, of course, in making such a table of the returns, but it seems to me that it must be very great. My impression was that we would not know positively who were the successful candidates until at least a day after the votes were cast. The work of The Constitution was splendid and deserves all the praise possible.

JUDGE N. R. BROYLES: The Constitution must have splendid facilities throughout the state in order to give the returns from the election as quick as they were given yesterday morning. It requires time to add up the figures from the different counties and verify them alone, besides the vast amount of time required for the rest of the work. The tabulated vote of all the precincts in this county alone was a tremendous amount of work.

COMPTROLLER GOLDSMITH: The Constitution deserves great praise for the completeness of its election returns printed yesterday morning.

CITY CLERK GREENE: Considering the great amount of territory covered by The Constitution in its election returns they were complete to an admirable degree. Great credit is due The Constitution for this magnificent piece of work.

SECRETARY CAMPBELL, of County Executive Committee: The Constitution's returns were splendid. They were complete and correct and showed remarkable enterprise.

RECORDER CALHOUN: It takes a great paper to do the work that The Constitution did in getting the election returns for its readers the day after the election. It was a great piece of work and The Constitution deserves great credit for it.

MR. E. R. BLACK: It must have been a big undertaking, but The Constitution carried it out to perfection. The people should realize what a big piece of work it was and then ask themselves how many papers in the south could have done it.

MR. ERNEST WOODRUFF: The Constitution deserves to be complimented on the work that it did in getting the full election returns the day after the election. As great as the task seems, the work was done and the subscribers of The Constitution ought to feel well satisfied that they are getting the news as soon as they could get it anywhere else.

MR. JOE ORME: The Constitution deserves great credit for getting the returns in such a complete manner the day after the election. It certainly was a great piece of work and no newspaper could have done it better.

MR. W. L. PEEL: I was delighted with the way that The Constitution covered the state. I had no idea that the returns could all be in the paper the day after the election, and The Constitution deserves the thanks of its readers all over the state for the magnificent piece of work.

MR. W. WOODS WHITE: It was a big piece of work magnificently carried out, and The Constitution deserves credit for the way that they secured the returns the day after the election. The papers in the south that could or would have done such a piece of work are few and far between.

MR. W. H. KISER: The Constitution did a splendid piece of work in getting the returns in such a complete manner the day after the election. When the people want the news they must turn to The Constitution, for there are few papers in the south that would have done such a big piece of work in such a complete manner.

MR. C. C. KERNODLE: That was a fine paper this morning, and I don't remember ever having seen election returns quite as complete as those given. The issue reflects great credit on those who got it out and the demand for papers down here early this morning was something great.

COLONEL ED CALLAWAY: The returns were excellent and could not have been more complete. I have seen a few papers in my time with election returns, but The Constitution this morning was a corker, and I read the whole account from first to last.

Dr. Seigert' Angostura Bitters excites appetite and keeps digestive organs in order.

### Cuban Filibusters Released.

New York, June 7.—The Cuban filibuster cases were nolli prossed in the criminal branch of the United States circuit court today by order of Attorney General Griggs. Judge Brown discharged a number of prisoners who had been bailed in $2,500.

# CANDLER MADE A CLEAN CAMPAIGN

## No Personal Abuse Was Aimed at Either of His Opponents.

## THE WINNERS ARE POPULAR

**They Were Surrounded All Day by Friends and Applicants.**

## CHAIRMAN DU BIGNON ON THE RESULT

**Colonel Ed T. Brown, Manager Candler Campaign, Says the Primary Purified State Politics.**

THE most popular men in the state yesterday were those who got majorities in Monday's election.

It was a case of the king is dead—long live the king.

The candidates who lost had messages and expressions of sympathy, but the victors received all the bouquets. It was a great day for the winners, and it was the first day in six months that they had experienced the sensation of being hunted up.

"I have been running around after other people for months," said one of the victors, "and this is the first time since last February that people have been chasing me."

Another of the winners said that he hardly knew what to do with himself. He had no occasion to buttonhole men and ask them for their support.

The successful men were surrounded all day by friends and applicants for positions. It was amusing to those who were not interested one way or the other to see the promptness with which applicants turned up. The Kimball's lobby was alive with the men who claimed to have done it.

Colonel Candler went up to the club's headquarters and he held a reception for an hour. Congratulatory messages which started early Monday night kept coming and as long as he remained up town he was surrounded by a crowd. He said the people did it and he was appreciative in his remarks. While he had been elected by the people time and again to positions of honor, he appreciated his vote for governor more than any other he had ever received. Colonel Candler stated that his administration would be run in the interest of the people of the state. He stated that he had no enemies to punish and no promises to fulfill.

### Colonel Brown the Toast.

Colonel Ed T. Brown was the toast of the day. His magnificent direction of the Candler campaign has won for him enthusiastic praise. He was a tireless worker and to his thorough organization is due a large part of the credit for the victory. Colonel Candler stumped the state and enthused the people while Colonel Brown perfected an organization which in war times brought out a good vote. Night after night he worked at headquarters until 12 o'clock answering correspondence and sending out literature to the voters.

Speaking yesterday of the campaign, Colonel Brown said that next to the satisfaction which he felt at the splendid majority which Colonel Candler received, he was gratified to reflect that from the Candler standpoint it had been a clean fight all the way through.

Colonel Candler, he said, is peculiarly a man of the people. The record which he made by fifteen years of public service could not be shattered by mere campaign rumors and personal abuse.

### A Clean Campaign.

"We can truly say and defy any one to prove to the contrary that anything of a personal or abusive character was sent out from Candler headquarters.

"Yesterday's election was the best day's work for the democracy of Georgia since reconstruction days. We can safely expect that never again in the history of this state will there be such a fight among democrats within the party organization. The overwhelming rebuke administered by the democratic party to such methods as I regret to say were resorted to by certain opponents of Colonel Candler, is a lesson to all future aspirants to party honors which will not soon be forgotten.

"The primary ordered by the state executive committee marks a new era in the politics of the state. It was the wisest step that the party could have taken to allow the people in each of the counties to express their choice uninfluenced by the action of any other county, and in requiring the vote to be cast direct for the candidates instead of for delegates, it was taken from the power of politicians to manipulate conventions and thwart the will of the people.

"This action of the committee, sanctioned as it has been by the overwhelming approval of the people, and taken as it was by unanimous action of the committee from the control of manipulators and given to the people where it belonged, assures to the democratic party of the state a continued and practically unresisted control of its affairs. When the asperities of the campaign are forgotten and its disappointments forgotten, all democrats will rejoice that the party has for a candidate a true and tried representative of the masses and that it has eliminated from its machinery the last suspicion of manipulation which unfortunately has injured it in the past."

### Chairman duBignon's View.

Hon. F. G. duBignon, chairman of the state democratic committee, was also in the city yesterday. He was an earnest and active supporter of Colonel Candler and was naturally much pleased at his great victory and especially at his large majority in Chatham. He said, when spoken to at the Kimball, that it was a magnificent victory; that it was a splendid tribute to the sterling worth of Colonel Candler and an indorsement of the high plane upon which his canvass was conducted. It was very gratifying to those connected with his campaign to reflect that neither Colonel Candler nor any one connected with him had indulged in personalities or abuse. Speaking generally, he said that the state primary had given general satisfaction to the party and no complaint could be fairly made at the manner in which it was conducted. The people of every county had been given a fair opportunity to express their choice, and he gave it as his opinion that Colonel Candler would be elected by a majority such as had not been given in Georgia for several years.

### A Close Estimate.

Colonel Candler's estimate of the number of votes he would receive was under the number actually obtained. He had figured out about 220 votes for himself in the convention with a chance of getting 250 out of 350. He will have 260.

The Candler people had claimed 100 counties all along and they got ninety-eight. That was a very close estimate. It was not a guess nor a boast, but the claim which was scoffed at by the opposition was based on dozens of reports from different sources in every county. Colonel E. T. Brown never gave out a statement for publication in regard to the number of votes he expected Colonel Candler to receive until the eve of the primary. Sunday morning's Constitution contained his estimate, which was that Colonel Candler would get 220 votes sure and would come nearer 250 than his opponents would approach 100. Colonel Brown's figures were under rather than over. This was the case with The Constitution's figures yesterday morning. They gave three of the close counties against Candler, while the official count yesterday changed these counties, Campbell, Paulding and Telfair, to the Candler column. These changes subtracted four from Judge Atkinson's total, reducing it to 30 votes and took two from Senator Berner, leaving him 58.

Candler got 260 to 90 for the opposition, or almost 3 to 1. One hundred and seventy-six votes will nominate in the convention. He has enough votes to be nominated on the first ballot if he had to have two-thirds of the convention instead of a majority.

### No More Mass Meetings.

Everybody declared that it was the most brilliant victory which has been won in this state in years, and every one admitted that it showed what the people can do when they have a chance to express their will at the ballot box.

Everybody said that the day of the court-house mass meeting has passed in Georgia. The people will never consent to give up the primary system and the next thing to be done will be to perfect legislation regulating primaries so that fraud in them will be punished as in regular elections. The strength of the politicians has been shorn and the power has been placed in the hands of the people.

Senator Phil Cook, for secretary of state; Judge J. S. Turner, for prison commissioner, and Hon. O. B. Stevens, for commissioner of agriculture, also made wonderful races. Their victories were greater than they had looked for, although each of these gentlemen had figured out total votes almost as large as the count showed for them.

### Commissioner of Agriculture.

Colonel Stevens, in his race for commissioner of agriculture, had the co-operation of Captain Robert F. Wright, of Elbert, who is to be assistant commissioner. This was an alliance of south Georgia and north Georgia, Colonel Stevens being from Terrell and Captain Wright from Elbert county. They swept the state from the ocean to the mountains. Colonel Stevens said that he had made no promise except that the department should be run in a business way and that there should be a hitching post up at the capitol where his farmer friends could tie their mules when they come to town.

"Captain Wright and I propose to devote our time and ability to making the department of agriculture of a benefit to the farmers of the state. We intend to put it in close touch with the farmers and give it that attention which will, if possible, make it the most useful branch of the state government to the farmers. We appreciate the work of our friends in our behalf and hope to merit by our administration the approval of all the people."

Both these gentlemen are practical farmers. They know what is wanted by the people and they are resolved to meet the wishes of their constituents in the conduct of the office.

Senator Phil Cook received hundreds of congratulations on his great race. He will have almost as many votes in the convention as Colonel Candler gets. Judge Turner has a chance to approach Colonel Candler's record, too. Senator Cook will fill the chair which was distinguished by his gallant father a few years ago.

### Campaign Opens in August.

The nominating convention meets in Atlanta on Wednesday, June 29th, three weeks today. There will be no deadlock over any office and all the nominees will go through like a flash. It may be that all opposition to the winners will be withdrawn before the convention is called to order. Hon. Fleming G. duBignon will call it to order. He is chairman of the executive committee and as such it will be his duty to call the body to order. A temporary chairman will be chosen and then a permanent organization will be made. The impression prevails that Mr. duBignon will be elected permanent chairman and it is not likely that he will have opposition.

The sentiment of the gentlemen who have carried the state is that the latter part of July or the early part of August will be quite soon enough to open the state campaign. It can be set down as a settled fact that the republicans will not put out a state ticket. They may fuse with the populists, but it is believed that a great proportion of the people's party will vote for Colonel Candler and come back into the democratic party.

The leading men in the populist party say that they will make the initiative and referendum the principal issue in the coming campaign. If this is to be the fight the colored vote will be eliminated in great measure from the campaign.

# ECONOMY AND PURE POLITICS ARE COL. CANDLER'S PLATFORM

Georgia's next governor, Colonel Allen D. Candler, was asked yesterday by a representative of The Constitution for an expression on the election and a suggestion of his policy when installed in office.

Colonel Candler replied by dictating the following statement:

"I am sincerely grateful to the people of Georgia for the splendid indorsement they have given me, and it shall be my most earnest endeavor if elected to give them what I promised in my letter of announcement—an old-fashioned, economical, unostentatious, democratic administration.

"I have made no pledges to anybody for anything. My administration will be dominated by no man or set of men, but while I am governor in name, I will be governor in fact, and in the matter of appointments I am absolutely free to consider only the merit of the applicant and the good of the state.

"I shall continue to be the earnest advocate of fair methods and clean politics. The safety of the state depends on the purity of the ballot.

"I shall endeavor to be tolerant toward all, democrats, populists and republicans alike, and to show to those democrats who have been induced to go into the third party to secure a redress of grievances that they have made a mistake and that the democratic party is the only people's party that ever has or ever can exist in this country.

"The acrimony engendered in this recent campaign inside our party has never found a lodgment in my bosom, and I have no friends to reward and no enemies to punish. My most earnest desire is to build up and strengthen the democratic party and give all the people a good, clean state administration.

### PATROLMAN GRANT SUSPENDED.

**His Case Is Similar to That of Detective Dave Looney.**

Yesterday Patrolman Tom Grant was suspended from the police force pending the investigation of charges which have been made against him.

Grant's case is similar to that of Detective Dave Looney. He is charged with interfering with a case in police court whereby the defendant was dismissed. It is said that Grant made a statement in court in the absence of the other arresting officer, Patrolman Jim Shepard, and the woman under arrest was turned loose by the recorder.

Grant states that he was one of the officers who made the case and he acted in the best of faith. The woman had been arrested with several others and was taken to the county jail before she could be tried in the police court. Afterwards she was rearrested and when the case was called Shepard was not present and Grant stated to the court the circumstances and the case was dismissed because the woman told a pitiful story to the recorder.

Grant and Looney will both be tried before the police board next Monday afternoon and in both cases the recorder will be the main witness.

Doctors Recommend
Horsford's Acid Phosphate
for Nervousness, Dyspepsia and Overwork.
Pleasant to take. Sold only in bottles.

# ATLANTA TROOPS COME HOME SICK

## Two Members of Capt. Bradley's Battery Are at General Hospital.

## VACCINATING ALL RECRUITS

**Some Lively Incidents Are Occasioned by the Compulsory Inoculation.**

## FIELD TELEGRAPH TRAIN TO LEAVE

**A Prisoner Was Brought to the Fort Yesterday Who Shot Himself To Get Out of the Army.**

TWO Atlanta boys who went to war with Captain Bradley's light battery were brought home sick yesterday and placed in the general hospital at Fort McPherson. The same train brought another sick Georgia soldier, of the First regiment, from southern Georgia.

The Atlanta boys are Privates Kates and Bosworth. They are members of light battery A, from this city, and have been stationed at Camp Northen. The other sick man is Corporal Harrell, of company G, First regiment.

Fever is the illness which has brought the three men from their ranks to the hospital. They are all suffering considerably, but the doctors have noted a slight improvement in the condition of each. They have been ill at the regimental hospital at Camp Northen for some time and their condition became so alarming that the surgeons there decided to send them to Atlanta. The men were promptly sent here and the post surgeons hope that they will soon be all right.

It is a remarkable fact that the three Georgians are the only volunteers in the general hospital here. There are over sixty men in the hospital, but all except these three are members of the regular army, and have been in the service quite a while. There is no explanation of the superior strength and endurance of the volunteers unless it be that they are a better class of men, say the officers at the fort.

### Colonel Cook Returns.

Colonel H. C. Cook returned to Fort McPherson yesterday from a visit to New York. He has been away about ten days, and Lieutenant Colonel Freeman has been in command of the post during that time.

He says that the war enthusiasm is very great in the east. He will resume command at the fort this morning. Colonel Freeman will remain at the post with the Fifth regiment.

### Vaccinating Recruits.

Cuba could have no horrors for the recruits at Fort McPherson compared to what they are facing now. There are very few of the men who have been vaccinated and all who have not good scars on their arms as proof of a successful inoculation with the virus will have to undergo the operation.

The work of vaccination was begun yesterday and large numbers of the soldiers were vaccinated, but it will require several days to finish up with all of the 2,000 recruits there.

There is much kicking among the men because they have to be vaccinated and many of them had rather be courtmartialed than to have their arms scratched and the virus injected. There are many ludicrous sights to be witnessed while the doctors are vaccinating. The compulsory inoculation of Atlanta's population last winter does not compare with the forcible vaccination out in Colonel Cook's own domain. The recruits who have been bragging about the manner in which they will slaughter Spaniards yell like children when the surgeon begins to use the sharp little points on the arms of the warriors. Hereafter all recruits will be vaccinated before going to their commands.

### Shot Himself To Quit Army.

Among the United States prisoners at Fort McPherson confined for violations of the army regulations is a man who was brought in yesterday morning to serve a term of two years' imprisonment for trying to get out of the army by disabling himself. The man's name is Mapes, and he was a private in company A, of the Eleventh infantry. He was stationed at Mobile until brought here.

It seems that Mapes was anxious to leave the army and he hit upon a plan which he thought better than deserting. It is claimed that he shot off one of his fingers, thinking that by so disabling himself he would be granted a discharge. He wasn't discharged, however, and instead of his little plan being successful, it brought him two years' imprisonment for mutilating his person for the purpose of getting out of the army.

### Fine Mules for Fort.

Thirty fine mules were sent to Lieutenant Normoyle, the quartermaster at the post, last week by Colonel Simpson, quartermaster of the department of the gulf. The mules are the best obtainable and are splendid looking animals. They will be used in the hard hauling work at the post.

### Telegraph Train Leaves.

Among the many daily evidences offered here that the invasion of Cuba is at hand was the significant order issued yesterday removing the field telegraph train from Fort McPherson to Tampa, Fla.

The train will be accompanied by the entire signal corps of the department here, numbering about twenty men under command of Lieutenant Clark, captain of the signal corps. The train will leave Atlanta tonight and will go direct to Tampa, where it will be sent over with the troops.

The field telegraph train is used only in time of war, when battles are being fought and opposing armies are not many miles separated. There are four sections of the train, each of which carries equipment and material sufficient to lay a telegraph wire fifteen miles. With the entire train a complete telegraph line can be laid a distance of sixty miles in a short time. The field train was formerly at Fort Sam Houston, Tex., and was brought here to be ready for the Cuban invasion.

# TO STOP TRANSFER OF NOTES.

**Mrs. Williams Does Not Want Her Notes Transferred by Bates-Farley Banking Company.**

Mrs. F. T. Lang and the Bates-Farley Banking Company were temporarily enjoined from transferring four notes given to Mrs. Lang by Mrs. P. H. Williams yesterday by Judge Lumpkin. The hearing for a permanent injunction is set for June 18th.

It is alleged in the bill that Mrs. Williams gave four notes to Mrs. Lang in security of a debt for $144. One paragraph of the petition reads: "Your petitioner shows that said notes and mortgage were given to secure the payment of a debt owing to said Mrs. Lang by her husband."

Mrs. Lang, it is alleged, negotiated the notes to the Bates-Farley Banking Company and now both the defendants are attempting to transfer them to third parties to make Mrs. Williams liable for the amount of them, which the latter claims she is not liable for under the present consideration.

Mrs. Williams asks that the defendants in the bill be enjoined from negotiating or transferring the notes.

# JOHN GASS, JR., GETS LOST.

**Police Look for the Eight-Year-Old Son of the New Rector of St. Luke's Church.**

The eight-year-old son of Rev. John Gass, the new pastor of St. Luke's church, got lost last night and the police were asked to find him.

About 8 o'clock a telephone message was sent to the police barracks asking that all the policemen be notified to look out for John Gass, Jr., aged eight years, who was lost. Rev. Mr. Gass arrived in Atlanta two nights ago and moved into St. Luke's parsonage, at No. 65 Merritts avenue. Yesterday afternoon John Gass, Jr., attended a meeting at the church and got lost trying to return home. He knew nothing about the city, and when he failed to show up two hours after the time he was due home his parents became alarmed and some of their friends sent the notice to police barracks.

The signal man repeated the request to all the patrolmen and the parents of the lost boy were told that they could rest assured he would be quickly returned to them.

An hour after the message was received at the barracks John Gass, Jr., much to the joy of his father and mother, was taken to his new home.

See our new line of belts just received at Foote's Trunk Factory, 17 East Alabama street, 'Phone 230. may 26 1m

### Extension of Sleeping Car Lines.

The Southern railway has extended its Chattanooga-Jacksonville sleeping car line to a through Chattanooga-Tampa line, leaving Atlanta daily on train No. 14, at 8:20 p. m., arriving Jacksonville 8:15 a. m., arriving Tampa 5:50 p. m. Returning, leave Tampa 7:30 a. m., leave Jacksonville 7 p. m., arrive Atlanta 7:15 a. m. The Chattanooga-Atlanta line on the night trains, Nos. 7 and 8, between Chattanooga and Atlanta, has also been extended to Jacksonville, and Pullman cars now leave Atlanta 5:20 a. m., arrive Jacksonville 9:25 p. m.; returning, leave Jacksonville 8 a. m., arrive Atlanta 7:45 p. m. This affords excellent service via the Southern railway between Atlanta and Florida. 6-8-3t

Cheapest outing of the year will be Atlanta Drummers' Seashore Excursion, June 11th, to Tybee. Round trip tickets only $3.50 via C. of Ga. Ry.

Underwear
Negligee Shirts

A line fully replete with every known up-to-date idea. This season will greatly increase our reputation for being first and foremost in this line. "Men's Haberdashery." Your inspection kindly solicited.

The Gay Co.

### IS IT COMING?

**The Possibility of a Summer Epidemic and a Few Words of Warning.**

Rumors of yellow fever have already been reported at Key West and two cases reached New York. The quarantine authorities are exercising unusual care to prevent the coming of cholera during the forthcoming summer. It is hoped these dreaded diseases will not visit us, but even should they not, there has been so much rain and there is so much poison in the air and water that the greatest care should be taken to keep in perfect health. Most summer diseases are dangerous and cannot easily be cured, but nearly every one of them can be prevented. But how? By heeding what the highest known medical authorities emphatically state. Professor Austin Flint, the leading professor in Bellevue college, in writing on this subject says: "The judicious use of alcoholic stimulants is one of the striking characteristics of progress in the practice of medicine during the last half-century."

The sentiment of the medical editors throughout the country is in the same direction, and Dr. J. E. Harper, editor of The Western Medical Reporter, of Chicago, says: "When an alcoholic stimulant is needed, Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey should be given. It is meeting with special favor from physicians."

There are no higher authorities than those above named. Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey will absolutely prevent summer diseases; impure whiskey will not.

ALL orders for these goods will be filled direct from Rochester, N. Y., or by the Potts-Thompson Liquor Co., of this city.

"You Will Find It at Kamper's"

Hot Weather Drinks

"VARTRAY" Ginger Ale, Sarsaparilla, Seltzer,

NONE BETTER, $1.25 DOZEN.

Bottled Cider, 10c bottle.
Ritter's Grape Juice.
Waukesha Ginger Ale, $2.50 doz.
Hires' Root Beer, $1.00 dozen.
California Unfermented Wine.

FOR ICED TEA
Russian Reserve, $1 pound.
"Elite" Blend, 50c pound.
"Yum Yum," 40c pound.

The Best Tea and Coffee Store,
The Coffee Roasters.
79 and 81 Peachtree Street.

ROOKWOOD.

We have just received many new shapes and colors in this famous ware. Loving Cups, Beer Mugs, Liqueur Jugs and a variety of odd pieces valuable to your collection. The bride will appreciate nothing so much as the piece of Rookwood you select for her. When you come in to see this new lot ask for a book giving the origin and short history of Rookwood.

MAIER & BERKELE,
31 Whitehall Street.

We Own
Summer Clothes

They Are Extra Good.
They Are for Sale.
The Prices Are Low.

Black and blue serge suits. Cool all-wool zephyr worsted suits. Light-weight fancy cheviot suits. Feather-weight homespun suits. Airy linen crash suits.

That's a partial list of the suits we have for sale that you are eager to wear in June. We want your interested attention. Follow the trend of our daily advertising and you'll be the gainer.

Suits for $7.50; others ask $10
Suits for $10; others ask $12
Suits for $12; others ask $15
Suits for $15; others ask $18
Suits for $18; others ask $22

Why are our prices less ?

Simply because we are manufacturers. We buy cloths straight from mills and produce the completed suits. Our organization is vast, artistic and conducted upon progressive, economical lines. No waste; no extravagance; no experiments; no mistakes and no failures. We save the consumer the profit usually made by the middleman. That means we save you a third. Yes, 33⅓ per cent. is a fair average of what you gain by buying here.

We are wonderfully strong on all lines of Outing and Negligee Clothes—Bicycle Suits, Shirts, Caps, Straw and Crash Hats, Belts, Golf Hose, Underwear and Neckwear.

Take Elevator for Boys' Clothing and Merchant Tailoring Departments

STORES { Atlanta, 15-17 Whitehall Street.
Washington, cor. Seventh and E Streets.
Baltimore, 213 W. German Street.

EISEMAN BROS.

# MERCHANTS DO UP CITY HALL TEAM

### No Very Brilliant Playing on Either Side Yesterday.

### CITY HALL NEEDS PRACTICE

### Harrison Played a Good Game at Second for City Hall.

### GAME WAS BADLY UMPIRED BY TURNER

### Grounds in Poor Condition—All Games This Week To Be Played at Piedmont Park.

THE baseball game between the Merchants and the City Hall at Piedmont park was not a very fine exhibition of baseball playing but while the game was not first class it was rather interesting at times, for it looked as if the score was going to be closer than it was. The Merchants were the favorites before the game opened, but after the first inning it looked like an even thing with the chances in favor of the City Hall Boys. But baseball has its ups and downs and the game yesterday was unusually full of these changes in fortune.

Umpire James Lynch was out of the city and the gentleman whom he left in his place umpired such a miserable game that it greatly marred the pleasure of the game. He was fair to both sides but he showed a poor knowledge of the game and made mistakes that went against both sides. Umpire Lynch will be back for the game tomorrow between the Press team and the Southern Shops team, and this game is looked forward to as one of the best games of the season. These two teams have both won a game each and as they are two of the best teams in the league the contest tomorrow will be a great one.

**The Game Yesterday.**

The game yesterday was without any very startling features in the way of brilliant plays. Lack of team work lost the game for the City Hall boys, but this can be overcome with practice. They have a good team, but they do not play together and the coaching is not what it should be. W. Harrison at second base, played a good game and he made one remarkable catch of a high fly ball that he had to run out in left field to get.

The game opened up with the City Hall boys at the bat and the first man up, Baldwin, got his base on four balls. He stole second and came home on a clean hit by Harrison. C. Murphy did not hit the ball and went out on three strikes. McCloud reached first on a wild throw to that base and Caldwell got a hit that scored both men. A stolen base, an error and a two-base hit by McGaughey brought Caldwell in and made five runs for the City Hall team before the side was retired.

It was a big start for a team to get, but the City Hall boys could not hold it long, and it only took the Merchants one time at the bat to score the same number of runs. Glenn was presented with first base. Herchersky struck out and then the old reliable Al Marshall hit the ball for two bases and Glenn reached third. Glenn scored on a passed ball and Mattison and Anderson were both given bases on balls. Bradbury hit the ball to right field, and it should have been out, but Smith made an error and one run scored. A two-base hit by Hall scored two more runs and the game was five and five.

After this inning the game commenced to drag and it was only a question of the side that had the best luck winning. It was one of those off days in baseball that neither club plays a good game or one that they can play on days when they are not off. It happens with the best of teams and it happened with the two teams yesterday. Ordinarily both of these two teams play a good game of ball, but they missed yesterday.

**The Official Score.**

The official score tells the story. Following is the score:

| City Hall— | ab. | r. | bh. | po. | a. | e. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Baldwin, c. | 1 | 3 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| W. Harrison, 2b. | 6 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 3 |
| C. Murphy, 3b. | 6 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
| McCloud, p. | 5 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Caldwell, 1b. | 6 | 1 | 2 | 10 | 0 | 1 |
| Smith, rf. | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| McGaughey, lf | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| E. Murphey, ss | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| Murray, cf. | 4 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 38 | 12 | 9 | 24 | 8 | 10 |

| Merchants— | ab. | r. | bh. | po. | a. | e. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Glenn, 3b. | 4 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| Herchersky, lf. | 6 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Marshall, 2b. | 6 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| Mattison, c. | 5 | 1 | 2 | 10 | 3 | 1 |
| Anderson, ss. | 6 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Bradbury, rf. | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hall, p. | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Mashburn, cf. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Dickerson, 1b. | 4 | 3 | 3 | 9 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 43 | 17 | 16 | 27 | 7 | 4 |

Score by innings—

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| City Hall | 5 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 2 | —12 |
| Merchants | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 7 | * | —17 |

Summary—Earned runs, City Hall, 1; Merchants, 2. Two-base hits, McGaughey, Caldwell, Marshall 2, Glenn, Hall. Three-base hits, W. Harrison. Struck out, by Hall, 3; by McCloud, 2. Bases on balls, off Hall, 6; off McCloud, 7. Stolen bases, City Hall, 21; Merchants, 3. Umpire, Turner. Scorer, Smith.

The grounds at Piedmont park are in poor condition and unless they are improved the teams declare that it will be impossible to play there. Good grounds are as essential to good ball as good teams are. All of the games this week will be played at Piedmont, but a great deal of work will have to be done if the teams do any kind of fine playing. The grounds are soft and full of grass that it take work to remove and make hard. The game tomorrow will be between two of the best clubs in the league. Umpire Lynch will be back and umpire the game, which is a guarantee that the umpiring will not be of the rank order that it was yesterday. The game will be called at 4 o'clock and there will be no admission charged at the gate.


Annual Sales over 6,000,000 Boxes

**BEECHAM'S PILLS**

FOR BILIOUS AND NERVOUS DISORDERS

such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Giddiness, Fulness after meals, Headache, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Costiveness, Blotches on the Skin, Cold Chills, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations. THE FIRST DOSE WILL GIVE RELIEF IN TWENTY MINUTES. Every sufferer will acknowledge them to be

A WONDERFUL MEDICINE.

BEECHAM'S PILLS, taken as directed, will quickly restore Females to complete health. They promptly remove obstructions or irregularities of the system and cure Sick Headache. For a

Weak Stomach
Impaired Digestion
Disordered Liver

IN MEN, WOMEN OR CHILDREN

Beecham's Pills are

Without a Rival

And have the LARGEST SALE of any Patent Medicine in the World.

25c. at all Drug Stores.


### NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES.

**Philadelphia 1, St. Louis 6.**

Philadelphia, June 7.—St. Louis defeated the Phillies through better playing, although the Quakers outbatted the Browns. Score:

| | | R | H | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Philadelphia | 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 | —1 | 9 | 2 |
| St. Louis | 1 2 0 0 1 2 0 0 0 | —6 | 6 | 0 |

Batteries—Piatt, Dunkel and McFarland; Taylor and Clements. Umpires, Emslie and Curry. Time, two hours.

**Baltimore 14, Louisville 3.**

Baltimore, June 7.—A base on balls, a hit batsman, two singles and five errors gave the Orioles the game in the first inning. Attendance 814. Score:

| | | R | H | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Baltimore | 6 3 0 2 0 3 0 0 x | —14 | 14 | 4 |
| Louisville | 2 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 | —3 | 7 | 8 |

Batteries—McJames and Robinson; Dowling and Wilson. Umpires, Snyder and Andrews. Time, two hours and ten minutes.

**Brooklyn 6, Cleveland 5.**

New York, June 7.—Brooklyn won a ten-inning game from Cleveland today. McAleer was hurt in the third inning, going after a long fly, and was forced to retire. Score:

| | | R | H | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Brooklyn | 1 1 2 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 | —6 | 11 | 2 |
| Cleveland | 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 3 1 0 | —5 | 11 | 1 |

Batteries—Kennedy and Ryan; McAllister and O'Connor. Umpires, Swartwood and Wood. Time, two hours and five minutes.

**Boston 9, Cincinnati 2.**

Boston, June 7.—Hamilton and Nichols won today's game by timely batting and the latter's effective pitching. Attendance, 3,500. Score:

| | | R | H | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Boston | 1 2 1 2 1 0 0 2 x | —9 | 14 | 3 |
| Cincinnati | 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 | —2 | 7 | 3 |

Batteries—Nichols and Bergen; Dwyer and Vaughan. Umpires, Cushman and Heydler. Time, one hour and fifty-four minutes.

**Chicago 3, New York 0.**

New York, June 7.—The first game of the Chicago series at the Polo grounds today was a pitchers' battle. Seymour's wildness in the eighth inning cost two of the three runs scored by the orphans. Attendance, 1,800. Score:

| | | R | H | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| New York | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | —0 | 6 | 0 |
| Chicago | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 0 | —3 | 4 | 1 |

Batteries—Seymour and Grady; Griffith and Donohue. Umpires, McDonald and O'Day. Time, two hours and nineteen minutes.

**Pittsburg 3, Washington 2.**

Washington, June 7.—Pittsburg won by strong batting in a good game. Attendance, 1,200. Score:

| | | R | H | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Washington | 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 | —2 | 5 | 2 |
| Pittsburg | 0 0 0 0 0 1 2 0 0 | —3 | 8 | 1 |

Batteries—Swaim and McGuire; Tannehill and Schriver. Umpires, Lynch and Connelly. Time, one hour and forty-five minutes.

### OAKLEY SPRING MEETING OVER.

**Latonia Races Will Begin Thursday with a Rich Derby.**

Cincinnati, O., June 7.—The spring meeting of the Cincinnati Jockey Club at Oakley closed today with a large crowd in attendance. Three Bars won the mile and an eighth handicap in a gallop at odds of 5 to 1.

Latonia's spring meeting will open on Thursday and the indications are that it will be one of the most successful ever given by that association. The Derby, worth $7,000, will be run on the opening day.

**Good Card at Gravesend.**

New York, June 7.—The good weather and card attracted a large crowd to Gravesend today. Cleophus, Simms up, and Geisha, ridden by Sloan, both odds-on favorites, in the Patchogue and Gazelle stakes, respectively, won their races by small margins.

**Entries at Gravesend.**

First race, six furlongs, handicap: Kinnikinic 140, Hanwell 132, Lambent 129 Dr. Sharp 127, Jefferson 123, Bastion 120, Formero 113.

Second race, maid, five furlongs and two yards: Marblehead 112, Armament 112, Windward 112, Imitation 112, Extreme 112, Rusher 112, Dr. Parker 112, Chopin 112, Topaz 112, Crocker 112, Lyric 109, Hilee 107, Lady Speerwell 104.

Third race, mile and a sixteenth, Spring Special: Typhoon II 122, Tillo 122, Dr. Catlett 122, Sly Fox 105, Hamburg 105, Hand Ball 105, Mont d'Or 105.

Fourth race, five furlongs and two yards: Formero 120, Mr. Clay 115, Mr. Phinizy 115, Extreme 113, Overboard 113, Chopin 103, Alreevis 100, Vanvar 100.

Fifth race, mile and one-eighth, selling: Ben Ronald 116, Ein 111, King T 110, Manassas 103, Decanter 92, Rappahannock 91.

Sixth race, one and three-quarter miles, handicap, Kensington hurdle: Sir Vassar 163, Marshall 157, Forget 149, Captain Piersall 143, Haphazard 142, Baby Bill 140, Castelton 137, Brown Red 130.


**Office Stationery**

And office supplies of all kinds at John M. Miller Co., 39 Marietta street.


### COMMENCEMENT AT WALESCA.

**Closing Exercises of the Reinhardt Normal College.**

Walesca, Ga., June 7.—(Special.)—The commencement exercises of the Reinhardt Normal college, last week, proved to be the most successful in the history of the institute and attracted a large attendance from all over the northern part of the state. The commencement sermon was delivered on Sunday morning by Rev. W. B. Stradley, followed by the missionary sermon of Rev. J. N. Snow. The exercises at the institute began on Monday morning with recitations and declamations of the sophomore closs, followed by the Freshman class in the afternoon and the primary and preparatory departments at night. On Tuesday morning the exercises of the junior class occurred, followed by an address by Rev. T. R. McCarty, and in the afternoon by the debate between th Pierce and Haygood societies. The prize drill in the afternoon was an interesting feature of the day, the Pettibone medal being won by Mr. Albert Burtz. Diplomas were delivered to the graduating class on Wednesday morning, the address being delivered by Rev. J. W. Roberts, followed by speaking in the afternoon by Hon. Carter Tate, concluding with the sham battle, which took place immediately after, and the drama, "The Confederate Spy," at night.

### TEACHERS GET PAY TODAY.

**Checks Have Been Made Out and Will Be Delivered This Morning by the Superintendent.**

Superintendent Slaton will today pay the teachers of the Atlanta public schools the last installment of their salaries for the year just closed. The checks have been made out and will be presented to the teachers when they call at Superintendent Slaton's office today.

Major Slaton will begin at once to make arrangements for the opening of the schools next September. Each schoolhouse will be thoroughly renovated and cleaned and the necessary repairs will be made.

In some of the schools the desks will be changed so as to give better light to the children, and everything conducive to the comfort and welfare of the pupils will be done. The supply of coal for the year will be obtained and when the schools open in the fall they will be in ship-shape condition for the reception of the children.

**Bold Thieves Rob Jewelry Store.**

St. Louis, Mo., June 7.—Today while Jacob F. Smith, a jeweler at 1545 South Broadway, was at lunch burglars broke open the back door of his establishment and looted it, taking eighteen trays of watches, diamonds and other jewelry valued at over $3,000. The merchant had left the store locked and was only four doors away at the time of the robbery, which took place in a crowded thoroughfare.

# WAS A GOOD YEAR FOR MERCER

### Graduating Exercises at the College Take Place Today.

### MEETING OF THE ALUMNI

### Complete Reorganization of the Association Effected.

### BACCALAUREATE ADDRESS BY PRESIDENT

### Short Sketches of the Young Men Who Will Receive Their Diplomas Today.

Constitution Bureau, Brown House, Macon, Ga., June 7.—(Special.)—Mercer closes the most successful year in her history. Under President Pollock's administration the college has made marked progress along all lines. He is the right man in the right place, and has endowed himself to every member of the student body. The magnificent college spirit that exists both among the students and faculty is a positive proof of the rapid advancement that the institution is making. The faculty and students work together in perfect harmony, and it can be truly said that there are no factions whatever in the college. The students, faculty and trustees alike, are highly elated over the good work that President Pollock has done for the institution.

The Alumni Association met today and was completely reorganized, with ex-Governor Northen as president; Rev. A. A. Marshall, D.D., as vice president, and Professor W. H. Kilpatrick as secretary

The junior exhibition was held tonight.

**Graduating Exercises.**

The graduating exercises take place today. The senior speakers are the following: J. E. Briggs, "Higher Education of the People;" F. S. Burney, "Blood Will Tell;" B. M. Calloway, Jr., "The Modern Newspaper;" A. J. Johnson, "Political Principles that Endure;" T. C. Kendrick, "The Tendencies Toward the Unity of Man;" A. F. O'Kelly, "The New Man;" P. S. Pearson, "This Country of Ours."

The baccalaureate address will be delivered by President Pollock. Diplomas for A. B. and B.S. degrees will be delivered by President Pollock, and those for B.L. degree by Judge Emory Speer.

The class of '98 is an exceptionally promising one, having started with forty-four men and graduating twenty-four. The following is personnel and brief sketch of the graduating class:

M. W. Bargeron, Sardis, Ga., was prepared for college at Locust Grove institute. He was business manager of Mercerian for '18, editor of Kinetoscope for '98, and will graduate with A. B. degree. Mr. Bargeron will take a special course in English and pedagogy at the University of Chicago. He will teach.

W. A. Boyd, Macon, Ga., was prepared for Mercer at North Georgia Agricultural college. He is a candidate for A. B degree; sophomore speaker He will take a course in theology at Louisville, Ky.

J. E. Briggs, Bushy Forks, N. C. is sophomore, junior and senior speaker; won the junior medal in oratory. Is impromptu for '97, candidate for A. B. degree, and will take a course in theology at Louisville.

C. M. Brittain, Atlanta, Ga., was prepared for college at Covington High school; freshman and sophomore speaker, class president for '94 and '95, vice president for '97 and '98, Young Men's Christian Association's president for '98 and a candidate for the A. B. degree. He will take a course in theology at Louisville. He is a member of Kappa Alpha fraternity.

F. S. Burney, Madison, Ga., was prepared for college at Madison High school; freshman, sophomore, junior and senior speaker; class orator for '98, editor of The Annual for '98; will graduate with A. B. degree. He will study medicine at Baltimore. He is a member of the Phi Delta Theta fraternity.

B. M. Callaway, Jr., Washington, Ga., was prepared at Washington High school; sophomore and senior speaker; won sophomore medal in oratory; class president for '98, editor of The Annual for '98; president of the Oratorical Association of '98. Will take a course in history and philosophy at the University of Chicago; A. B. degree. He is a member of the Phi Delta Theta fraternity.

Gordon Chasan, Iron City, Ga., prepared at Bethel Male college, sophomore speaker class treasurer '98, B. S. degree. Will study medicine at Baltimore; member of Sigma Nu fraternity.

I. J. Evans, Halcyondale, Ga., Halcyondale High school, debater '97 and debater '98, freshman speaker, A. B. course; study law.

N. W. Evans, Halcyondale, Ga., Halcyondale High school; editor-in-chief Mercerian '98, debater '97, A. B. course; will take special course in electricity and mathematics.

J. F. Falligant, Halcyondale, Ga., Halcyondale High school; editor Mercerian '97, B. S. degree; will teach.

J. H. Fillyaw, Doles, Ga., Ashburn High school, class historian '98, B. S. degree; will study art at New York and Paris.

J. C. Flannigan, Algernon, Ga., Perry-Rainey college; debater '98 and Mercer-Athens debater '98, B. S. degree; will study law at University of Virginia.

A. J. Johnson, Acworth, Ga., Acworth High school; freshman, sophomore, junior and senior speaker; editor of Kinetoscope '98, A. B. degree; will take course in theology at University of Chicago.

J. T. Jolly, Jackson, Ga., Jackson institute; impromptu speaker '97 and '98; debater '98, B.S. degree; will take law at University of Virginia; member of Signa Nu fraternity.

T. C. Kendrick, Willet, Ga., Winton High school; freshman, sophomore, junior and senior speaker, class president '97, A. B. degree; will take course at University of Chicago; will teach; member Sigma Nu fraternity.

W. P. Martin, Murphy, N. C., Hiawassee High school, A. B. degree; law at University of Virginia.

F. J. Massenburg, Macon, Ga., Gresham High school, B. S. degree; will study medicine.

A. F. O'Kelly, Dip, Ga., Hiawassee High school; junior and senior speaker, editor Kinetoscope '98, class president '96, A. B. course; will study theology at Louisville.

A. G. Overton, Union Point, Ga., Woodville High school, class historian '96, junior speaker, A. B. degree; will take chemistry at University of Chicago; member of Sigma Nu fraternity.

P. S. Pearson, Lumpkin, Ga., Lumpkin High school, freshman, sophomore and junior speaker orator of Founder's day '95, debater '97, editor Annual '97, impromptu speaker '97, vice president Oratorical Association '97, class president '98, vice president Young Men's Christian Association '98, A. B. degree; will take law at Columbia university. He is a member of the Phi Delta Theta fraternity.

G. C. Price, Macon, Ga., first honor at Gresham High school, junior Greek medal, freshman and junior speaker; leads class '98, A. B. degree; will teach; member of Phi Delta Theta fraternity.

A. E. Ransom, Fairmount, Ga., Fairmount college, debater '98, editor Annual '98, class prophet '98, speaker '97, B. S. degree; will take law at Johns Hopkins; member of Kappa Alpha fraternity.

H. A. Stovall, Lavonia, Ga., John Gibson institute, A. B. degree; will go to Peabody Normal college; will teach.

C. R. Moore, Atlanta, Ga.; will take German at Johns Hopkins and in Germany.

**Death of Professor Owens.**

Steele, Ala., June 7.—(Special.)—Professor William Owens, superintendent of the public schools and republican candidate for probate judge, was buried here today. He went to Birmingham for an operation caused by appendicitis, but died within an hour after reaching there.

**Elected New Officers.**

Capitol lodge, No. 60, Independent Order Odd Fellows, last night elected the following officers for the six-month term beginning July 1st: J. T. Johnson, noble grand; Joseph Gross, vice grand, and J. W. Rice, secretary. Milton Camp, treasurer, and John Fickin, syndic, hold over another term. Capitol lodge is in a flourishing condition and every month sees several additions to its already large membership.

# EMORY'S BANQUET A GRAND AFFAIR

### Bishop Candler and Dr. Dowman Cheered as They Entered Hall.

### SPEECHES THAT WERE MADE

### Dr. Andrew Spoke on Trials and Temptations of Life.

### GENERAL EVANS PAID TRIBUTE TO LEE

### Dr. Morrison on the Class of '98—President Dowman's Address Came Next—All Heartily Cheered.

Emory College, Oxford, Ga., June 7.—(Special.)—The alumni banquet was a grand success. Long before the appointed hour the campus just in front of Seney hall was alive with old and young Emory boys. The more recent classes gave their old college songs and cheers while the classes of the long ago grouped together to quietly talk of those college days that can never be forgotten.

All marched in by classes and though the first class that was ever graduated was called, and so on in order until the class of 1898, no response was received until the class of 1843. From then on until classes of 1861 to 1865 were called all had representatives. But there was not a man on the campus who did not know where the Emory boys who would have graduated in their classes were. They had left the college and gone to the front to defend mothers, sweethearts and homes.

Bishop Candler and Dr. Dowman were heartily cheered as they headed the procession to the banquet hall. As the class of 1859 passed they were wildly applauded. This class contained the late Bishop Haygood, Dr. J. W. Heidt, Dr. I. S. Hopkins, and the lamented R. U. Hardeman besides other distinguished men.

An elegant menu was served, after which Bishop Candler, who was president of the association, called for order and introduced Dr. James O. Andrew, of the class of 1869. Dr. Andrew had chosen as his subject "The Danger of Mature Life." Dr. Andrew spoke of trials and temptations that beset a man after leaving college and showed our lofty ideals should not be lowered even to purchase success. It was a splendid address, eloquently delivered.

General C. A. Evans responded to President Candler's call for a speech on "The Christian College and Nation." General Evans spoke with great effect and at his conclusion he paid a most beautiful tribute to General Robert E. Lee and Bishop George Foster Pierce, the two men whom the general said had most influenced him.

Joel T. Daves responded to "The Christian College and Christian Church." His speech was listened to with great interest.

C. W. Morrison responded to "The Class of 1898," and placed his class immediately in the high esteem of the association by his well worded and enthusiastic speech.

**President Dowman's Speech.**

Dr. Charles E. Dowman was then called for and made a noble speech pledging his every effort to old Emory. He spoke in part as follows:

"Mr. President and Brethren of the Alumni Association: One evening in March, 1869, just as the sun was going down I unhitched a team of horses which I think had gone through the war, from the plowstock with which I had been turning the soil of my father's farm and which had belonged to a presiding elder—one spoken of this evening. I turned my way the next morning with few and simple blessings and tried to get an education to enter the ministry of the Methodist church. I have stayed in many places since then. I have heard a good many voices calling me. I have seen many things in the providence of God in my own life and in the life of those whom I have loved and in the fortunes of the church that I believe I love more than my life and as far as was in me, I have tried fully the office calling me to it, and when on Saturday evening last a little after sundown, summons came from the retiring president and chairman of the board of trustees of Emory college that I had been called to take up this work I could not find it in my heart to refuse. With that sense of responsibility which so nearly stunned me as I read the telegram in my home, I could not find it in my heart to refuse. For more than twenty-nine years I have known the little town of Oxford and have been familiar with the faces and scenes of this God-blessed and honored spot, and as I came back tonight thinking of the days that have been, when in school, first under the instruction of two men who used to teach in the old prayer chapel—they used to call them 'Trip' and 'Towser' for short—and when under the instruction of these two men and since under others, when I entered college proper and came under the instruction of my first teacher here, Sid Lewis, now editor of the Sparta Ishmaelite, and Dr. Hopkins, then professor of natural science and teacher of geometry, and others who have gone the way of all men, I feel that the years have gone apace and I have done but little, but in the providence of God I have come here tonight to take up another work for me to do—a greater work—and to make a greater self-sacrifice if indeed it must be made in this case and the case of Christian education—and, God helping me, I am willing to do the best I can, and as I stand here tonight and look into the faces of those present I feel that I am standing in the footsteps of that illustrious man and president—our bishop who has just spoken—and I feel that it is an honor.

"I thank you for the many kind things you have done for me and the many cheering words already spoken during the few hours I have been with you. I need your love and your co-operation and your promises to do more than has been done to build up the institution. During the decade the Methodists made no mistake when they put and kept Warren A. Candler at its head. In view of these things, if there is anything in me of usefulness and service it ought to come out, and by your help and God's blessings it may."

Many were the cheers for the new president and all feel sure that Emory is safe in his hands.

President Candler here announced that he would entertain nominations for the yearly association officers.

Hon. H. E. W. Palmer was nominated and elected in the twinkling of an eye. This was a very high tribute to the esteem in which he is held by the alumni, for he was once before president of the association. Mr. Palmer expressed his thanks in an eloquent and emotional speech.

Dr. I. S. Hopkins was honored by being made vice president. Dr. Hopkins has done a great deal for Emory and was once her president.

Professor H. S. Bradley was elected secretary and Professor H. H. Stone treasurer.

Walter B. Palmer, class of 1877, was elected alumni orator for next year. A resolution of thanks to Dr. Andrews for his excellent address was adopted.

By motion a letter is to be written to Rev. Robert W. Lovett, of the class of 1843, expressing the association's regret at not having him with them. Rev. Mr. Lovett is the oldest living alumnus and has been in very feeble health.

**Regular Commencement Exercises.**

The junior medal for the best speech, taking into consideration both the matter of the speech and the manner of delivery, was awarded to Robert Campbell, of Stone Mountain.

Wednesday is the grand day of commencement, senior day. Forty-one will receive diplomas. The exercises on this day are always interesting and the speakers for the class of '98 are good ones. The baccalaureate address by Bishop Candler and the valedictory by Mr. M. M. Murphey will be the events of the day.

The following is the programme of senior day:

Music.

Prayer.

R. B. Dixon (second honor), West Point, Ga.—"Salutatory," in Latin.

Groves Colbert, Cassville, Ga.—"Scholarly Influence."

I. T. Irvin, Washington, Ga.—"Duty."

Music.

R. B. Dixon, West Point, Ga.—"Activity Related to Success."

A. K. McKemie, West Point, Ga—"America's Literature."

C. W. Morrison (third honor), Rome, Ga.—"The Purpose of History."

Music.

C. M. Samford, Tampa, Fla.—"Battle of Tours."

E. L. Sparkman, Tampa, Fla.—"Thomas Jefferson."

Richard Speer, Covington, Ga.—"Effort of the Money Power."

Music.

John S. Tilley, Conyers, Ga.—"The Injustice of History to the South."

H. M. Wade (fourth honor), Smith's Station, Ala.—"The Tendency of the Age."

J. C. Wooldridge, Columbus, Ga.—"The Spanish-American War."

Music.

M. M. Murphey (first honor), Barnesville, Ga.—"Wealth and the Nation—Valedictory."

Music.

Baccalaureate address and conferring of degrees by President W. A. Candler.

Benediction.

This afternoon the several classes gave an exhibition drill in the gymnasium work that has been so successfully carried on this year. Professor F. B. Brown, the gymnasium director, has labored earnestly in this department and has earned the reward that always comes to the untiring worker, success. Professor Brown has every reason to be proud of the showing that the boys made this afternoon. Maurice Thompson, the author from Indiana, will tonight deliver the literary address before Few and Phi Gamma societies. Quite a large audience is expected out to hear this celebrated man. There are a number of distinguished men attending Emory's commencement this year. Governor W. Y. Atkinson is down this afternoon for the literary address tonight and the baccalaureate, together with the other exercises of tomorrow.

Rev. Charles C. Carson, pastor of Flemington Presbyterian church, will preach the commencement sermon of the South Georgia college at Thomasville next Sabbath.





**A.C. WOOLLEY,**

**Groceries, Grain and Produce**

NO. 7 NORTH FORSYTH STREET.
TELEPHONE NO. 298.

| | |
|---|---|
| Ch. wh. Corn | 52c |
| Ch. wh. Oats | 42c |
| Bran | 90c |
| No. 1 Timothy Hay | 85c |
| Best Bolted Meal | 47c |
| Cotton Seed Meal | 90c |
| Cotton Seed Hulls (ton) | $5 00 |
| Flour, Virginia (best pat.) | $6 00 |
| Flour, Rex (half pat.) | $5 65 |
| Wilbur's Stock and Chicken Powders | |
| Rock Salt for Horses and Cows | |
| Potatoes | $3 50 |
| Onions (per bu.) | $1 30 |
| Whole Wheat Flour (per bbl.) | $7 00 |
| Buckwheat Flour (per bbl.) | $7 00 |


**MEETING.**

**Atlanta Commandery, No. 9, K. T.**

Sir Knights—Attend stated stated conclave your commandery at the asylum, Masonic hall, Chamber commerce building, at 8 p. m., this (Wednesday) night. Visiting Sir Knights courteously invited to attend. By order

T. H. JEFFRIES, Em. Com.

M. B. TORBETT, Recorder.


**FOR RENT** Get one of our weekly rent bulletins giving full description of everything to rent. We move tenants free. See notice. John J. Woodside, the Renting Agent, No. 60 Broad street.

**For Rent by D. P. Morris & Sons, 41 North Broad Street.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 13-r. h., | Jackson street | $40 00 |
| 10-r. h., | Walton street | 50 00 |
| 10-r. h., | Courtland street | 35 00 |
| 12-r. h., | Washington street | 35 00 |
| 10-r. h., | Druid circle | 30 00 |
| 16-r. h., | Peachtree street | 40 00 |
| 9-r. h., | Peachtree street | 37 50 |
| 8-r. h. | Thirteenth street | 25 00 |
| 8-r. h., | Spring street | 22 50 |
| 8-r. h., | Magnolia street | 12 50 |
| 8-r. h., | East Fair street | 18 60 |
| 8-r. h., | South Pryor street | 15 00 |
| 7-r. h., | Mangum street | 15 00 |
| 7-r. h., | Boulevard | 23 00 |
| 7-r. h., | Crumley street | 20 00 |
| 7-r. h., | West Baker street | 25 00 |
| 7-r. h., | Yonge street | 17 00 |
| 6-r. h., | Warren place | 15 00 |
| 6-r. h., | Luckie street | 16 60 |
| 5-r. h., | Stonewall street | 12 00 |

**For Sale by C. H. Girardeau & Co., 8 E. Wall Street.**

$3,500 will buy new 9-r. h., with large new barn; all modern conveniences; lot 100x200; easy terms.

135 acres one mile of railroad depot: 30 acres fine bottom; in high state of cultivation. Price $1,800—one-third cash, balance to suit.

10 acres ¾ mile from electric car line; 5-r. h., and large barn; will exchange for good rent-paying city property.

Can sell a nice 6-r. h. on Georgia avenue, near Washington, at a bargain for cash. Bring in your money.

$1,200 will buy a store and 3 rooms on Decatur street, near Boulevard; "a good spec in this."

Call in to see us and call for T. H. Sappington.

**ROOMS—WANTED—ROOMS.**

TWO connecting unfurnished rooms for lady and gentleman, with privilege of board; will pay good price for nice location. Address Business, Constitution Office. 6-8-3t wed fri sun

**FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.**

FOR SALE—25 barrels Irish potatoes; now ready for planting; plant now and make good fall crop. Mark W. Johnson Seed Co., 35 South Pryor street. 6-7-2t

FOR SALE—The best 90-inch Morse compress ever built by the Reading Iron Works, Pennsylvania. John C. Hurter & Co., Montgomery, Ala. may14-3t

**WANTED—Salesmen.**

$15 TO $50 WEEKLY and expenses paid salesmen to sell cigars to dealers on time; experience unnecessary. C. C. Bishop & Co., St. Louis, Mo. july 4—13m

# Virginia Mountain Resorts

.....AND.....

## Country Homes for Summer Boarders

.....ON THE LINE OF THE.....

## CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO RAILWAY.

GREATEST ELEVATION; BEST SUMMER CLIMATE; GREATEST VARIETY OF MINERAL SPRINGS; GRANDEST MOUNTAIN SURROUNDINGS.

Dr. Joseph Holt, who ranks among the foremost sanitarists of the world, says: "I consider the mountains of Virginia as a natural sanitarium where visitors from warm latitudes, and especially from crowded centers, may surely enjoy the benefits of waste-restoring stimulus, which insures a rapid recuperation and the very best preparation for renewed health and a long sustained activity in the occupation of a busy and often overworked life."

The section of country referred to by Dr. Holt is the mineral springs region of the Blue Ridge and Alleghany Mountains, reached by the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway, one of the safest, best equipped and most picturesque lines in America.

In this favored region, at an average elevation of 2,500 feet, are the VIRGINIA HOT SPRINGS, with a magnificent new hotel, the most luxurious and complete bathing establishment in this country (every bath being from flowing springs of natural hot water), beautiful new casino, golf links and club house, bicycle path, livery and riding school; THE HEALING SPRINGS, two and one-half miles, and THE WARM SPRINGS, five miles distant from the Hot Springs, both quiet and home-like resorts; THE GREENBRIER WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, for generations the central point of reunion for the best society of the North and South; OLD SWEET SPRINGS, SWEET CHALYBEATE SPRINGS, RED SULPHUR SPRINGS, SALT SULPHUR SPRINGS, ROCKBRIDGE ALUM SPRINGS, NATURAL BRIDGE, THE ALLEGHANY HOTEL, NIMROD HALL and many other well-known health and pleasure resorts.

Descriptive pamphlets, excursion rates, etc., can be obtained by addressing City Ticket Agents of Connecting Lines, Atlanta, Ga. may 17-15t eod

**STORAGE.**

SECURITY WAREHOUSE CO.—Storage of all kinds; separate rooms for furniture. Foundry street and W. and A. R. R. Telephone 1956, 2 calls.

**BUSINESS PERSONALS.**

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION—The firm of Eve & Bernard (R. C. Eve and A. H. Bernard) is this day dissolved by mutual consent. June 4, 1898. (Signed) R. C. Eve A. H. Bernard. 6-8-4t

THE FIRM of the Atlanta Basket and Veneer Company, composed of R. C. Benjamin, Manager, and Sam. Iseman, Secretary and Treasurer, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, R. C. Benjamin continuing the business and assuming all liabilities. R. C. Benjamin, Wm. Iseman.

OUR "Daily Construction Bulletin" furnishes building news from all the southern states, and is invaluable to contractors, architects and supply dealers. Press clippings on all subjects. Also names and addresses for circulars and catalogues. Southern Press Clipping Bureau, Atlanta, Ga.

**PERSONAL.**

NOTICE is hereby given that the Atlanta Exposition Park Company will apply at the next meeting of general council for a beer license at Exposition park. John W. Riddle, secretary. 6-7-4t

**TYPEWRITERS AND SUPPLIES.**

TYPEWRITERS—You can get from the Southern Typewriter Headquarters, 41½ Peachtree street, Atlanta, Ga., any make of typewriter, at any price. For cash or on time. Good machines, from $10 up. Repairing a specialty. may13-1m

**MONEY TO LOAN.**

BARKER & HOLLEMAN negotiate loans on Atlanta real estate and Georgia farm lands. Gould building, Atlanta.

WEYMAN & CONNORS negotiate loans on city property at 6 and 7 per cent. Money ready for parties wanting quick loans. Call in person. No. 825 Equitable building.

FARM LOANS a specialty; lowest rates; payments made to suit. Come direct to W. P. Davis, attorney, 613 Temple Court.

5 TO 8 PER CENT loans negotiated on real estate, one to ten years. I guarantee to save you money, no matter what price is made you elsewhere; purchase money notes wanted. W. A. Foster, 45 Marietta street.

LOANS made on real estate at low rates of interest without commission, and returned in monthly installments. Purchase money notes bought. Edward S. McCandless, cashier Southern Loan and Banking Co., No. 9 E. Alabama street.

V. F. PICKERT, broker and jeweler, 6½ Whitehall street, upstairs, makes loans on diamonds, watches, jewelry, etc. All business strictly confidential.

LOANS made promptly on real estate or satisfactory collateral at lowest rates of interest. Equitable Loan and Security Co., Gould building.

SAMUEL BARNETT, No. 537 Equitable building, negotiates real estate mortgages, loans on property in or near Atlanta. Borrower can pay back any way he pleases.

6 PER CENT—6 per cent loans negotiated on choice improved farm, city and town property in Georgia. Address T. W. Baxter & Co., Atlanta, Ga.

**LOST.**

LOST—Bunch of keys; finder please return to 21 East Alabama street and get reward. Henry Wellhouse.

**WANTED—Houses.**

WANTED—By a young married couple a 5 or 6-room cottage on north side; must be first class and in good neighborhood. Address J. O. A.

**FOR RENT—Furnished Rooms.**

HANDSOMELY furnished double rooms; bath and attendance; summer rates, transiently or weekly. 85 Madison ave., New York city, near 28th st. 6-8-3t

**SUMMER RESORTS.**

MONTE VISTA—One of Morganton's beautiful homes delightfully situated, with large lawn; modern house with airy rooms. For terms address Mrs. D. McKenzie, Morganton, N. C. 6-8-6t

**We Pay Cash for Old Gold and Silver**

**JULIUS R. WATTS & CO., JEWELERS.**

51 Whitehall Street.

**WANTED—MALE HELP.**

$100 PER MO. and exp. to travel with our machines; exp. unnecessary; chance to advance. Unique Talking Machine Co., N. Y. City. 6-8-2t sun, wed.

MAN to travel and appoint agents; $40 per month and expenses. P. W. Zeigler & Co., 220 Locust street, Philadelphia. 6-8-wed, sat, sun

SALESMEN to sell cigars to dealers; we pay $60 to $200 per month salary and expenses; experience unnecessary; permanent position. The De Mora Cigar Co., Springfield, O. 6-5 3t

$15 TO $35 a week and expenses paid men to sell cigars on time; experience unnecessary. W. L. Kline Co., St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED—Twenty-five harness makers this week. Bona Allen, Buford, Ga. 6-5 4t

**HELP WANTED—Female.**

WANTED—An experienced white chambermaid at Hotel Alhambra, Peachtree st.

LADY of good address to travel for old-estab. firm; $40 per mo. and expenses. P. W. Zeigler & Co., 220 Locust st., Philada. 6-8-wed, sat, sun

**SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.**

WANTED—A young school girl, good penman and quick at figures, desires position in an office, store or lunch room. Jessie Broward, 270 Houston st., City. 6-8-3t

**WANTED—Agents.**

WANTED—Special representatives for a most important work by the great historian, John Clark Ridpath—"The Life and Times of Gladstone." Territory will soon be gone. Apply at once. The Martin & Hoyt Co., Forsyth and Peters streets.

AGENTS WANTED for "Our Naval War With Spain." Splendidly illustrated; only authentic book to be published. Free outfit now ready; act quick. National Pub. Co., Lakeside building, Chicago. 6-5-7t

AGENTS WANTED—Evangelina Cisneros, the beautiful Cuban girl, rescued by Karl Decker; her own story; a book of thrilling interest, rapid seller; money maker. Outfit 50 cents. B. F. Johnson Pub. Co., 3-5 S. 11th st., Richmond, Va. june 5-7t

WANTED—A reliable man as agent for our wines for Atlanta and vicinity. Address the Pacolet Grape Juice Co., Tryon, N. C. 6, 4—7t

**FOR RENT—Miscellaneous.**

FOR RENT—Space in one of the best offices in Equitable building; cheap. Call 836 Equitable.

**FOR RENT—Houses, Cottages, Etc.**

6-ROOM HOUSE and servants' house, 108 East Ellis street, $20; see this if you want to get near in. C. H. Girardeau & Co. 8 East Wall street. 6-8-3t

FOR RENT—One 5 and one 6-room cottage, convenient to both car lines, shade, good water and excellent neighborhood, cheap. Apply Mrs. G. A. Durham, Decatur. 6-5 sun wed

FOR RENT—An up-to-date, eleven-room house; No. 260 E. Cain street; all modern conveniences and comforts. M. L. Thrower, 88 S. Forsyth street. 6-7-4t

FOR RENT—The best 10-room modern house in city. Rhodes, Snook & Haverty. 6-7-2t

EIGHT-ROOM brick house, No. 17 East Fair for rent; all modern conveniences. Apply 227 Whitehall street. june5-4t

**BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.**

HAIR EMPORIUM FOR SALE—A good opportunity offered to a lady with small capital; will teach how to make perfumes, toilet articles, etc.; no need to work unless especially desire; for particulars call or write to Mrs. Louis Mazade, hair dresser, 16½ Whitehall street. 6-8-4t

WAR ASSURES big profits; $100 invested by my "Safe Method in Grain or Stocks" will pay $1,000 within thirty days; write for particulars Richard Oliver, banker and broker, Chicago Stock Exchange, Chicago. 6-5 sun wed

# SLAYER OF CONLEY NOW A FREE MAN

## John Cox Found Not Guilty by Jury After Two Hours' Deliberation.

## PRISONER SHOWED NO EMOTION

**Lawyers Make Strong and Forceful Arguments for Both Sides.**

## MANY OTHER CASES ARE DISPOSED OF

**Judge Candler Rushes Business and Will Soon Clear the Docket of Many Misdemeanor Offenses.**

JOHN COX was yesterday acquitted of the murder of John Conley at East Point several months ago. The jury, after being out two hours, returned a verdict releasing the prisoner and setting down the deed as a justifiable one, committed in self-defense.

Cox showed no emotion when the verdict was read. His eyes slightly closed as he looked upon the floor and immediately after Judge Candler announced that he was at liberty he went with his attorneys out of the courtroom. His uncle, who has been attending the trial, accompanied him.

The argument of the case began when court convented yesterday morning and some of the most brilliant speeches that have been delivered before a court in this city in a long time were made. Mr. L. Z. Rosser, Mr. Reuben Arnold and Judge John T. Pendleton argued for the defense and Solicitor Hill and Colonel T. W. Rucker for the prosecution.

The evidence was taken up in every particular and analyzed, especially by the defense, until it left the prosecution almost without a case. Mr. Rucker, in closing, made a strong and vigorous argument for the prosecution. Malice on the part of Conley was the theme of the defense and every effort was made to show this feature of the case in a strong light.

Conley's character in the neighborhood was dwelt upon by the lawyers and had much effect on the jurymen. The evidence of the prosecution was attacked on the ground that the witnesses who testified so positively to the crime were not in a position to see what they swore did happen. One of the persons who saw the principal portion of the murder was C. Q. Trimble, but he was not placed on the stand by either side. The defense took this as a strong point for them, saying that the prosecution feared Trimble knew too much and was afraid he would tell.

**The Charge of the Court.**

Judge Candler charged the jury at 2 o'clock. He went exhaustively into the law of the case and his able charge gave the jury a clear understanding of the points of law and evidence it was to consider in making up a verdict.

Before the verdict was made up Judge Candler instructed the bailiffs to watch closely and if any cheering or applauding was heard in the courtroom to arrest the parties offending. The verdict was read, but there was no sign of approval or disapproval on the part of the crowd in the courtroom.

**Many Cases Disposed Of.**

A large number of cases were disposed of during the day. Besides the Cox case, which consumed over half the time, over twenty-two cases were cleared from the docket. This is almost a record for fast work. Judge Candler will finish his court today if the rapid rate which he has commenced continues. During the two days the court has been in session there have been about forty cases heard. Some of the defendants plead guilty, but many of them are taken up and tried by juries. As many as three juries have been out at one time.

Court convenes at 8 o'clock and adjourns in the afternoon about 6:30 o'clock. The cases being heard in the court are largely misdemeanors.

The sentences imposed on Monday aggregated thirty-one years and those yesterday very nearly as much. Many of the prisoners go to the county chaingang, as they are sent up for only twelve months.

# BOSTWICK IS SENT TO JAIL.

**Spalding County Was the Scene of Butler Bostwick's Alleged Evil Doings.**

Judge N. R. Broyles yesterday morning remanded Butler Bostwick, of Spalding county, to jail in default of a $200 bond, on his being found guilty of illicit distilling of whisky. Last March Deputy Collector Dismuke, of Spalding county, in company with a large party of revenue agents, raided a still in that county and met with strong resistance from a number of moonshiners collected in the place.

The raid was made at night and a desperate fight took place between the officers and the party of moonshiners. Several shots were exchanged and in the melee one of the deputies was slightly wounded.

The lawbreakers soon broke from their retreat, leaving the still in the hands of the officers. Most of them effected their escape and took refuge in the wild portions of Henry county. As the moonshiners stampeded from their hiding place, Deputy Collector Dismuke claims that he recognized Butler Bostwick in the party and a sharp watch has been kept for him by the officers in the district.

Last Monday the suspected moonshiner suddenly made his appearance in Spalding county and he was promptly nabbed by the officers. Bostwick was brought to Atlanta yesterday for a preliminary trial before Judge Broyles and the evidence against him was of such a nature as to lead the judge to bind him over to the federal court. He was unable to give the bond required and was sent to the Fulton country jail to await his trial.

Bostwick is the only one of the party of moonshiners in Spalding who has been apprehended so far, but Deputy Dismuke says that he has his eye skinned for the rest of the party.

# $50,000 WORTH OF PROPERTY.

**Regular Sales Day Shows a Large Number of Lots Auctioned Off to Highest Bidder.**

Property sold in front of the courthouse yesterday morning amounted to nearly $50,000. Sheriff Nelms sold real estate amounting to over $40,000 and a number of administrator's and private sales ran the figures to a much larger amount.

It was the regular monthly sales day and a large crowd seeking investment were in front of the courthouse door when the sales commenced. No large pieces of property or centrally located property were sold. The greater part of the real estate was composed of small lots that had been levied on for taxes and executions.

The bidding was slow and little interest was shown in the sales except when a valuable lot was placed under the hammer of the auctioneers.

**Are You Dyspeptic?**

If so, take Tyner's Dyspepsia Remedy. A few doses will cure you. For sale everywhere.

# MRS. BONE WAS IN CONTEMPT

**Judge Candler Orders Her To Pay $10 for Disturbing Court.**

**WAS PROSECUTING TWO BOYS**

**Knew They Were Guilty and Wanted To Criticise the Court for Not Convicting Them.**

Old Mrs. Bone was fined $10 in Judge Candler's court yesterday for contempt for talking after she had been ordered to stop by the judge. She failed at the same time to convict two boys—Clem Goodman and Walter Mooney—charged with stealing money and other valuables from her.

Mrs. Bone was on the stand testifying in the case against the boys. She was so sure that they stole the money that she could not refrain from talking about it. After she was told to come down from the witness stand she continued to talk and was fined $5. She was so surprised at this that she made some comment and before she had gone far $5 more was added to the fine. She hushed after that.

Sometime ago Mrs. Bone had stolen from her a large sum of money. She said it was about $600 and other things, among them a watch. She had been working for years, trying to save up this amount and was loud in her grief when she learned that the money was gone.

She reported the case to the detectives and they had cases made against the two boys who were indicted by the grand jury and brought before the court yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Bone was the only witness and she could not show a very strong line of evidence. Consequently the case was not made against the boys.

Solicitor Hill announced that he did not have enough evidence to make out the case, and while Mrs. Bone was on the stand told her to come down; that she could not convict the boys.

"I know they got my money what I had worked so long for and, Lordy, mercy, I just can't do anything, I declare—"

"That will do, Mrs. Bone," said Judge Candler.

"Well, it does look to me that them boys ought—"

"That's enough, now. Don't let's have any more of that," repeated the judge severely.

"Them boys are guilty, and—"

"I'll fine you $5, Mrs. Bone. Mr. Sheriff, take the woman in charge and collect the fine," said the judge judiciously.

"What—why, judge, I ain't done noth—"

"I'll make it $10 now," said Judge Candler.

Mrs. Bone said no more. She raised her hand in surprised amazement and accompanied the sheriff out of the room.

**RIFLES TO GO TO FRONT AT ONCE.**

**Will Volunteer at the First Opportunity with Third Regiment.**

The Atlanta Rifles held a meeting last night and decided that the larger number of them, with their present officers, would go with the Third regiment from Georgia.

The officers who will command the company are Captain T. J. Ripley, First Lieutenant W. H. Westmoreland and Second Lieutenant Ed Harralson. The company has a large membership that will go to the front and are anxious to get off.

## PASSING THRONG.

Colonel W. B. Hill, of Macon, a prominent attorney of that city, is registered at the Kimball.

Mr. S. H. McKee, a well-known politician of Americus, was in the city yesterday, a guest of the Kimball.

Lieutenant G. Reber, who has been stationed at Tampa for some time past, was in the city yesterday.

Colonel Hamilton Yancey, a prominent attorney of Rome, is a guest of the Aragon.

Mr. C. P. Atmore, of Louisville, general passenger agent of the Louisville and Nashville, is stopping at the Aragon.

Mr. H. C. McFadden, of Savannah, assistant general passenger agent of the Plant system, is registered at the Aragon.

Mr. Charles E. Jackson, of Chicago, is stopping at the Marion.

Mr. A. J. Lytle, of Cincinnati, assistant general passenger agent of the Queen and Crescent system, is in the city, a guest of the Aragon.

Mr. William Alfred Kelloud, of Louisville, connected with the Louisville and Nashville, is registered at the Aragon.

Mr. George H. Smith, representing the Louisville and Nashville system at New Orleans, is a guest of the Aragon.

Mr. Charles F. McKenzie, of Augusta, is stopping at the Marion.

Messrs. Randall Clifton and T. H. Boone, prominent lawyers of Macon, are registered at the Kimball.

Mr. C. W. Kirk, a well-known capitalist of Chicago, is in the city, a guest of the Kimball.

Colonel R. F. Wright, a prominent attorney of Elberton, is stopping at the Kimball.

Mr. W. A. Hanking, a prominent lumber merchant of Lindale, is registered at the Kimball.

Mr. T. M. Fleetwood, of Savannah; Mr. F. A. Guild, traveling passenger agent; Mr. J. M. Murphy, of Marietta, and Mr. T. F. Day were in the city yesterday and in the evening were entertained by Mr. J. T. Wrigley.

Colonel J. R. Lamar, a well-known attorney of Augusta, is in the city, a guest of the Kimball.

Mr. T. B. Maddox, a prominent insurance man of Philadelphia, is stopping at the Kimball.

Hon. W. A. Dodson, of Americus, is registered at the Kimball. Mr. Dodson has just been nominated as a candidate for the state senate.

Colonel William T. Davidson, a prominent attorney of Augusta, was in the city yesterday, a guest of the Kimball.

Mr. F. L. Chase, a well-known railroad man of Cincinnati, is stopping at the Marion.

Messrs. W. F. Miller and Irvin Alexander, prominent lawyers of Augusta, are in the city to attend superior court.

Mr. Edward Schaefer, a prominent cotton merchant of Toccoa, is registered at the Kimball.

Mr. W. J. Kincaid, of Griffin, a well-known cotton manufacturer, is in the city, a guest of the Kimball.

Mr. Hamilton Phinizy, a prominent lawyer of Augusta, is registered at the Aragon. Mr. Phinizy is in the city attending superior court.

Captain F. P. Longly, of LaGrange, is a guest of the Kimball.

Mr. Roland Ellis, a prominent attorney of Macon, is in the city, registered at the Kimball.

**Board Meets Thursday.**

The board of visitors to the state university will probably meet in Athens Thursday, June 9th. The board is composed of Messrs. J. W. Mason, Greenville; L. M. Landrum, Atlanta; N. H. Ballard, Hancock county; Fermor Barrett, Toccoa; A. F. Ware, Cardell.

# FIFTH PREPARES TO GO TO WAR

**Colonel Candler's Regiment Anxious To Follow Him.**

## MAJORS ARE PROBABLY NAMED

**Major Shewmake and Colonel Obear To Be the Men.**

## SEVERAL ARMY MEN WANT TO GO

**Three Georgians in the United States Army Have Applied for Majorships.**

THE Fifth Georgia regiment of militia is preparing to go to war. The members of the regiment are anxious to go with their regimental commander, Colonel John S. Candler, and yesterday several important developments were noted. While the regiment as a state organization may not be touched, the members will certainly respond when Colonel Candler asks for volunteers.

The men who will probably be captains under Colonel Candler have already been offered the services of more than 1,200 men, who are not only willing but anxious to follow Colonel Candler. The men will go under their own officers as nearly as is practicable.

Who will be majors in the new regiment is the question now uppermost with the ambitious military men. It is said that the two majors will be Major Shewmake, of the Sixth regiment, of Augusta, and Colonel William Green Obear, assistant adjutant general of Georgia. Colonel Usher Thomason, in the capacity of lieutenant colonel, will command the other battalion.

Captain James B. Erwin, the acting adjutant general of Georgia, is spoken of as a possibility in connection with one of the majorships of the new regiment. Captain Erwin is an officer in the United States army, but he is a Georgia boy and his appointment would be commended if made. He, however, has just been tendered the place of brigade adjutant under Brigadier General Gordon, and has accepted the offer. In that capacity he will rank as captain, and it is thought certain that he would rather be a major under Colonel Candler.

Three other United States army men are trying to secure places as major in the regiment. One is Lieutenant Spence, of the Fourteenth infantry. He is a Georgian and is a cousin of Judge Spence, of the Albany circuit.

Lieutenant Harris is another one of the Georgia men in the army who want to be major. He is a brother-in-law to Judge Janes and is closely related to other high officials. He went to the army from Cedartown and has won quite a good record since his service began.

The other army official trying for a majorship is also a Georgia. He is Lieutenant Lindsey, of Irwinton, Ga. He has made a brilliant record in the army and now holds the important and responsible detail as cavalry instructor at the West Point military academy. It is said that Lieutenant Lindsey has a good chance of getting the place of acting adjutant general to succeed Captain Erwin.

A meeting of the company officers of the Fifth regiment was held last evening and all of the captains determined to go with Colonel Candler. Captain Hollis, of the Gate City Guards, is too ill to go, but it is understood that his company will respond if its other officers go.

# CAMP WALKER'S DELEGATES.

**They Will Attend the Reunion as Representatives of the Camp. Uniforms Are on Hand.**

Camp W. H. T. Walker held an important meeting at their rooms last night and transacted inmportant business. The uniforms for the camp were exhibited and the men who put them on looked like old soldiers again dressed in the gray.

The uniforms are very pretty, of a stylish pattern and well fitting. The buttons are of brass and show off to good advantage. When the reunion comes the camp will make a good appearance.

Delegates to the reunion from the camp were elected. They were as follows: J. W. Goldsmith, R. S. Ozburn, J. S. Oxford, A. R. Holderby, H. H. Penny, J. S. Brown, W. B. Burke, J. L. Bosworth, I. N. Farmer, W. H. Bettie, J. R. Stamps, R. J Henderson, J W. Abrams, F. M. Springer.

**CONFEREES ARE HARD AT WORK.**

**Republican Members Considering the War Revenue Measure.**

Washington, June 7.—The republican members of the conference committee on the war revenue bill were in caucus for about four hours today, and it is said by members of the caucus that they practically reached an agreement on the most important items of difference between the two houses. They relate to the coinage of the silver bullion, the form of the bond provision and the amount of the bonds, the inheritance tax, the duty on tea and so forth. These questions have not yet been raised in the full conference and the republicans decline to state any points of their agreement.

The general impression among senators is that there will be some provision for coining the seigniorage and possibly all the silver bullion in the treasury, but it is not believed that the terms of the senate bill will be accepted without material modification. The result of the Oregon election strengthened those opposed to making any concessions to silver, but it also had the effect of causing the western republican senators to be all the more clamorous for recognition. They express confidence that their representations will not go unheeded and they profess to speak upon assurances from republican members of the conference. Two sessions of the full committee were held, but in these only matters of minor importance were passed upon, and as a rule the senate amendments on these matters were accepted.

Among the changes was one in the beer tax provision, making it definite that the stock on hand exempted should be the stock in the hands of the dealers and not of brewers. There is quite a contest over the senate amendment exempting the tobacco stock on hand from taxation, but this schedule has not been passed upon. The indications are, however, that the senate provision will stand. The house conferees are making a determined contest to relieve insurance agents from the license of $12 a year and they have indicated a tendency to allow the tax on bankers, brokers, theaters and so forth to stand if the insurance agents are not taxed. They are also making an onslaught on Senator Chilton's amendment extending the provisions in regard to proprietary medicines to other articles and the senate's representatives indicate a disposition to yield on this point.

Senator Allison expressed the opinion at noon that a report could be made tomorrow, but when adjournment was taken for the night he modified the statement by saying while he thought the committee could conclude its work tomorrow, it would not be able to report before Thursday.

"There are," he said, "many things on which we are on the verge of agreement, but no important matters on which we can be said to have reached a complete understanding."

# MAD COW CAUSES A PANIC

**Came Near Killing Several People in the Streets.**

**THE POLICE WERE CALLED FOR**

**A Man Breaks the Cow's Leg To Save His Wife—Some of the Thrilling Scenes.**

People living in the eastern part of the city and in the neighborhood of Ponce de Leon springs had an exciting time with a mad cow yesterday, and a number of persons had a very narrow escape from a frightful death.

The cow belonged to Mrs. Fitzsimmons and it showed signs of madness two days ago. Yesterday morning it ran about an old field bellowing and pawing the ground, and a little boy who attempted to drive her into a stable was run over and nearly trampled to death. Later, a negro woman was knocked down and gored and but for a shower of rocks by two men she would have been killed.

About 5 o'clock in the afternoon the cow broke out of the lot and began to run at every person she met. A lady walking down the street was hooked and her husband ran from his house and threw a heavy rock at the mad animal, breaking its leg. This left the cow hors de combat and she was dragged into her owner's lot.

Call Officer Goree was notified of the way the cow was acting and he hastened to the scene on his bicycle. He reached the place after the cow's leg had been broken and for that reason did not shoot her.

The officer was told of the thrilling scenes witnessed when the cow ran through the streets. In a few minutes after she had torn down the fence the streets in that neighborhood were deserted. People collected at the windows of their houses and watched the cow as she stood in the street foaming at the mouth and looking about wildly for some one to attack.

The owner of the cow promised to kill her.

## HOBSON HAS A BROTHER WHO LIVES IN ATLANTA.

Citizens of Atlanta who make frequent visits to foreign countries or to distant cities are fond of saying that wherever they go they find people who are acquainted in this city. The first hero of the present war with Spain, Ensign Worth Bagley, was known here, and the man who is at present the toast of the nation, Lieutenant Richard B. Hobson, the commander of the Merrimac's brave crew, having been reared in a neighboring state, not only is known in Atlanta, but has several near relatives residing here.

Among these is Mr. Joseph M. Hobson, a brother of the lieutenant's. He has lived here for a number of years. He has been engaged in the cotton business during the major portion of his life and knows that branch of commercial life from beginning to end.

Mr. Hobson is connected with the firm of E. S. Ehney & Co., and resides at 59 West Mitchell street. He knew nothing of the brave venture of Lieutenant Hobson intended making, until after an account of it appeared in The Constitution, but knowing his brother's patriotism and darling, Mr. Hobson was not surprised.

Mr. Hobson describes his brother as one of the calm, unobtrusive men, who have wills as inflexible as steel and courage enough to fight a battle alone, if good could be accomplished by such an action. Just the man to leap into public notice by a single act and astound the world by his deliberate daring.

His family always thought he would distinguish himself if an opportunity was presented, and there was little surprise among those who knew Lieutenant Hobson when his brave deed was chronicled in the newspapers. Lieutenant Hobson is a first cousin to Mr. W. H. Beatty, senior partner in the firm of E. S. Ehney & Co., and is also a first cousin to Mrs. J. L. Borden, who resides at 147 Crew street.

Needless to say, all relatives of the brave lieutenant are very proud of him, and they announce that if he is not an admiral some day, it will be through no fault of his.

**NEGROES SPEAK AT BETHEL.**

**Good Orations Were Heard at That Church Last Night.**

A large audience filled Bethel A. M. E. church last night to hear the oratorical contest by the students of Morris Brown college. C. H. J. Taylor, dean of the law department, presided, and a number of visitors occupied seats on the platform. Rev. D. W. Moore, of Bainbridge, made the opening prayer, which was followed by a song, "Welcome, Pretty Primrose," by the female quartet, Lethia Lyons, Bessie Roberts, Ada King and Mrs. Nellie Hill.

"The Demands of the Times" was the subject of an oration by Adolphus L. Roseborough, of Cuthbert. "Woman's Power," an essay, by Miss Kathleen Williams, of Washington, was well rendered. "Should the Negro Defend the Stars and Stripes?" was answered in the affirmative by Edward K. Nichols, in an oration which did full justice to the loyalty of the negro race. "A Hundred Fathoms Deep," a bass solo, was rendered by A. S. Fraley, of Sparta. "Every Cloud Has a Silver Lining," by Lucy L. Clarke, was enjoyed by the audience. "The Hovel of the Stay of Ages," was delivered by Charles L. Harper, of Sparta. The programme was brought to a close with "On Whom Should the Crown Be Placed?" by Lethia Lyons.

Charles L. Harper was awarded first honor, and second honor was taken by Lethia Lyons.

## Lights and Shades.

**Many Cases Are Tried.**

Judge Berry disposed of a large number of cases yesterday. He has rapidly gone through the criminal docket this week and the cases sent up from the police court and the justice courts have received rapid disposal at his hands.

**Bishop Turner To Speak.**

Bishop H. M. Turner will speak at Moody tabernacle Thursday evening on "South Africa." Addresses of welcome will be delivered by Governor Atkinson, Mayor Collier, Colonel Pledger, Colonel Johnson and Bishop Holsey. The exercises will begin at 8 o'clock.

**Will Establish New Rule.**

Hereafter there will be a new rule in the police department requiring all patrolmen who wish a case dismissed in the recorder's court to have the request go through either the chief or one of the captains.

**Change Made Yesterday.**

Call Officer Beavers, who has been on the call with his bicycle, is on a beat again and Bicycle Officer Covington is on the call. The change was made yesterday morning.

**Only Five Cases Tried.**

There were only five cases in the police court yesterday afternoon and the recorder ascribed the reason for the falling off to the closing of the barrooms the day before.

**To Wear White Helmets.**

The police captains will appear next week in new white helmets, such as are worn by the United States army officers on dress parade. The chief will also wear one of the helmets.

# SAM JONES WENT FOR AGNOSTICISM

**Large Crowd Heard Him at the Tabernacle Last Night.**

## HE BERATED BOB INGERSOLL

**Divine Devoted Most of His Lecture to the Infidel.**

## ADDRESS WAS FORCEFUL AND LOGICAL

**"Bob Ingersoll Has Never Given One Cent to Charity in United States, So Far as I Can Find Out."**

REV. SAM JONES delivered his new lecture, "Why I Am Not an Agnostic a la Ingersoll," to a large and representative audience at the tabernacle last night. The lecture was for the benefit of the Epworth Methodist church at Edgewood, and a large amount was raised. Sam Jones spoke in a highly humorous strain, and at times his convincing logic and powerful arguments for the cause of Christianity created a profound impression among his hearers. Mr. Ingersoll was roughly handled by the speaker, who berated him for his merciless doctrine and his notorious disregard of facts.

The speaker confined himself altogether to his subject, and those who came as sympathizers with the doctrine of agnosticism went away in a thoughtful mood. Mr. Jones said:

"The biggest fool in the world is the man who disputes an established fact and who will not listen to the proof of its existence. There are facts in the physical world such as the mountains, the valleys and the flowers, that are self-evident. There are facts that the great discoverers and inventors of the world have wrought out, that are susceptible of proof, and now you can find none to dispute them.

"There are likewise and must necessarily be facts in the spiritual world equally susceptible of proof, but there are thousands still in every part of the world who out of hardheadness and other excellent reasons, refuse still to accept them.

"Galileo discovered that the earth revolved, a comparatively few years ago. He was arraigned before the bar of public opinion and condemned as the biggest fool of his time, but for years his doctrine has been recognized universally, and today I know of only one man on earth who still insists that 'the sun do move.' Morse, Fulton, Field, Kepler and Newton, the great discoverers and inventors of the world, were all condemned in their day and time but now they are regarded with reverence by the entire universe, and no man is fool enough himself to gainsay what they have achieved for humanity. Yet the facts of Christianity have existed longer than any of these, and are co-existant with the birth of man; but withal there are thousands who still make themselves ridiculous by trying to dispute them.

"Where infidelity originated, I do not know; but I have an idea that it started in the garden of Eden. There the first doubt was recorded, and I am also of the opinion that the inhabitants of the first paradise were Methodists. Their propensity to fall is one of the strongest features of their character. If they were not Methodists in faith, they were in practice.

"You will always notice that an agnostic is one who will not listen to reason, and is all the time talking. When you boil him down, he is nothing but mouth, and if you smash him in the mouth there is no more danger in him from his snout to his tail.

"Bob Ingersoll is an agnostic for revenue only. He can deliver one of his lectures and make $1,000 clear, and if he should attempt to uphold Christianity on the platform, he could not make a hundred dollars. The only time I ever saw old Bob was in a sleeping car in Washington, and then I only saw the back of his head. I was lying in my berth awake early in the morning, and all at once there was a terrific volley of oaths uttered in the aisle of the car.

"I poked my head out to see where they came from, and there was a little bald headed man going up the aisle with his coat on his arm and still ripping out the vile oaths. A man in the berth next to mine asked the porter of the car who it was cursing, and the darky said: 'That's Colonel Ingersoll. I always hates for him to get on my car. He gives me more trouble than all de passengers put together.'

"So there was old Bob being censured by a Pullman car porter. That was the first and last time I ever saw the famous infidel, and I have no desire to see him again. He spends his time in fighting Christianity and the things Christianity stands for—temperance, benevolent institution, colleges, alms houses and charity of all kinds—and yet he stands up and says that he is a moral man.

"I have been pretty well over the forty states of the union in the last few years, and I tell you the truth when I say that I have never found one college that Ingersoll has endowed, one charitable institution that he has aided with his wealth and not one poor drunken sot who ever claimed that he was benefited by reading the infidel's lectures; and yet he says he gives liberally to charity.

"His devilish advice is the only thing I have ever known him to give anybody. I have made several attempts to meet him on the platform, but he will not consent. He says that I do not represent any great religious branch. In God's name, I desire to ask what he represents that he can refuse to discuss the merits of the Bible with me.

"In Milwaukee at one of his lectures I understand that three drunken bums sat in the amen corner of the opera house, and when the speaker stated in a blustering manner that he could prove the Bible to be false, one of the drunkards rose in his seat and inquired in an earnest manner:

"'Can you do it sho' 'nough, Bob; about three-fourths of this city are counting on you, and you mustn't fail us!'

"With their faith in Bob Ingersoll I feel sorry for that people.

"The man who will invade the sanctity of the home and destroy its idols, take the last prop from beneath the feet of old age and throw the faith of women and children to the winds, is the meanest cur alive; and I would prefer to be the vilest of all criminals, than to be in his position."

**Indictments Against Them.**

Nashville, Tenn., June 7.—(Special.)—The Davidson county grand jury today returned two indictments as a result of the investigation into charges against city councilmen. One was against the former city comptroller, T. W. Crutcher, who, it is charged, offered Councilman R. A. Scoe $50 a month for a year for his vote. The other indictment is against Councilman A. J. Allen, who, it is charged, offered to vote for Dr. W. J. McMurray for the board of public works for $400 and to secure three more votes for him at the same price.

**Burning of a Freight Depot.**

Fitzgerald, Ga., June 7.—(Special.)—The Georgia and Alabama freight depot, a structure 42x165 feet, was entirely consumed by fire this afternoon. The fire company made a gallant run, but the building was too far gone for assistance. The loss was fully $3,000, covered by insurance.

# SHELTON SEEKS TO STOP VIADUCT WORK

**Bill for Injunction Was Filed Against City Yesterday.**

## GROUND WAS BROKEN MONDAY

**Says It Will Injure His Warehouse on Mitchell Street.**

## NO RESTRAINING ORDER IS GRANTED

**June 11th Set as Time for City To Show Cause Why Permanent Injunction Should Not Be Granted.**

A PETITION was presented yesterday to Judge Lumpkin by Judge T. P. Westmoreland, representing Mr. T. A. Shelton, to stop the work on the Mitchell street viaduct. Judge Lumpkin did not grant the injunction or a temporary restraining order, but set June 11th as the day for the city to appear before him and show cause why the injunction should not be granted.

Mr. Shelton owns a large warehouse on Mitchell street, on the east side of the railroads, where the work is now being done for the foundation of the viaduct. He claims in his petition that he will be greatly injured by the construction of the viaduct and says primarily that the city ought to reimburse him for the injury that will, it is claimed, be done to his property.

The warehouse is on a level of the street and adjoining the railroad tracks. Mr. Shelton says that the viaduct will destroy his entrance and practically cause the lower floor of the warehouse to be useless.

The viaduct, it is alleged, will cut off all light and ventilation. It is further charged that Mr. Turner, who is a member of the bridge committee of the city council, is alleged to be disqualified from voting on the the establishment of the viaduct, as he is an interested party. His interests are alleged to be on account of the fact that he is superintendent of a compress company owned by the Southern railway, and as the Southern railway owns property near the warehouse and the construction of the viaduct would be an advantage to this property, it is to the interests of the railway to have it erected.

When the viaduct was first agitated Mr. Shelton showed opposition to the movement and said that it would injure him. He appeared before the city council and asked that the viaduct be not constructed unless he was paid by the city for his losses, which he says will be quite heavy.

Over his opposition the bridge was provided for, and the work was commenced on Monday morning. As soon as Mr. Shelton heard that this was the case he commenced to prepare his bill for an injunction to stop the work.

**WALTER WHITE SERIOUSLY ILL.**

**He Was Formerly of This City and a Member of Gate City Guards.**

Mr. Walter J. White, editor of The Wrightsville Record, who has been at the Holmes sanitorium for the past five weeks suffering with malarial fever and erysipelas, was in a very low condition at midnight last night and the physicians have despaired of his life. Mr. White was at one time a member of the old Gate City Guard of this city and for many years prominent in military circles. His many friends in Atlanta and throughout the state will learn of his serious illness with sorrow.




# Victims of Mercury and Potash!

Horrible as are the conditions which Contagious Blood Poison produces, the effects of the treatment universally prescribed by the doctors are even more dreadful than the disease itself. Hoping to counteract the poison already in the blood, they fill their patient with mercury and potash, the most powerful mineral poisons. But these drugs do not cure the disease; they only drive in the outward appearance, bottling up the poison in the system, where it pursues its destructive work unchecked. Besides doing the disease no good, mercury and potash do the system irreparable harm, causing the bones to ache and stiffen—often the hair will fall by the handful, and when these drugs are taken as long as the doctors require it, the finger-nails will drop off, and a complete wreck of the system results. This is no overdrawn picture, for the world is to-day full of these hobbling mercurial wrecks.



I was afflicted with Blood Poison, and the best doctors did me no good, though I took their treatment faithfully. In fact, I seemed to get worse all the while. I took almost every so-called blood remedy, but they did not seem to reach the disease, and had no effect whatever. I was disheartened, for it seemed that I would never be cured. Upon the advice of a friend I took S. S. S., and began to improve. I continued the medicine, and it cured me completely, building up my health and increasing my appetite. Although this was ten years ago, I have never yet had a sign of the disease to return.

W. R. NEWMAN, Staunton, Va.



I had a severe case of Blood Poison, and was doctored constantly by several good physicians, but instead of doing me any good, their mercury and potash only aggravated my trouble and made me worse. Besides ruining my digestion, these minerals settled in my bones, causing all the joints to ache and stiffen. I decided to try S. S. S., and it proved to be the right remedy, for it forced the poison out of my system and cured me permanently. It is the only cure for this dreadful disease.

JAMES W. BROWN,
Murfreesboro, Tenn.

It is like self-destruction to take the physicians' treatment for Contagious Blood Poison; their record with the disease is ample proof of this. Those who continue to fill themselves with potash and mercury are forging their own chains and shackles. Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) is the only cure, because it acts on the only correct principle—that of forcing out every particle of the poison, and forever ridding the system of it. No other remedy can do this, because they all contain minerals. S. S. S. is the only blood remedy guaranteed purely vegetable, and One Thousand Dollars will be paid for proof that it contains a particle of potash, mercury, or any other mineral. Don't continue a treatment that will completely wreck your system; take S. S. S. and be cured.

**S.S.S.**

Books on self-treatment of the disease will be mailed free to any address by the Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

**Purely Vegetable.**

# STOCKS DECLINED

## Reactionary Element Gained Upper Hand During the Afternoon.

## MARGINS WERE WIPED OUT

### Was a Recovery Before the Close and Net Changes Are Mostly Small, Losses Predominating.

New York, June 7.—The stock market showed the same conflicting tendency today as for several days past, but the reactionary element gained the upper hand during the afternoon and effected sharp declines all through the list, dislodging quite a large amount of stock by wiping out the margins on which it was held. There was a significant period of dullness succeeding this lively selling and then began a quiet and steady absorption of stocks, offerings being taken at the ruling prices with an entire absence of any effort to mark up quotations. It was sufficiently evident that the purpose of the reaction was to secure stocks at the lower level. There was quite a lively commission house demand at the opening, which lifted prices of many stocks a small fraction. There was a special show of aggressive strength in Brooklyn transit, the Reading stocks, Erie first preferred and some of the low-priced southwestern. Metropolitan Street Railway and Consolidated Gas were also centers of strength. The bears met this by vigorous attack on Union Pacific preferred, People's Gas, Louisville and Kansas and Texas preferred, all of which were driven down between 1½@2 points. This combination proved vulnerable to attack and weakened the market at its salient point. The recoveries in the final hour were over a point in a number of important cases and left net changes mostly small and with losses predominating. The war was without influence on the market. London was quite a heavy seller here, and was a factor in weakening prices and in giving a firm tone to sterling exchange. The demoralization of wheat prices may have aided the reaction. The world's heavy receipts of wheat gave rise to a question as to whether America's next crop can be marketed to the best advantage. Although money continues abundant and cheap, it is evitable that the approaching government bond issue should absorb money and harden rates, temporarily at least.

There was realizing in bonds today in speculative issues and the tone was heavy. Total sales $2,190,000.

United States old 4's registered and the new 4's were ½ lower and the 5's ⅛ lower in the bid price.

The total sales of stocks today were 457,400 shares, including 3,805 Atchison; 15,452 Atchison preferred; 12,700 Louisville and Nashville; 15,270 Northern Pacific; 21,520 Northern Pacific preferred; 4,059 Southern preferred; 5,520 Texas Pacific; 42,525 Union Pacific preferrd; 7,255 Tobacco; 20,275 People's Gas; 23,630 Sugar.

New York, June 7.—Money on call steady at 1¼@1½ per cent; last loan at 1½; prime mercantile paper 3@4 per cent.

Sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86¼@4.86½ for demand, and at $4.84½@4.84¾ for 60 days; posted rates $4.85@4.87; commercial bills $4.83½@4.83¾.

Silver certificates 58¼@59c.
Bar silver 58¼c.
Mexican dollars 45½c.
Government bonds weak.
State bonds dull.
Railroad bonds weak.

Following are the closing bids:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Atchison | 13⅜ | St. Paul | 100⅝ |
| do preferred | 33⅛ | do preferred | 148⅛ |
| Baltimore & Ohio | 19⅛ | St. Paul & Om | 76¼ |
| Canada Pacific | 85⅜ | do preferred | 149 |
| Canada Southern | 53⅜ | St. P. & M. M. | 143½ |
| Central Pacific | 14 | Southern Pacific | 18 |
| Chesapeake & Ohio | 22⅛ | Southern R'y | 9¼ |
| Chicago & Alton | 158 | do preferred | 32⅜ |
| C., B. & Q. | 104⅜ | Texas & Pacific | 12⅜ |
| Chi. & E. Ill. | 65⅛ | Union Pacific pfd | 61⅜ |
| C. C. C. & St. L. | 39⅛ | U. P., Den. & Gulf | 7⅛ |
| do do pref | 79 | Wabash | 7⅛ |
| Del. & Hudson | 110⅛ | do preferred | 20⅛ |
| Del., Lack. & W'n | 155 | Wheeling & L. Erie | 1⅜ |
| Del. & R. G. | 12⅛ | do preferred | 11 |
| do preferred | 50⅜ | EXPRESS COMPANIES. | |
| Erie (new) | 13⅜ | Adams Express | 100 |
| do 1st preferred | 37⅜ | American Express | 125 |
| Fort Wayne | 168 | United States | 40 |
| Great Northern pref | 175 | Wells Fargo | 116 |
| Hocking Valley | 5⅛ | MISCELLANEOUS. | |
| Illinois Central | 105 | A. Cot. Oil | 21⅛ |
| Lake Erie & West'n | 15⅛ | do preferred | 75 |
| do preferred | 73⅛ | American Spirits | 12⅜ |
| Lake Shore | 187½ | do preferred | 35 |
| Louisville & Nash | 55⅜ | Am. Tobacco | 109⅛ |
| Manhattan L | 104⅛ | do preferred | 118 |
| Met. Street R'y | 161 | Peoples Gas | 102⅜ |
| Michigan Central | 103⅛ | Consolidated Gas | 193 |
| Minn. & St. L. | 29⅜ | C. C. Co. | 165 |
| do do 1st pref | 90⅜ | Colo. F. & Iron | 23 |
| Missouri Pacific | 35 | do preferred | 90 |
| Mobile & Ohio | 28 | Gen. Electric | 38 |
| Mo., K. & T. | 12 | Illinois Steel | 57¼ |
| do preferred | 35⅜ | La Clede Gas | 49⅛ |
| Chicago, Ind. & L. | 7⅜ | Lead | 35⅛ |
| do preferred | 30 | do preferred | 107⅜ |
| N. J Central | 95 | Nat'l Lin. Oil | 19⅛ |
| N. Y. Central | 115⅛ | Pacific Mail | 29⅜ |
| N. Y. Chi. & St. L. | 13⅛ | Pullman Palace | 188 |
| do do 1st pref | 65 | Silver Certificates | |
| do do 2d pref | 34 | Stnd. Rope & Twine | 5⅜ |
| Norfolk & West | 15⅛ | Sugar | 143⅜ |
| North American Co. | 6⅛ | do preferred | 115⅛ |
| Northern Pacific | 30⅜ | T. C. & I | 25⅜ |
| do preferred | 69⅜ | U. S. Leather | 7⅜ |
| Ontario & Western | 15⅜ | do preferred | 65⅜ |
| Ore. R. & Nav | 52 | U. S. Rubber | 16⅛ |
| Ore. Short Line | 30 | do preferred | 78⅛ |
| Pittsburg | 169 | Western Union | 91⅜ |
| Reading | 20 | Northwestern | 128⅛ |
| Rock Island | 106⅛ | do preferred | 172½ |
| St. L. & S. F. | 8 | C. G. W. | 14⅛ |
| do do pref | 64 | | |

BONDS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| U. S. new 4s reg | 122¼ | N. Y. Central 1sts | 118⅛ |
| do coupon | 122¼ | N. J. Cent. 5s | 114⅛ |
| U. S. 4s | 107⅜ | N. Carolina 6s | 127 |
| do coupon | 110 | do 4s | 103 |
| do 2ds | 95 | Northern Pac. 1sts | 116 |
| U. S. 5s reg | 110⅜ | do 3s | 62⅝ |
| do 5s coupon | 110⅜ | do 4s | 96⅞ |
| District 3 65s | 114 | N. Y. C. & St. L. 4s | 104⅛ |
| Ala. Class A | 110 | Nor. & W. 6s | 120 |
| do Class B | 100 | Northwest Consols | 143¼ |
| do Class C | 90 | do deb. 5s | 115 |
| do Currency | 90 | Oregon Nav. 1sts | 115 |
| Atchison 4s | 93 | do 4s | 95⅜ |
| do adj. 4s | 66⅜ | O. S. Line 6s, t. r | 128⅛ |
| Canada So. 2nds | 108⅜ | O. S. Line 5s, t. r | 105 |
| Can. Pac. 1sts | ... | O. Imp. 1sts, t. r | 108 |
| Chicago Terminals | 86 | do 5s, t. r | 60 |
| C. & Ohio 5s | 114⅛ | Pacific 6s of '95 | 100⅛ |
| C. H. & D. 4½s | 104⅛ | Reading 4s | 85⅛ |
| D. & R. G. 1sts | 104 | Rio Grande W. 1sts | 88 |
| D. & R. G. 4s | 94⅛ | St. L. & I. M. Con. 5s | 94⅜ |
| East Tenn. 1sts | 107⅛ | St. L. & S. F. Gen. 6s | 118⅛ |
| Erie Gen. 4s | 74⅛ | St. Paul Consols 7s | 145 |
| F. W. & D. 1sts. t. r. | 72⅛ | St. P. C. & P. 1sts | 118 |
| Gen. Elec. 5s | 102⅛ | do 5s | 110 |
| G. H. & S. A. 6s | 103⅛ | F. Car. con-fund | ... |
| do 2ds | 103⅛ | Southern Ry 5s | 95⅜ |
| H. & T. Cent. 5s | 109 | Stn'd Rope & T. 6s | 69⅛ |
| do con. 6s | 104 | Tenn. new set 3s | 90 |
| Iwa. C. 1sts | 100⅛ | Tex. Pac. L. G. 1sts | 104⅛ |
| Kan. P. Con. t. r | ... | do Rg. 2nds | 36⅜ |
| K. Pac. 1st (Den. div.) t. r | ... | Union Pac. 1sts | — |
| | | U. P. D. & Gulf 1sts | 41⅜ |
| La. new consols 4s | 100 | Wab. 1st 5s | 109⅛ |
| L. & N. Uni. 4s | 90⅛ | do 2ds | 84⅛ |
| Missouri 6s | 100 | West Shore 4s | 108 |
| M. K. T. 2ds | 63 | Virginia centuries | 69⅛ |
| do 4s | 87⅛ | do deferred | 3 |

### Paine, Murphy & Co.'s Stock Letter.

Atlanta, June 7.—London showed considerable weakness on the opening for Americans and a further decline on the close, with sales here of 20,000 shares for their account. This, and the disappointment in the expected Burlington funding scheme and Union Pacific dividends, coupled with the growing sentiment favoring a reaction to which we have lately called attention, all helped to cause a lower market, which continued until around 2 p. m., where news of naval victories caused a slight advance.

Brooklyn Rapid Transit and Northern Pacific continue the bull features.

Manhattan showed weakness, although Russell Sage claims they earned the lost quarter's dividend.

Indications point to some further reaction, when the market will again be a purchase. Cheap money, large crops and increased railway earnings are still bull factors.

### Atlanta Exchange Stock Letter.

New York, June 7.—The stock market today exhibited evidences of becoming tired of the upward tendency which has been in progress constantly for the past six weeks, and in consequence there was a noticeable disposition dominant on the part of room traders to avoid the assumption of new obligations. Outside interests were mostly in favor of buying the market, while the big professional operators, who are practically in control of the local speculative situation, were inclined to sell, with the intention of causing a substantial reaction. The public held aloof, arguing that a reaction was absolutely necessary to maintain the health of the market. The operators who have been selling the market short for several days in anticipation of a decline, enlarged their lines by further selling, and many smaller holders took profits with the expectation of buying back their stocks at lower prices. This combination, short selling and profit taking, resulted in what has been hoped for, namely, a substantial reaction, in which all the leading speculative shares participated. However, there were no bears among the leaders and considerable caution was exercised to place the market in such a position so it could have been manipulated with ease had such action been required. The decline was prevented from bieng extensive undoubtedly by the strength and recuperative power shown in the Northern Pacific stocks. The reaction in the first hour today developed the fact that there are numerous stop loss orders in the market, and all day there were persistent efforts made to reach them, but as the market showed some absorbing power as the session advanced all these proved futile.

### Southern Exchange Stock Letter.

Atlanta, June 7.—The market opened with prices a shade better than previous close. Brooklyn Rapid Transit was conspicuously strong.

Reports of the landing of 5,000 troops at Santiago are not confirmed. Public interest in the market is on the increase. No bears among leaders. Heavy trading in bonds indicates return of confidence in business course, and war influences are rapidly ceasing to be controlling influences. Twenty railway securities reached highest prices on this movement, and within 6 per cent of the high price of last September. Directors checked belief in 4 per cent for Union Pacific, as earning sufficient to pay this, there is no valid reason for much decline. Further talk of Morgan controlling Ohio soft coal properties is very favorable to the company.

London cables show the market for American securities moderately active, but somewhat irregular. The continent continues to buy nothing. The report is revived here that the Northern Pacific company will pay 1 per cent on the ordinary shares this year, and will still have a surplus of nearly $3,000,000 for the treasury account. The preference shares are exceptionally strong on the excellent showing of traffic returns. Vanderbilt shares, as represented by the Morgan interest, are strong.

Prices eased off from opening prices on the report of London selling 20,000 shares of different stocks.

| STOCK. | Opening. | High. | Low. | Tuesday's Closing Bids. | Monday's Closing Bids. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Atchison | 13¼ | 13⅜ | 13¼ | 13¼ | 13¼ |
| do. preferred | 33⅛ | 33⅜ | 33 | 33⅛ | 33⅝ |
| Am'n Sugar Ref'g | 144½ | 144⅜ | 143¼ | 143⅜ | 144⅛ |
| C., C., C. & St. L. | 39⅜ | 39⅝ | 39½ | 39⅛ | 39⅞ |
| C., B. & Q. | 105⅜ | 105⅝ | 104⅛ | 104⅜ | 105⅛ |
| People's Gas | 103⅛ | 103⅜ | 102⅜ | 102⅜ | 103⅛ |
| Canada Southern | 53⅜ | 53⅜ | 52⅜ | 52⅜ | 52⅞ |
| D., L. & W. | ...... | ...... | ...... | 155 | 161½ |
| Erie | 14 | 14 | 13⅜ | 13⅜ | 14 |
| Edison Gen. Elec. | 37¼ | 38⅜ | 37¼ | 38 | 37⅞ |
| Amer'n Tobacco | 109¼ | 109⅜ | 109 | 109⅛ | 109⅝ |
| Jersey Central | 95⅜ | 95⅝ | 95 | 95 | 95 |
| Lake Shore | ...... | ...... | ...... | 187½ | 189 |
| National Lead | 35⅜ | 35⅝ | 35¼ | 35⅜ | 36½ |
| L. & N. | 56⅜ | 56⅜ | 54⅜ | 54⅜ | 56⅜ |
| Missouri Pacific | 36⅜ | 36⅜ | 35 | 35 | 36⅛ |
| Baltimore & Ohio | 19⅛ | 19⅛ | 19⅛ | 19⅛ | 19 |
| Tenn. Coal & Iron | 25⅜ | 25⅜ | 25⅛ | 25⅛ | 26⅛ |
| Northwestern | 128⅛ | 128⅛ | 128 | 128⅛ | 129 |
| Southern Railway | 9⅜ | 9⅜ | 9¼ | 9¼ | 9⅜ |
| do preferred | 32⅜ | 32⅜ | 32¼ | 32⅜ | 32⅜ |
| North'n Pac. pref. | 70⅛ | 70⅛ | 69⅜ | 69⅜ | 69⅜ |
| New York Central | 116⅜ | 116⅜ | 116⅜ | 116⅜ | 116⅞ |
| Omaha | 77 | 77⅛ | 76⅜ | 76⅜ | 78 |
| Pacific Mail | 29⅜ | 30 | 29⅜ | 29⅜ | 30 |
| Reading | 19⅜ | 20⅛ | 19⅜ | 20 | 19⅞ |
| Rock Island | 106⅜ | 106⅜ | 105⅜ | 106⅛ | 106⅜ |
| St. Paul | 101 | 101 | 100⅛ | 100⅜ | 101⅛ |
| Union Pac. pref. | 61⅜ | 62 | 60⅜ | 61⅜ | 62⅛ |
| Am'n Cotton Oil | 22 | 22 | 21⅜ | 21⅜ | 21⅜ |
| Western Union | 91⅜ | 92 | 91⅛ | 91⅜ | 92⅛ |
| Am'n Spirits Co | 12⅛ | 12⅛ | 12 | 12⅛ | 11⅜ |
| U. S. Leather Pref | 65⅜ | 65⅜ | 65 | 65⅜ | 65⅛ |
| Manhattan | 105⅜ | 105⅛ | 104 | 104⅜ | 105⅛ |

### Foreign Finances.

London, June 7.—Closing consols for money 111 3-9; consols for the account 111½. Canadian Pacific 88½; Erie 14¼; Erie first preferred 38½; Illinois Central 108½; Mexican ordinary 20; St. Paul common 103¼; New York Central 120; Pennsylvania 59¾; Reading 10¼; Mexican Central new 4s 120; Atchison 13 7-8; Louisville and Nashville 51 7-8; Grand Trunk 9¾.

Bar silver easier at 26 7-8d per aunce.

Money ¼@¾ per cent.

Gold—Buenos Ayres 163.80.

Paris, June 7.—Three per cent rentes 102 francs 27 centimes for the account.

### Post's Financial Cable.

New York, June 7.—The Evening Post's financial cablegram says: Consols and similar stocks were good here today on cheap money. Speculative stocks were easier in view of the settlement to begin tomorrow. Foreign stocks were weak.

Americans were bought here, but not from influential quarters. Milwaukee and St. Paul and high priced stocks were topheavy, the demand being now chiefly for lower priced stocks. Prices closed dull. The settlement tomorrow will be favored by cheap money.

Silver was flat on a cessation of the Spanish orders.

The increased imports and the decreased exports for May are mainly due to the receipt of more foodstuffs from the United States and the lessened purchases of goods by the government.

### STOCKS AND BONDS.

The following are the bid and asked quotations:

STATE AND COUNTY BONDS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Ga. 3½s, 27 to 30 years | 103 | Atl'nta 4s | 103 |
| Ga. 3½s, 25 to 40 years | 103 | Aug'ta 7s, L.D. | 110 |
| Ga. 4½s, 1915 | 116½ | Macon 6s | 116 |
| Savannah 5s | 109 | Columbus 5s | 103½ |
| Atl'nta 8s, 1902 | 113½ | Waterw'rks 6s | 101 |
| Atl'nta 7s, 1904 | 113½ | Rome 5s | 103½ |
| Atl'nta 7s, 1899 | 102 | So. Car. 4½s | 111 |
| Atl'nta 6s, L.D. | 117 | Newn'n 6s, L.D. | 105 |
| Atl'nta 5s, L.D. | 110 | Chatta 5s, 1911 | 103 |
| Atl'nta 4½s | 105 | Col., S. C., grd'd 4s & 4s, 1910 | 83 |
| | | Ala. Class A | 109 |

RAILROAD BONDS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Ga. 6s, 1910 | 113 | Atl'nta & Char 1st 7s, 1907 | 119 |
| Ga. 6s, 1922 | 114 | do income 6s, 1910 | 100 |
| Ga. Pac. 1st | 119 | | |
| C., C. & A. 1st 1s, 1909 | 108 | | |

RAILROAD STOCKS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Georgia | 180 | Aug. & Sav | 92 |
| Southwestern | 93 | A. & W. P | 196 |
| | | do deben. | 104 |

INVESTMENT STOCKS.

Atlanta Loan and Investment 8s ............ 133
Atlanta Loan and Investment 7s ............ 116
Atlanta Loan and Investment 6s ............ 100

### Groceries.

Atlanta, June 7—Roasted coffee $11 30, less 50c per 100 lb cases. Green coffee choice 12; fair 10; prime 9. Sugar standard granulated 5⅝c; New Orleans white 5⅛c; do yellow 5⅛c. Sirup, New Orleans open kettle 25@40c; mixed 12½@20c; sugar house 26@35c. Teas, black 30@65c; green 30@50c. Rice head 7¼c; choice 6⅛@6⅜c. Salt, dairy sacks 1.25; do bbls. 2.25; ice cream 90c; common 65c. Cheese, full cream 10½@11½c. Matches 65s 50c, 200s 1.30@1.75; 300s 2.75. Soda, boxes 5½c. Crackers, soda 6½c; cream 8c; gingersnaps 8c. Candy, common stick 6c; fancy 12@13. Oysters, F. W. 1.65; L. W. 1.15.

### Naval Stores.

Savannah, June 7—Turpentine firm at 25¾; sales 759 casks; receipts 2,557. Rosin firm; sales 1,162 bbls; receipts 2,922; A, B, C, $1.00; D $1.05; E $1.10; F $1.15; G $1.25; H $1.45; I $1.45; K $1.50; M $1.50; N $1.70; windowglass $1.75; waterwhite $1.85.

Charleston, June 7—Turpentine dull at 25¼; sales none. Rosin firm; sales none; A, B, C 95; D, E $1.00; F $1.10; G $1.20; H $1.35; I $1.40; K $1.40; M $1.45; N $1.55; windowglass $1.50; water white $1.70.

Wilmington, June 7—Rosin steady; strained 95; good strained $1.00. Spirits turpentine firm at 25. Tar firm at $1.15. Crude turpentine quiet at $1.00@1.60.

### Country Produce.

Atlanta, June 7—Eggs 10@11c. Butter, western creamery 16@18; fancy Tennessee 10@12½c; choice 8c; Georgia 8@10c. Live poultry chickens hens 25@27½c; spring chickens, large 22½@25c small 12½@15; ducks, puddle 20@22½; Peking 22½@25c. Irish potatoes, per bushel $1.10@1.20. Sweet potatoes 85@$1.00 per bushel. Honey, dull; strained 6@7c; in the comb 7@8c. Onions, new crop, $1.00@$1.25 per bu, $3.50@3.75 per bbl.

### Provisions.

Atlanta, June 7—Clear ribs boxed sides 6⅜c; clear sides 6⅝; ice-cured bellies 8c. Sugar-cured hams 11@12½c; California 7½c; breakfast bacon 12@14c. Lard, best quality 7c; second quality 6⅜c; compound 5.

St. Louis, June 7—Pork lower; standard mess jobbing $10.25. Lard lower; prime steam $5.70; choice $5.80. Bacon, boxed lots shoulders $5.75; extra short clear $6.50; ribs $6.62½; shorts 6.75. Dry salt meats, boxed shoulders $5.25; extra short clear $6.00; ribs $6.12½; shorts $6.25.

Chicago, June 7—Pork $10.15@10.20. Lard $5.87½@5.90. Short rib sides, loose $5.60@5.80. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $5.00@5.25; short clear sides, boxed $6.00@6.20.

New York, June 7—Lard easier; western steam $6.55; May —; refined easier. Pork quiet; family $13.50@14.00.

Cincinnati, June 7—Lard easier at $5.67. Bulk meats quiet at $5.90. Bacon easy at $6.87½.

### Fruit and Vegetables.

Official league quotations corrected daily by McCullough Bros.:

Snap beans, 75c to $1 per crate.
Tomatoes, $1.75 to $2.25 per crate.
English peas, 25@50c per crate; no sale.
Strawberries, 8 to 10c per quart.
Beets, no sale.
New Irish potatoes, $3.50 to $4 per barrel.
Squashes, 75c to $1 per crate.
Cantaloupes, per barrel, $2 to $3.
Watermelons, $1.50 to $2 per dozen. $1.50.

# WENT OFF RAPIDLY

## Liverpool Demoralized and Decidedly Lower Yesterday on Wheat.

## CROP OUTLOOK EXCELLENT

### Heavy Thunder Storm Over Board of Trade Building Responsible for Some Recovery.

Chicago, June 7.—Liquidation by longs, a sharp break in the Liverpool market and excellent crop conditions caused depression in wheat today. July closed with a loss of 2c and September ½@⅝c. Corn gained ⅛c. Oats lost ⅜c. Pork left off 5c lower. Lard and ribs are down 5c and 2½c respectively.

The Liverpool market, which has been steadily declining for several days, was especially demoralized today and reported a drop equal to 8½c per bushel in July and 4½c in September with continental markets also lower. The crop outlook continued all that could be desired with the grain in large areas ready for the reaper. The Kansas report set at rest the rumors about cinch bugs and rust. As a result longs quickly began to liquidate. There was an urgent short selling, sales on stop loss orders and exhausted margins. Under the pressure the market went off rapidly. The rally which followed was due chiefly to the fact that many shorts were disposed to take advantage of the break to secure profits. This class of buying was sufficient in volume to cause a temporary reaction. Heavy export figures gave the discouraged bulls heart enough to take on some wheat, and caused many shorts to get out and be in position to contemplate the situation philosophically for a while. A heavy thunderstorm broke over the board of trade building that settled the fight. The shorts rushed to get their wheat in out of the wet and the market became quite strong.

After a weak opening corn became strong on favorable crop reports from Kansas. There was no export demand, however. This, together with the decline in wheat, caused a decline in prices near the close.

Selling orders predominated in oats at the opening. Later, however, buyers took hold and the market steadily advanced until a gain of ⅛c over yesterday's close was made. A slight reaction took place at the close.

Heavy grain markets at lower prices for live hogs weakened provisions. One or two heavy selling orders were on the market, but at the decline in prices there were plenty of buyers. July pork opened at $10.10@10.07½, advanced to $10.27½, declined to $10.10 and rose to $10.20 at the close. The range of values in lard and ribs were inconsequental.

Estimated receipts tomorrow: Wheat 40, corn 680, oats 160 cars, hogs 30,000 head.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

| Articles. | Open. | High. | Low. | Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Wheat— | | | | |
| June | 1.06 | 1.06 | 1.05 | 1.05 |
| July | 86 | 87¾ | 85½ | 86¼ |
| September | 75 | 76⅜ | 74⅜ | 75½ |
| December | 74¼ | 75¼ | 73⅞ | 74½ |
| Corn— | | | | |
| June | 30½ | 31¾ | 30½ | 31¼ |
| July | 31⅜ | 32¼ | 31¼ | 31⅞ |
| September | 32¼ | 33 | 32 | 32⅝ |
| Oats— | | | | |
| July | 23 | 23¼ | 22½ | 23 |
| September | 20⅛ | 20⅝ | 19¾ | 20⅜ |
| Mess Pork— | | | | |
| July | 10.10 | 10.27½ | 10.10 | 10.20 |
| September | 10.20 | 10.45 | 10.20 | 10.37½ |
| Lard— | | | | |
| July | 5.90 | 5.95 | 5.85 | 5.90 |
| September | 6.00 | 6.02½ | 5.95 | 6.00 |
| Short Ribs— | | | | |
| July | 5.59½ | 5.62½ | 5.57½ | 5.62½ |
| September | 5.67½ | 5.72½ | 5.65 | 5.70 |

| Articles. | Receipts. | Shipments. |
|---|---|---|
| Flour, barrels | 10,400 | 5,400 |
| Wheat, bushels | 34,700 | 291,800 |
| Corn, bushels | 960,900 | 677,100 |
| Oats, bushels | 398,300 | 324,700 |
| Rye, bushels | 6,300 | 36,500 |
| Barley, bushels | 19,700 | ...... |

### Atlanta Exchange Grain Letter.

Chicago, June 7.—Traders who at the close last night argued that the wheat market had declined far enough and that a reaction was due, were disappointed at the outset today, as the Kansas crop report, coupled with the weakness abroad had a demoralizing effect on the market. Liverpool cables were 3⅝d lower, but that market naturally followed fine weather in France and Germany for a decline of three shillings pr quarter at Buda Pesth. As to the Kansas state June crop report it was simply a record-breaker. According to this report the general average condition of winter wheat for the state is placed at 103 with the prospects far ahead of any similar period in the history of Kansas. Contrary to the farmers' advices there has been comparatively little injury done by insects. The may showed favorable weather throughout the wheat regions for the growing crop. Rains were general in the northwest, but they were insufficient to interfere with work. The government report is expected to show a general condition around 90. At the decline there was some buying of the September option, supposed to be for the account of Leiter, and this caused a better tone for a time. Receipts continued light, Chicago got 49 cars, while Minneapolis and Duluth reported 116 cars, compared with 212 last year.

Lower cables, the break in wheat and liquidation by longs created the weakness dominant in corn. Shorts were good buyers.

Oats followed corn.

Selling by packers, inspired by the weakness in grain and weak market for hogs, was the weakening influences in the provision pit today.

### Paine, Murphy & Co.'s Grain Letter.

Atlanta, June 7.—Liverpool cables opened very weak, ranging from 3 to 4d lower, but the last cable showed some recovery. The Kansas state crop report is a record-breaker, making winter wheat condition at 103. While there is some complaint of chinch bugs and rust, they are fewer than usual. The opening prices were at declines of 1½ to 2c from yesterday's closing, July showing the greatest weakness. Opening prices proved to be the lowest. There was some buying of September traced to Leiter and Raymond. Prime says the movement in new wheat will be early in July, but expects local mills to absorb first offerings. Broomhall estimates that the world's visible will decrease 30,000,000 bushels during June. This was about the only thing favorable to the bulls. While we do not feel like advising, in the face of bearish conditions, still we believe the decline has gone far enough and a large short interest has been made and look for 2 to 3c advance this week.

Corn showed weakness at the opening and a good many stop orders were caught. A better feeling existed later and the market closed firmer at ½c advance.

The last trading in wheat showed further liquidation and the gain of the day was lost.

### Coffee and Sugar.

New York, June 7.—Coffee: Options unchanged to 5 points higher; sales 9,500 bags, including July 5.80. Spot coffee: Rio dull; No. 7 invoice 6½; No. 7 jobbing 7; mild dull; Cordova 8½@15½.

Sugar—Raw firm; fair refining 3¾.

New Orleans, June 7.—Sugar quiet; open kettle 3@4; centrifugal whites 4½@5⅝; yellows 4¼@4½; seconds 2½@3⅞. Molasses steady; centrifugal 5@13.

### Fruits and Confectioneries.

Atlanta, June 7—Apples, fancy $5.00@5.50 per bbl. Lemons, choice $4 00@4.50; fancy $4.50@5.00. Oranges, California seedling $2.50@2.75; navel $4.00@4.50. Bananas, straight $1.25@1.50; culls 75c@$1.00. Figs, 8@9c, owing to quality. Raisins new California $1.40@1.50; ¼ boxes 50@60c. Currants 6¼@7c. Leghorn citron 10@11c. Nuts — Almonds 8c; pecans, 7@7½c; Brazil 9@10c; filberts 11½c; walnuts 10@11c; mixed nuts 8@10c. Peanuts Virginia electric light 5@6c; fancy hand-picked 4@4½c; Georgia 3@3½.

### The Live Stock Market.

Chicago, June 7.—Cattle: Receipts small; market steady. Choice steers, $4.90@5.35; medium, $4.55@4.65; stockers and feeders, $4@5; cows and heifers, $3.40@4.80; canners, $2.50@3.35; Texas steers, $3.50@4.75.

Hogs 5c lower. Fair to choice, $4.05@4.35; packers, $3.85@4.05; butchers, $3.95@4.20; mixed, $3.90@4.10; light, $3.75@4.05; pigs, $2.70@3.85.

Trade in sheep was again brisk at advanced prices for the better class of sheep and lambs. Native sheep, $3@4.80; Texas, $3.50@4.75; clipped lambs, $4@4.75; spring lambs, $4.75@6.60.

Receipts—Cattle, 2,500; hogs, 23,000; sheep, 14,000.

# THE CROP BULLETIN

## Weekly Report Is Out Showing the Condition Up to Date.

## ENCOUREGING TO THE FARMERS

### Crops Throughout the State Are in Good Condition—Rain Is Needed in Some Portions.

Weather Forecaster W. R. Marbury has issued his weekly bulletin containing the crop report for the week ending last Monday. The report is full of interesting facts relative to the condition of the Georgia crops and will be eagerly read by the farmers of the state. The bulletin in full follows:

"The weather conditions have not materially changed during the past week or two and crops over most of the state are needing rain. Cotton has suffered least from the drought and is making steady, though not rapid, improvement. It has been thoroughly worked and in some sections is blooming and taking on squares. Corn is suffering in some sections and needing rain generally. Gardens and grass are failing rapidly and in many localities water is growing scarce. Wheat harvest is over in most sections and the crop is unusually large and good. All crops are well worked and would be very much benefited by good, soaking rains.

"Throughout the past week the weather in the central counties has been very dry and warm and very little improvement has been made in growing crops. Cotton is in a good, healthy condition and is clean and well worked, but is small. Corn is small and needing rain. In some sections it is turning yellow and is suffering seriously from the drought. In some fields it is beginning to tassel. Gardens are failing rapidly for want of moisture and pastures are drying up. Wheat harvesting is about over, and threshing has commenced. Both wheat and winter oats are turning out remarkably well. Groundpeas and watermelons are not doing much and will not until it rains. Wells are low and many streams are failing.

"Crops are showing the ill effects of continued dry weather in the northern counties. Cotton is doing well considering the small amount of rain. It is not really suffering yet, though good showers would be very beneficial. Corn, though small and backward for the season, is doing fairly well. Gardens and pastures are being ruined by drought. Wheat and oats are very good, but there is considerable rust on wheat in a few localities. Harvesting is now in progress in some counties. The outlook for peaches continues good. Good showers occurred in a few sections on the 2d and did much good. In some counties watermelons are blooming and young fruit is forming.

"Little or no rain has fallen in the northeastern counties during the week and the ground is very dry and hard. Corn and cotton have not suffered as yet, but grasses and gardens are failing rapidly. Wheat and oat harvest continues and both are turning out well, but spring oats will not amount to much. Irish potatoes are suffering considerably from bugs and drought. Reports relative to the peach crop are favorable. Sweet potato, tobacco and cabbage plants are seriously in need of moisture; some who have only small patches of cabbages and sweet potatoes have kept them alive by watering.

"Crops are needing rain badly over the eastern counties, where the weather continues dry and hot. Corn is beginning to wilt and turn yellow in some places. Cotton, which has been doing fairly well, is beginning to show the effects of continuous dry and hot weather. It is being worked over the second time. Potatoes, rice and gardens are not doing well, and will not improve without rain. There will be a good crop of peaches and grapes. Apples will be very scarce. Blackberries are small on account of drought, but are plentiful. Melons are looking well, but are backward.

"Throughout the southeastern counties the week has been hot and dry; no general rains have fallen, but a few local showers have done some good. Upland crops are badly in need of rain. Rice, while needing rain, is not yet suffering. Early planted rice is being harvested in portions of McIntosh county. Gardens have failed rapidly and in some sections are beyond recovery. The largest wheat crop in several years has been harvested and saved. Cotton is doing fairly well in some sections, while in others it is suffering considerably for moisture. There is a large acreage planted in cane, but the stands are not generally good.

"Except a few scattered showers, the drought continues unbroken in the southern counties; rain is much needed. Where showers have fallen crops are doing nicely, but over most of the counties vegetation is suffering. Early planted cotton is making squares and is doing fairly well. While cotton has suffered less than other crops, it is needing rain in most sections. Corn is not growing much, but is generally of a good color and in a healthy condition. Melons are ripening in a few counties and some will be shipped during the coming week. The fruit crop, except pears, will be good.

"Several good showers have fallen in the southwestern counties during the week and crops are not suffering as a rule, but are looking better than last week. Hail and wind did some damage in portions of Thomas and Decatur counties. The oat crop is about saved, but is rather poor. Corn is doing well and is now silking and tasseling. Cotton looks well; the early plantings are beginning to bloom. Watermelons are looking well and will be ready to ship in about ten days. Peaches are doing well. Blackberries are ripening and the crop will be fairly good. Apples and pears very scarce. In portions of Stewart county the drought seems very serious; wells are drying up and some water is being hauled.

"In the western counties the drought has been temporarily broken in localities by scattered showers, but as a rule rain is very much needed. Cotton is small, but looking fairly well, with only a fair stand. Corn is about holding its own and would be greatly revived by good soaking rains. Wheat harvest is still in progress and turning out well. Pastures and gardens are seriously in need of rain, which should come very soon to be of much benefit to the latter.

"Dry weather, broken here and there by local showers, continues in the northwestern counties. Corn is growing very slowly and there are some fields yet to be planted. Cotton is small and the stand is not at all good; it is being chopped. Some wheat has been harvested and is turning out well. The peach crop will be good in many sections, but apples are generally scarce. All crops would be benefited by rain."

### Seventh Annual Meeting Southern Wholesale Grocers.

Chattanooga (Lookout Mountain) Tenn., June 16-18, 1898.

One fare for the round trip from all southern railway points.

Tickets to be sold June 14th, 15th and 16th, good for return passage until June 21st, 1898.

Secure tickets via Southern railway.

Three trains in each direction daily, carrying Pullman sleeping cars and vestibule coaches. 6-7-to-18.

**Office Stationery**

And office supplies of all kinds at John M. Miller Co., 39 Marietta street.

**Office Stationery.**

And office supplies of all kinds at John M. Miller Co., 39 Marietta street

**$3.50 Atlanta to Tybee and return via C. of Ga. Ry., June 11th account Atlanta Drummers' Seashore Excursion.**

# COTTON FEATURELESS

## New York Crowd Have the Market Pretty Much to Themselves.

## SOUTHERN SPOTS STILL FIRM

### Close Was Dull but Steady at a Net Loss of 1 to 2 Points—Print Cloths Firm.

Official closing quotations for spot cotton:
Atlanta—Quiet; middling 6c.
Liverpool—Dull; middling 3 9-16d.
New York—Quiet; middling 6½c.
New Orleans—Quiet; middling 6 1-16c.
Savannah—Steady; middling 6c.
Galveston—Steady; middling 6c.
Norfolk—Quiet; middling 6 3-8c.
Mobile—Nominal; middling 5 15-16c.
Memphis—Steady; middling 6c.
Augusta—Steady; middling 6¼c.
Charleston—Quiet; middling 6c.
Houston—Dull; middling 5 15-16c.
St. Louis—Quiet; middling 6c.

The following were the closing quotations for cotton futures in New York yesterday:

| MONTHS | Opening. | Highest. | Lowest. | Tuesdays Close. | Mondays Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| June | 6 38 | 6 40 | 6 37 | 6 37-39 | 6 38-39 |
| July | 6 41 | 6 44 | 6 39 | 6 39-40 | 6 41-42 |
| August | 6 45 | 6 45 | 6 42 | 6 43-44 | 6 45-46 |
| September | 6 33 | 6 33 | 6 30 | 6 30-31 | 6 32-33 |
| October | 6 34 | 6 34 | 6 30 | 6 30-31 | 6 32-33 |
| November | 6 33 | 6 33 | 6 30 | 6 30-31 | 6 32-33 |
| December | 6 35 | 6 35 | 6 32 | 6 32-33 | 6 35-36 |
| January | 6 38 | 6 40 | 6 36 | 6 36-37 | 6 38-39 |
| February | 6 40 | 6 44 | 6 39 | 6 39-41 | 6 41-43 |
| March | ...... | ...... | ...... | ...... | ...... |
| April | ...... | ...... | ...... | ...... | ...... |
| May | ...... | ...... | ...... | ...... | ...... |

Closed dull but steady; sales 32,800 bales.

New York, June 7.—By Associated Press: The local crowd had today's cotton market pretty much to themselves. Early in the afternoon there was some liquidation of July and August contracts and reinvestment in the new crop positions, more especially October. Aside from this trading through out the session was featureless and of a scalping nature. The feeling around the opening was fairly steady inasmuch as advices from Fall River stated that print cloths continued to exhibit a firm undertone and the southern markets to retain all their firm features. The close was dull but steady at a net loss of 1 to 3 points.

The following table shows the consolidated net receipts, exports and stock at the ports:

| | RECEIPTS 1898 | RECEIPTS 1897 | EXPORTS 1898 | EXPORTS 1897 | STOCKS 1898 | STOCKS 1897 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Saturday | 4466 | 1187 | 12409 | 12243 | 429722 | 290858 |
| Monday | 6721 | 785 | 14445 | 11910 | 414722 | 280984 |
| Tuesday | 6799 | 1162 | 1106 | 4260 | 419911 | 277804 |
| Wednesday | ...... | ...... | ...... | ...... | ...... | ...... |
| Thursday | ...... | ...... | ...... | ...... | ...... | ...... |
| Friday | ...... | ...... | ...... | ...... | ...... | ...... |
| Total | 17986 | 3134 | 27960 | 28413 | .. | ..... |

The following were the closing bids for cotton futures in New Orleans:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| June | 5 91 | December | 5 96 |
| July | 5 96 | January | 5 99 |
| August | 5 96 | February | 6 03 |
| September | 5 92 | March | .... |
| October | 5 93 | April | .... |
| November | 5 94 | May | .... |

Closed dull; sales 10,500 bales.

### Paine, Murphy & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

Atlanta, June 7.—Cotton advanced early on dry weather in many sections, a slight rise in Liverpool and some Wall street buying, but reacted later on local and southern liquidation, predictions of rain and dullness abroad. There is nothing new to record. Liverpool early cables reflected some demand with prices for futures steady, but the day's final cables showed no improvement. Sales 7,000 bales. Trading in New York, if such it can be called, was confined to local scalpers with exceptional liquidation by tired holders. The early settlement of the war and less foreign demand makes the narrow, dull market a trifle heavy. Fluctuations were confined to 2 points. Sales today 32,200 bales.

### Atlanta Exchange Cotton Letter.

New York, June 7.—The cotton market does not appear inclined to recover from its dormancy. The opening today was quiet and steady with prices 1 point lower to 1 point higher. Fluctuations as a rule were narrow and trading in the main was small and uninteresting. Liverpool cables, crop accounts and political news lacked special feature, and consequently the local trade was left purposeless. The movements at the ports overran early estimates, but this did not figure as an influence. Accounts from the southern markets, while numerous, were without influence on either side of the market.

### Southern Exchange Cotton Letter.

Atlanta, June 7.—The cotton market opened unchanged from previous closing prices. Liverpool showed ½ point advance in futures with spots unchanged and at 3 9-16d; sales 7,000 bales; tone quiet and steady. Our market after opening proved weak and eased off 2 points from opening prices. The market continues narrow and uninviting. Estimated port receipts 5,000 today, against 1,162 last year. Opening prices proved the best of the session. There seems but little faith in the rumor of a squeeze in August cotton. The market closed quiet.

### Hubbard Bros. & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, June 7.—A rather better tone to deliveries in Liverpool failed to sustain our market, which slowly receded under a moderate liquidation in August. Local traders, however, think the buyers were the parties who were free sellers on the last advance. The temper of the trade is distinctly bullish based on the hope of some injury to the growing crop which will lead to a revival of speculation in cotton. Spinners are not in evidence as buyers. They have bought less cotton in this market than for many years. Receipts continue large and the crop promises to exceed 11,000,000 bales, but the trade is watching the new crop for the basis for business.

### The Dry Goods Market.

New York, June 7.—The dry goods market conditions are generally favorable in their tendency. There is a movement for the cleaning up of stocks which seems to be met by buyers in a way which shows increased confidence. Staple cottons show more firmness than heretofore. The sales of brown goods for domestic markets have been heavier. Prints are unchanged. Print cloths are again quiet at 2c for extras.

### The Liverpool and Port Markets.

Liverpool, June 7, 12:15 p. m.—Cotton, spot dull with prices unchanged; middling uplands 3 9-16; sales 7,000 bales; American 6,300; speculation and export 300; receipts 5,1000; all Amer can.

Futures opened quiet and steady with demand moderate.

| | Open'g | Close. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| June | ...... | 3 33¼ | Sellers |
| June and July | ...... | 3 33⅛ | " |
| July and August | 3 33-64 | 3 33⅛ | Buyers |
| August and September | 3 33-64 | 3 33⅛ | Sellers |
| September and October | 3 32-64 | 3 33⅛ | " |
| October and November | 3 31-64 | 3 31⅛ | Buyers |
| November and December | 3 30-64 | 3 30⅛ | " |
| December and January | 3 30-64 | 3 30⅛ | " |
| January and February | 3 30-64 | 3 30⅛ | " |
| February and March | ...... | 3 31 | " |

Futures closed quiet and steady.

New York, June 7.—Cotton quiet; sales 288 bales; middling uplands 6½; gulf 6¾; net receipts 300; gross 1,322; stock 128,014.

New Orleans, June 7.—Cotton quiet; sales 850; middling 6 1-16; receipts 2,725; stock 161,361.

Galveston, June 7.—Cotton steady; middling 6; sales 67; receipts 1,601; stock 29,009.

Mobile, June 7.—Cotton nominal; middling 5 15-16; receipts 27; stock 7,750.

Savannah, June 7.—Cotton steady; middling 6; sales 10; receipts 948; stock 15,844.

Charleston, June 7.—Cotton quiet and steady; middling 6; stock 10,215.

Wilmington, June 7.—Cotton steady; middling 6⅛; receipts 28; stock 8,470.

Norfolk, June 7.—Cotton quiet; middling 6 3-8; sales 143; receipts 807; stock 36,021.

Baltimore, June 7.—Cotton nominal; middling 6 5-8; receipts 1,434; stock 12,022.

Boston, June 7.—Cotton dull; middling 6½; receipts, net 56; gross 277.

Philadelphia, June 7.—Cotton quiet; middling 6¾; receipts 186; stock 7,677.

Memphis, June 7.—Cotton steady; middling 6; sales 300; receipts 730; stock 35,940.

Augusta, June 7.—Cotton steady; middling 6¼; sales 117; receipts 118; stock 23,749.

Houston, June 7.—Cotton dull; middling 5 15-16; sales 32; receipts 1,547; stock 15,263.

St. Louis, June 7.—Cotton quiet; middling 6; sales 460; receipts 1,231; shipments 1,436; stock 40,647.

### GRAIN, PROVISIONS, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, Atlanta, Ga., June 7, 1898.

**Flour, Grain and Meal.**

Atlanta, June 7—Flour, all wheat, first patent $7.00; second patent $6.00; straight 5.00; fancy 4.75; extra family 4 50; flour mixed with corn meal, noregular quotations. Corn, white 55c; mixed 54. Oats, white 45c; mixed 43c. Texas rustproof —c. Rye, Georgia 85c. Hay, No. 1 timothy large bales $1.00; small bales 95c; No. 2 timothy small bales 90c. Meal, plain 54c; bolted 50c. Wheat bran, large sacks 98c; small sacks $1.00. Shorts $1.05. Stock meal 80c. Cotton seed meal 95c per 100 lbs; hulls $6.50 per ton. Peas—Stock 60@65c per bu; common white 85@90c; lady $1.15@1.25. Grits $1.70.

New York, June 7—Flour weak and lower. Wheat, spot easy, No. 2 red $1.10; options closed 1@2½c lower; No. 2 red July 92⅛. Corn, spot steady; No. 2 37⅞; options closed ¼@½c lower; July 36⅛. Oats, spot quiet; No. 2 30⅛; options closed ⅛c lower; July 29.

St. Louis, June 7—Flour quiet. Wheat dull and lower; No. 2 red in elevator 90; track 95@96½; June —; July 79⅛. Corn steady; No. 2 cash 31; June —; July 30⅛. Oats strong; No. 2 cash in elevator 25; track 26; June —; July 23.

Chicago, June 7—Flour dull. No. 2 spring wheat $1.00@1.05; No. 3 spring wheat 95@$1.05; No. 2 red $1.09. No. 2 corn 31⅜; No. 2 yellow 32@32⅛. No. 2 oats 24@24⅛; No. 2 white 28; No. 3 white f o b 27. No. 2 Rye 47.

Cincinnati, June 7—Flour easy. Wheat quiet; No. 2 red $1.05. Corn dull; No 2 mixed 34. Oats quiet; No. 2 mixed 27.

NEW ARROW TIES!
JUTE BAGGING!
SUGAR BAG CLOTH!
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For Direct Shipment at Low Prices.
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Cotton, Stocks, Wheat, Etc.
Bought and sold on margins. Determine the responsibility of the house through which you deal. References, Fourth National and Capital City banks.

STATE OF GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—By virtue of an order granted by the court of ordinary of Fulton county, will be sold on the first Tuesday in July, 1898, before the courthouse door of Fulton county, between the legal hours of sale, the following property belonging to the estate of Ellen B. Drake, deceased, to-wit:

1. All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in land lot forty-six (46) of the fourteenth (14th) district of Fulton county, commencing at a point on the west side of South Boulevard one hundred and seven (107) feet north of the northwest corner of Edgewood avenue and Boulevard, running thence north along the west side of said Boulevard fifty-four (54) feet, thence west one hundred and fifty-five (155) feet, thence south fifty-four (54) feet, thence east one hundred and fifty-five (155) feet to beginning point on Boulevard.

2. All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in land lot one hundred and eight (108) of the fourteenth (14th) district of Fulton county, commencing on the south side of Ella street one hundred and ninety-five (195) feet more or less west of the southwest corner of Ella and Leonard streets, and at the northeast corner of Emma J. Culver's lot, and running thence south along the east line of said Emma J. Culver's lot two hundred and forty-three and one-fourth (243¼) feet to Chapel street, thence along Chapel street about two hundred and seventy-eight (178) feet to Leonard (or Ella street), thence along Leonard street one hundred and ninety-eight (198) feet more or less to the intersection of Leonard and Ella streets, thence along the south side of Ella street one hundred and ninety-five (195) feet more or less, to point of beginning. The said tract or parcel of land being made up of lots one, two, three, eighteen, nineteen and twenty, according to map and survey made by Max Corput in his subdivision of what is known as the "Old Barracks" property, in which map said lots or parcels of land are more particularly described.

3. That tract or parcel of land lying and being in land lot one hundred and eight (108) in the fourteenth (14th) district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, and more particularly described as follows: Bounded on the north by Leonard street, on the south by Phelps street, on the east by Culver street and on the west by Henry street, being two hundred (200) feet, more or less.

Terms: Cash.

GEORGE M. HOPE, Administrator of the estate of Ellen B. Drake, deceased.
June 8-4t wed.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, June 6, 1898. Laura Glover has applied for exemption of personality, and setting apart and valuation of homestead, and I will pass upon the same at 10 o'clock a. m., on the 28th day of June, 1898, at my office. W. H. HULSEY, Ordinary.
June 7-8.

Standard Ice Co. Can Supply You Promptly.
ICE
Telephone 549. Sol. Benjamin, Manager.

EXCURSION TO
Dallas, Texas,
VIA
Atlanta & West Point R. R.
ONE FARE
ROUND TRIP

Tickets on sale June 10-12, good to return June 28th. The Atlanta and West Point railroad is the most pleasant, attractive and interesting route to Texas at this season of the year. For rates, sleeping car berths and other information apply to

GEO. W. ALLEN, Trav. Pass. Agent, 12 Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga.
E. E. KIRBY, City Ticket Agent, 12 Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga.
ALBERT HOWELL, Union Ticket Agent, Depot, Atlanta, Ga.
JNO A. GEE, General Passenger Agent.

## THE SOUTHERN RAILWAY

Effective May 1, 1898.

| EAST BOUND | No. 38 Daily. | No. 36 Daily. | No. 12 Daily. | No. 18 Ex Sun |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Lv Atlanta | 2 00 n'n | 11 50 pm | 7 50 am | 4 36 pm |
| Ar Gainesville | 2 24 pm | 2 20 am | 10 35 am | 7 45 pm |
| Ar Cornelia | ...... | ...... | 11 25 am | 8 35 pm |
| Ar Mt. Airy | ...... | ...... | 11 30 am | 8 40 pm |
| Lv Charlotte | 8 30 pm | 9 25 am | 6 40 am | ...... |
| Ar Greensboro | 10 43 pm | ...... | ...... | ...... |
| Ar. Danville | 12 00 n't | 1 30 pm | 11 25 pm | ...... |
| Ar. Washington | 6 42 am | 9 25 pm | ...... | ...... |
| Ar. Baltimore | 8 06 am | 11 25 pm | ...... | ...... |
| Ar. Philadelphia | 10 15 am | 3 00 am | ...... | ...... |
| Ar. New York | 12 45 n'n | 6 20 am | ...... | ...... |
| Ar. Boston | 8 30 pm | 8 00 pm | ...... | ...... |
| Lv. Danville | 1 20 am | 1 50 pm | 12 30 am | ...... |
| Ar. Richmond | 6 00 am | 6 40 pm | 6 00 am | ...... |
| Lv. Greensboro | 10 50 pm | ...... | ...... | ...... |
| Ar. Norfolk | 7 35 am | ...... | ...... | ...... |

No. 20. Dinner Train, leaves Atlanta 11:20 a. m., arrives Norcross 1:16 p. m., daily except Sunday.

No. 38 Vestibuled Train, Atlanta to New York, Pullman Sleeping Cars, Dining Car and elegant Vestibuled Coach between Atlanta and Washington. Sleeping car Greensboro to Norfolk.

No. 36, "The U. S. Fast Mail," solid train between Atlanta and New York. Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars Atlanta to New York. Pullman Sleeping Car Atlanta to Charlotte.

| SO. BOUND. | No. 13. | No. 8. | No. 10. | No. 14. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Lv. Atlanta | 5 20 am | 8 10 am | 4 20 pm | 8 15 pm |
| Ar. Macon | 8 10 am | 10 50 am | 7 10 pm | 10 55 pm |
| Ar. Everett | 3 25 pm | ...... | ...... | 5 25 am |
| Ar. Brunswick | 4 30 pm | ...... | ...... | 6 30 am |
| Ar. Jacksonville | 9 25 pm | ...... | ...... | 8 10 am |

| NORTH BOUND. | No. 31. | No. 9. | No. 7. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Lv. Atlanta | 7 50 am | 4 00 pm | 10 00 pm |
| Ar. Rome | 10 35 pm | 6 25 pm | 1 00 am |
| Ar. Dalton | 11 45 am | 7 34 pm | 2 34 am |
| Ar. Chattanooga | 1 00 pm | 8 50 pm | 4 15 am |
| Ar. Memphis | ...... | 7 40 am | 7 10 pm |
| Ar. Cincinnati | ...... | 7 30 am | 7 30 pm |
| Ar. Knoxville | ...... | 1 10 am | 8 05 am |
| Ar. Louisville | ...... | 7 50 am | 7 50 pm |

Nos. 13 and 14, Pullman Sleeping Cars between Atlanta and Jacksonville. Local Sleeping Cars between Atlanta and Brunswick.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Lv. Atlanta | 5 20 am | 4 20 pm |
| Lv Griffin | 6 50 am | 6 03 pm |
| Lv. Columbus | 9 30 am | 9 05 pm |
| Ar. Albany | 3 10 pm | ...... |

No 30 has through coach Atlanta to Albany.

| WEST BOUND. | No. 37 Daily. | No. 35 Daily. | No. 25 Daily. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Lv Atlanta | 4 15 pm | 5 30 am | 6 20 pm |
| Ar Tallapoosa | 6 23 pm | 7 45 am | 9 00 pm |
| Ar Birmingham | 10 00 pm | 11 45 am | ...... |
| Lv Birmingham | ...... | 11 50 am | ...... |
| Ar Greenville | ...... | 10 55 pm | ...... |
| Lv Birmingham | 10 20 pm | 12 05 pm | ...... |
| Ar Memphis | 7 40 am | 10 20 pm | ...... |
| Ar Kansas City | 7 55 am | 5 20 pm | ...... |
| Lv Birmingham | 10 15 pm | ...... | ...... |
| Ar Shreveport | 7 20 pm | ...... | ...... |
| Ar New Orleans | 8 30 am | ...... | ...... |
| Lv Atlanta | | | 4 30 pm |
| Ar Fort Valley | | | 8 30 pm |

No. 37 Sleeping Cars Atlanta to Memphis.
No. 9 Sleeper Atlanta to Cincinnati.
No. 7 Local Sleeper, Atlanta to Chattanooga.
Office Kimball House Corner.

## RAILWAY SCHEDULES

**Arrival and Departure of All Trains from This City—Standard Time, in Effect February 13th.**

**Southern Railway.**

| No. | ARRIVE FROM | | No. | DEPART TO | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| ‡8 | Chattanooga | 5 00 am | ‡16 | Brunswick | 5 20 am |
| ‡35 | Washington | 5 10 am | ‡16 | Columbus, Ga. | 5 20 am |
| ‡18 | Jacksonville | 7 15 am | ‡35 | Birmingham | 5 30 am |
| ‡26 | Tallapoosa | 8 25 am | ‡18 | Chattanooga | 7 50 am |
| 17 | Mt. Airy | 8 30 am | ‡12 | Richmond | 7 50 am |
| ‡21 | Fort Valley | 10 20 am | ‡8 | Macon | 8 10 am |
| ‡9 | Macon | 10 40 am | 20 | Norcross | 11 20 am |
| ‡9 | Columbus | 10 40 am | ‡38 | Washington | 12 00 m |
| ‡78 | Birmingham | 11 30 am | ‡9 | Chattanooga | 4 00 pm |
| ‡10 | Chattanooga | 11 40 am | ‡37 | Birmingham | 4 15 pm |
| 19 | Norcross | 2 20 pm | ‡10 | Macon | 4 20 pm |
| ‡37 | Washington | 3 55 pm | ‡10 | Columbus | 4 20 pm |
| ‡15 | Brunswick | 7 45 pm | 22 | Fort Valley | 4 30 pm |
| ‡14 | Chattanooga | 8 05 pm | 18 | Mt. Airy | 4 35 pm |
| ‡11 | Richmond | 9 30 pm | 25 | Tallapoosa | 6 20 pm |
| ‡7 | Macon | 9 45 pm | 14 | Jacksonville | 8 20 pm |
| ‡7 | Columbus, Ga. | 9 45 pm | ‡7 | Chattanooga | 10 00 pm |
| ‡36 | Birmingham | 10 45 pm | 36 | Washington | 11 50 pm |

**Central of Georgia Railway.**

| No. | ARRIVE FROM | | No. | DEPART TO | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 101 | Jonesboro | 6 45 am | 102 | Hapeville | 7 00 am |
| ‡8 | Savannah | 7 45 am | ‡2 | Savannah | 7 50 am |
| 103 | Hapeville | 8 05 am | 104 | Hapeville | 8 30 am |
| 105 | Hapeville | 9 45 am | 108 | Jonesboro | 12 00 m |
| ‡11 | Macon | 11 20 am | 110 | Hapeville | 2 20 pm |
| 109 | Jonesboro | 2 05 pm | 112 | Hapeville | 4 45 pm |
| 111 | Hapeville | 2 30 pm | ‡12 | Macon | 4 05 pm |
| 113 | Hapeville | 5 55 pm | 114 | Jonesboro | 6 10 pm |
| ‡1 | Savannah | 7 35 pm | ‡4 | Savannah | 7 50 pm |
| | SUNDAY TRAINS: | | | SUNDAY TRAINS: | |
| 115 | Jonesboro | 8 55 am | 116 | Hapeville | 9 00 am |
| 117 | Hapeville | 10 45 am | 118 | Jonesboro | 12 50 pm |

**Western and Atlantic Railroad.**

| No. | ARRIVE FROM | | No. | DEPART TO | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| ‡3 | Nashville | 7 30 am | ‡2 | Nashville | 8 15 am |
| ‡73 | Marietta | 8 00 am | ‡70 | Chattanooga | 4 50 pm |
| ‡71 | Chattanooga | 10 35 am | ‡72 | Marietta | 5 30 pm |
| ‡1 | Nashville | 7 30 pm | ‡4 | Nashville | 8 30 pm |

**Atlanta and West Point Railroad.**

| No. | ARRIVE FROM | | No. | DEPART TO | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| ‡38 | Montgomery | 11 40 am | ‡35 | Montgomery | 5 25 am |
| ‡34 | Selma | 7 00 pm | ‡33 | Montgomery | 1 00 pm |
| ‡36 | Selma | 11 56 pm | ‡37 | Selma | 4 20 pm |
| 12 | College Park | 7 05 am | 11 | College Park | 6 00 am |
| 14 | Newnan | 8 20 am | 13 | College Park | 8 00 am |
| 16 | College Park | 10 00 am | 15 | Palmetto | 12 01 pm |
| 18 | College Park | 2 15 pm | 17 | College Park | 12 11 pm |
| 20 | Palmetto | 2 45 pm | 19 | College Park | 2 30 pm |
| 22 | College Park | 3 50 pm | 21 | College Park | 4 25 pm |
| 24 | College Park | 5 50 pm | 23 | Palmetto | 5 35 pm |
| 26 | College Park | 7 45 pm | 25 | College Park | 6 20 pm |
| 28 | Palmetto | 8 25 pm | 29 | Newnan | 11 25 pm |
| | SUNDAY TRAIN: | | | SUNDAY TRAIN: | |
| 42 | Newnan | 10 20 am | 41 | West Point | 8 00 am |

Trains Nos. 12, 16, 18, 22, 24, 26 will stop at Whitehall street platform.

All trains will depart from Union Passenger station.

**Georgia Railroad.**

| No. | ARRIVE FROM | | No. | DEPART TO | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| ‡3 | Augusta | 5 00 am | ‡2 | Augusta | 7 50 am |
| 23 | Conyers | 6 45 am | 26 | Lithonia | 8 00 am |
| 1 | Covington | 7 45 am | ‡28 | Augusta | 3 10 pm |
| ‡1 | Augusta | 12 35 pm | 24 | Conyers | 4 35 pm |
| 25 | Lithonia | 3 35 pm | 10 | Covington | 6 15 pm |
| ‡27 | Augusta | 8 20 pm | ‡4 | Augusta | 11 35 pm |

**Seaboard Air-Line.**

| No. | ARRIVE FROM | | No. | DEPART TO | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| ‡41 | Norfolk | 5 20 am | ‡402 | Washington | 12 00 n'n |
| ‡403 | Washington | 2 50 pm | ‡38 | Norfolk | 7 50 pm |

**Atlanta, Knoxville and Northern Ry.**

(Via W. and A. R. R. to Marietta.)

| FROM | | TO | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Knoxville | 7 30 pm | Knoxville | 8 15 am |

Daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.

PETER LYNCH.
ESTABLISHED 1857.
95 Whitehall and 7 Mitchell Streets. Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Wines and Liquors. Fine Liquors and Wines a specialty. Also Boots, Shoes, Harness and Harness Upper and Sole Leather, Crockeryware, Hardware, Guns, Pistols and Ammunition, Field and Garden Seeds in their season. A variety store. All orders from country and town filled promptly at lowest market rates. Terms cash.

# THE YOUNG LADIES RELIEF ASSOCIATION APPEALS TO THE PUBLIC TO AID THEM

## Fund Must Be Increased Now Over Thirteen Hundred Dollars. Capt. Nash's Stirring Letter.

The young ladies of the Atlanta Relief Association are meeting with great success in the emergency fund they are raising for the soldiers, and the subscription list is now over $1,300, but they call upon the public to further aid them in their good work and provide for the Atlanta soldiers who have gone to the front. A letter from Captain Joseph Nash published elsewhere has deeply stirred the young women and they are determined to do their utmost to provide for the sick and suffering as long as there is an Atlanta man in front.

As will be seen from Captain Nash's letter, the soldiers have not as yet been fully equipped by the government, nor have they received their pay, consequently they are at the mercy of the dreadful heat and rough rations, not properly clad, and instead of growing stronger, many may be growing weaker. It will take comparatively little to supply those accessories of health that are really in the nature of necessities to health, as well as comfort, and it becomes the patriotic duty of Atlanta to support the work of her noble young women to lighten the present burdens of the Atlanta soldiers.

Never have the young women of the city been more united in any movement and their earnestness and good work partakes so nearly of the spirit shown by their mothers and grandmothers in the days of the confederacy that their work becomes a touching incident in Atlanta's history.

Though in a little over a week's time $1,300 has been raised, it is not a sum sufficient to warrant their meeting the demands that come upon them in the nature of the actual needs of the soldiers. The Relief Association is organized on the best basis and those contributing toward the fund may be assured that every cent of the money will be accounted for and only be expended in supplying the actual needs of the soldiers.

There are those few individuals who excuse themselves from contributing to the fund on the ground that the government will do her part toward the men and that they won't suffer. Were the Atlanta men all regulars and accustomed to Tampa summers, that argument might hold good, but when it is considered that many of them are not and not acclimated and that the government cannot on a moment's notice supply those things which could be supplied out of an emergency fund, the situation is changed and it seems but the duty of Atlanta to look after her soldier boys.

It is a remarkable fact and nevertheless true that some men in Atlanta, who know well the hardships of war and are now blessed with the luxuries of life, will remark in reference to the emergency fund: "Why, when I was a soldier in the civil war I suffered this hardship and that. I had no ice and lemons provided for me, and those boys down there better get used to it."

It would seem that these men of all others would be the first ones to help the soldiers of today. Knowing the hardships of the situation and the inspiration that attention in such times is to the soldier, it would be the noble and patriotic thing for these men that have suffered to be among the first to come to the assistance of those who suffer now.

Many letters that have come from Florida within the past few days reiterate the statement that since the Atlanta soldiers have learned of the Atlanta Relief Association organized by the young ladies they have worked with greater courage and vigor, and as one officer expresses it, "the news has made of them better men, their pride is greater, and they are seeking to be worthy of the interest of the noble young women interested in them."

### *The Subscription List.*

The subscription list yesterday had added to it the amount of $42.50, contributed by the members of the Fulton County Club, $5 from Mrs. James Robinson and $1 from Mr. Miller, which makes the subscription list now $1,314. This does not include the amount subscribed in the way of materials for Saturday's barbecue. A list of this complete will be published later.

On yesterday the ladies received an order from Mr. Frank Lester donating all the books necessary in the business of the organization.

The sale of tickets to the barbecue has progressed with wonderful enthusiasm and it is estimated that the event will be a most delightful one and that several hundred of Atlanta's most prominent people will be in attendance tomorrow. The train will leave at 12 o'clock sharp, returning at 7 o'clock, and the barbecue ticket includes the railroad fare.

### *Meeting Tomorrow.*

Miss Ella M. Powell, chairman of the Atlanta Relief Association, calls a meeting of that organization tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock at the Capital City Club. The subscription list will be open at the meeting and new members are requested to report their names to the secretaries.

### *Atlanta Concert Association.*

Mr. Oscar Pappenheimer, president of the Atlanta Concert Association, calls a meeting of the board of incorporaters for Thursday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock in the office of Messrs. Glenn & Rountree. A large attendance is urged.

### *Lawn Fete.*

A large party will be in attendance at the lawn fete to be given this afternoon at Moreland park for the benefit of the Episcopalian church. The Fifth Regiment band will discourse sweetest music and there will be delicious refreshments served by prominent young women. Among the ladies in charge will be Mrs. Walton, Mrs. Sarah Grant Jackson, Mrs. Cleland Kinlock Nelson, Mrs. Burton Smith, Mrs. John Candler, Mrs. Beatrice Dugas, Mrs. Robert Ewing Brown, Mrs. Frank Gordon, Mrs. Hober Reed, Mrs. Wilcox, Mrs. Godfrey; Misses Hortense Alexander, Belle Newman, Nona Dugas, Iza Glenn, Valeria Rankin, Joan Clark, Laura Roper, Jeannette Bain, Kathleen Jones, Lillie Brockett, Miss Wylie, Dora Raine, Constance Reed.

### *A Georgia Woman To Win.*

The club women of the south as a unit will vote for Mrs. William B. Lowe, of Georgia, for the vice presidency of the national federation. In an editorial on the subject The Rome Georgian writes:

"Letters are coming in every day indorsing Mrs. W. B. Lowe, president of the Georgia federation, for the high position of second officer of the general federation. Several states are sending their entire delegation instructed for her and her alone.

"This proves that earnestness is worth more than numbers. Numerically, the Georgia federation is small, numbering about 3,000 women, but its strength of purpose and earnest, faithful work stands without a peer. This is acknowledged throughout the general federation, which is composed of women who feel they honor themselves in honoring true merit wherever found.

"Only those who see the letters can appreciate with what open-handed, free-hearted generosity this high position has been offered by these noble minded women to the south, through her leader, Mrs. W. B. Lowe, of Georgia."

### *Fried Chicken at the Sheltering Arms Today.*

The ladies of the Methodist church had charge of the Sheltering Arms cafe yesterday and a large crowd were in attendance. Today a delegation of ladies from the Jewish synagogue will serve a luncheon under the auspices and for the benefit of the Sheltering Arms. Mrs. J. T. Eichberg is chairman in charge. She will be assisted by an able staff, among them Mrs. William Bauer, Mrs. Charles Herman, Mrs. Ida Arnheim, Mrs. J. Elsas and others. A number of lovely young ladies will be in attendance to serve the patrons. The menu will consist of fried chicken, roast beef, saratoga chips, green peas, cucumber salad, tomato, potato salad, hot coffee, rolls, shrimp salad, hot biscuits, beaten biscuits and ice cream and cakes.

### *Social Items.*

Miss Wheately, of Americus, Ga., arrived in the city today, and will be the guest of Misses Eugenia and Edythe Stephens for several days.

Miss Louise Sutherland will pass through the city tomorrow en route to Elberton, where she will visit friends.

Mrs. J. K. Ohl left yesterday for a short visit to her old home in Washington, Ga.

Miss Elizabeth Venable has returned to Stone Mountain. Miss Bob Venable is expected home from Philadelphia today.

Mrs. Livingston Mims is visiting friends in the north.

The many friends of Mrs. Joseph Thompson will be delighted to learn that she is very much better, and that with great care she will soon be able to see her friends.

Mrs. Thaddeus E. Horton is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Stocker.

Miss Haskell, the beautiful young daughter of Colonel W. W. Haskell, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Norwood Mitchell. She is of the queenly type of beauty that one associates with the beauties of the old south, and is a young woman of charming personality.

Miss Janie Speer, of LaGrange, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Beck.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest West are in New York city, where Mrs. West will remain during the summer. She will be joined later by her sister, Mrs. Annie Reed Rhett, who will spend several weeks in New York.

Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Ottley will move out to their summer home today.

Miss Nannie Sue Hill, of Newnan, is the guest of Dr. and Mrs. A. W. Calhoun. She is one of the prettiest and most popular young women in the state, and is receiving a warm welcome from her Atlanta friends.

Dr. and Mrs. James N. Ellis are expected home the latter part of next week.

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Steele have returned home.

An enjoyable event was a moonlight picnic given by Misses Mary and Willie Ellis Friday evening at East Lake. The crowd numbering about forty left the city at 4:30 o'clock and about 8:30 o'clock supper was announced. The large table was loaded with everything nice to eat. After supper all returned to the pavilion, where dancing was enjoyed until a late hour. The Franklin-Spahr orchestra was engaged for the evening. Among the chaperons were: Mrs. J. R. Ellis, Mrs. Eaton, Mrs. Thomas and Mr. and Mrs. Martin.

General and Mrs. John B. Gordon, Mr. Hugh Gordon and Miss Gordon have returned from their plantation in southwest Georgia.

Mrs. Charles Read has returned from Lithia.

Mrs. Matthew McClung, of Knoxville, is visiting the family of Colonel C. C. McGehee, on Peachtree street.

Mrs. W. H. Barnes, of Opelika, Ala., and Mrs. M. B. Barnes, of this city, have returned from an extensive trip north, having visited the cities of Norfolk, Richmond and New York. Mrs. W. H. Barnes will be at 17 East Georgia avenue for a few days, before returning home.

Mrs. Clarence Haverty entertains at a lawn party tonight.

Mrs. William C. Glenn and her little daughter will spend the summer in north Georgia.

Captain English and Miss English return from Warm Springs today.

Mrs. Fannie Lamar Rankin and family have returned from Indian Spring.

Dr. and Mrs. E. L. Connally are in Denver, Colorado.

Mr. Thomas J. Carter is spending a few days at the Aragon.

Miss Margaret Newman is expected home from North Carolina this week.

Mrs. E. W. Lazarus and her three daughters, Misses Edith, Cornelia and Edwina, left the city on Thursday evening last for a sojourn to the summer resorts of North Carolina.

Miss Bertie Davidson, who has been visiting her cousin, Miss Mary Dobbins, has returned to the delight of her many friends.

Miss Eugenia and Miss Edythe Stephens have returned to the city after a month's visit to Americus and south Georgia. Miss Caroline Reese, of Montgomery, is now their visitor, to the delight of her many friends.

The residents and friends of Oakland were given a rare treat Thursday and Friday evenings last, the occasion being the closing entertainments of Anna Dill institute, of which Professor W. F. Perry is principal. For variety, originality and tone they were far above the average commencement.

Mr. W. F. Smith, of Social Circle, visited over Sunday with Professor W. F. Perry.

Mrs. D. S. Fee, of Warren, O., is the guest of Professor and Mrs. W. F. Perry, of Oakland City.

Miss Irbie Blackwell has returned home from college.

Mr. Walter Beach has returned from Young Harris, where he has been attending school.

Conyers, Ga., June 7.—(Special.)—Rev. Mack Eakes was married at 6 o'clock this evening to Miss Lula Guinn at the home of her parents here, Professor and Mrs. R. A. Guinn. Mr. Eakes is a prominent young preacher of the north Georgia conference and Miss Guinn has been a most excellent teacher at the state normal school at Milledgeville.

Mrs. Lollie Belle Wylie is quite ill at her residence. For several days she has been ill and her friends last night were anxious about her condition.

Miss Willie Ellis will leave the city in a few weeks for her summer vacation.

Miss Mary Goodwyn, of Newnan, will visit in the city in a few days.

There will be a lawn festival at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. West, No. 55 East Georgia avenue, on Thursday night, the 9th instant, for the benefit of the sick soldiers at Fort McPherson, who are not sick enough to go to the hospital, but that need some little delicacies to overcome the effects of change in climate and water. These men have not been in long enough to draw pay and many are destitute of any funds at all. Come out and bring your friends. Enjoy the evening and help in a worthy cause.

# CAPT. NASH WRITES TO THE YOUNG LADIES OF THE ATLANTA RELIEF ASSOCIATION

Captain Joseph VanHolt Nash, Jr., of the Second regiment, Georgia volunteers, has written to Miss Ella Powell, president of the Atlanta Relief Association, as follows:

Your welcome letter of the 1st of June announcing the organization of the Atlanta Relief Association has brought new life to the Atlanta soldiers and I can never express my gratitude as fully as I feel it for the kindness and generosity of Atlanta's young women for their efforts in our behalf. Our boys here have undergone hardships and sufferings more severe than they will ever experience in Cuba or anywhere in the future, from the fact that the majority of them were raw recruits and unaccustomed to camp life and the art of taking care of themselves, consequently the meager supply of bedding, underclothing, socks, shoes, etc., was soon exhausted and they fast became penniless and barefooted. I supplied shoes, etc., until my funds were exhausted and obtained a partial issue from the government, but have just succeeded today in getting the full complement, so you may judge how slow it is to obtain equipments from the government. The first remittance received from the Atlanta Relief Association was divided up and with my share I bought some undershirts, socks, lumber for benches, ice, stamps and such other emergency purchases as were absolutely necessary. The men have not been paid as yet, and it is my purpose to supply towels, soap, combs, brushes and such things as this until they are supplied by the government. I give here for your information the government ration allowance per man for one day:

Meat, 16 ounces pork; flour, 18 ounces; beans 2.4 ounces or rice in lieu; coffee, 1.6 ounce or .32 ounces tea; sugar, 2.4 ounces; pepper, .04 ounces; salt, .6 ounces; vinegar, .8 ounces.

The above, as you see, is rather a monotonous diet if not changed "semi-annually," so for these reasons the volunteers suffer, whereas the regulars have organized company funds, obtained from contributions from the men out of their pay, and from the profits of their regular established canteens. One captain told me that he had in hand $1,400 to the credit of his company, consequently his men in no way suffered, and it is but natural that our boys should become despondent and wonder why they had not been thought of, and been equally as well equipped, for they mingle and associate with the regulars, and, of course, remarks are made, etc., and you can readily understand the situation. I have entered into this long explanation to give you an insight why funds are needed. What you send to us will be a sacred trust, and the money will be expended in a way that will alleviate the sufferings of our boys in the hospitals and those not acclimated and in need of help. If you could have heard the cheers that went up for you ladies when the news came that an organization had been effected in our behalf, I know you would feel amply repaid for the movement undertaken. I beg to assure the young ladies of the Atlanta Relief Association that they will never have cause to blush for the Georgia boys, as they will willingly sacrifice their lives on the country's altar to prove that they are worthy of the confidence bestowed in them and worthy of the interest of Atlanta's noble young women.

J. VAN HOLT NASH, JR.





Have You Used a Gas Stove?

16-INCH OVEN, $10.00. 18-INCH OVEN, $12.00.

CONNECTED READY FOR USE.

THE LOW PRICE OF GAS IN ATLANTA MAKES IT THE CHEAPEST AND BEST FUEL.

ATLANTA GAS LIGHT CO., BROAD AND ALABAMA STS.


## ASSOCIATION IS ENJOINED

### Mrs. Annie Dowman Wants Restraining Order To Stop Land Sale.

### SAYS SHE DID NOT GET LOAN

### Makes Unusual Allegations—Hearing Is Set for June 11th, When She Can Be Heard.

A restraining order was issued against the National Building Association of Baltimore yesterday by Judge Lumpkin upon the petition of Mrs. Annie Dowman asking that an injunction be granted enjoining the association from selling a piece of her property on Buena Vista avenue.

The petition makes unusual allegations and serious charges against the association. Some time ago, it is stated in the petition, Mrs. Dowman, under the advisement of Mr. I. R. Branham, who was until he left the city under a cloud the agent of the association, gave a mortgage to the association on her property for $3,200 with the understanding that the company was to pay off a debt of $1,925 which was held against Mrs. Dowman by the Neal Loan and Banking Company.

Mrs. Dowman alleges that after this debt was paid out of the $3,200 the remainder was to be paid to her. She says that she has never received any of the money and she does not know whether the debt of the Neal Loan and Banking Company has ever been paid or not.

Notwithstanding these facts, the bill alleges, the association is now advertising her property for sale, which is worth about $6,000. She wants an injunction to stop this sale.

She alleges that the association has made a demand on her for the amount of the mortgage which she has never received. She says she has refused to pay the amount demanded, as she has not received any of it, but has asked often for it.

Judge Lumpkin set the hearing for the injunction for June 11th. On Monday a similar bill against the same association was filed by Laura Glover to restrain the association from removing her out of a house.

## THE THEATERS.

The third family matinee of the summer season of opera will be given at the Lyceum this afternoon, and Manager Sharp has made special provisions for ladies and children. Every seat in the house will be reserved and every person will be given, before entering the theater, a coupon. No extra charge will be made for these coupons and reserved seats will be sold for the price usually asked for general admission.

Extra attendance will be in waiting to care for children unaccompanied by grown persons. "Fra Diavolo" will be sung. Between the acts Master Willie Kirst, the marvelous boy tenor, will sing new and sweet ballads. This charming little fellow is wonderfully gifted and unusually handsome.

Tonight "Chimes of Normandy" will be presented. Strange as it may seem, this opera has for nearly twenty years been one of the most popular in the long list of operas that have proven successes, and during all of this time it has stood at the head. Friday night a benefit will be tendered Manager Sharp by the company and Manager Jules Grau, purely as a testimonial of their friendship for him. A great double bill will be given with "Mascotte" as the opera and an entire act of specialties. This will undoubtedly be one of the most pleasing of the summer performances. Last night "Said Pasha" was sung with many specialties that were wonderfully well done.

Another well pleased audience greeted the Grand Stock Company last night when "Esmeralda" was repeated. The members of this clever company have undoubtedly scored their greatest success, so far, in this sweet, wholesome play. It demonstrates clearly that they can play serious roles just as cleverly as the lighter veins of comedy. The usual 3 o'clock matinee will be given this afternoon, and tonight will witness the last performance of "Esmeralda." Thursday night "Niobe" will be the bill. This is a farcial comedy in three acts, and is from the pen of the clever Paultons, who gave us the ever-charming, tuneful "Erminie," which Francis Wilson has just revived with such tremendous success at the New York Casino. The characters in "Niobe" are Peter Amos Dunn, president of the Universe Insurance Company; Caroline Dunn, his wife; Helen and Hattie Griffin, his sisters-in-law; Cornelius Griffin, his brother-in-law; Phineas Innings, Corney's friend; Jefferson Tompkins, an art enthusiast; Parker Silox, a merchant; Beatrice, his daughter; Madeline Mifton, the new governess; and Niobe, queen of Thebes.

The scene represents the drawing room in Dunn's house, Fifth Avenue, New York.


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## THE WEATHER

Weather Bureau Office, Atlanta, Ga., 8 p. m. June 7, 1898.—The barometer is relatively high on the Atlantic coast and in the northwest and a trough of relatively low pressure extends from Texas northeastward to the lake region. The weather has continued warm during the day in the central valleys and moderately cool on the eastern slope of the Rocky mountains and on the middle Atlantic coast. The temperature changes in any section have not been very great. Thunder showers over a narrow strip of country from Illinois southward to Mississippi have reduced the temperature about 10 degrees at a few stations. Thunder showers are also reported from the lower Missouri valley and South Dakota, and quite a heavy shower is reported from western Texas. The weather is generally clear in the Atlantic coast states and is from partly cloudy to cloudy in other districts.

Forecast for Wednesday: Generally fair weather.

### Yesterday's Weather Report.

| | |
|---|---|
| Daily mean temperature | 78 |
| Daily normal temperature | 74 |
| Highest temperature | 88 |
| Lowest temperature | 67 |
| Total rainfall during 12 hours | 0 |
| Deficiency of precipitation | 11.18 |

### General Weather Report.

Daily report of the weather at selected stations as shown by observations taken at 8 p m. June 7, 1898:

| STATIONS. | Temperature at 8 p. m. | Maximum Temperature. | Precipitation, inches. |
|---|---|---|---|
| New York, clear | 68 | 74 | .00 |
| Savannah, clear | 74 | 82 | .00 |
| Norfolk, clear | 60 | 70 | .00 |
| Charlotte, clear | 78 | 84 | .00 |
| Raleigh, clear | 74 | 82 | .00 |
| Wilmington, clear | 70 | 78 | .00 |
| Charleston, clear | 74 | 78 | .00 |
| Augusta, clear | 82 | 90 | .00 |
| Jacksonville, clear | 72 | 82 | .00 |
| Atlanta, clear | 84 | 88 | .00 |
| Tampa, clear | 80 | 88 | .00 |
| Pensacola, clear | 80 | 86 | .00 |
| Montgomery, pt. cl'dy | 90 | 92 | .00 |
| Vicksburg, cloudy | 76 | 88 | .00 |
| New Orleans, pt. cldy | 84 | 90 | .00 |
| Palestine, cloudy | 82 | 86 | .00 |
| Galveston, pt. cl'dy | 80 | 84 | .00 |
| Corpus Christi, clear | 80 | 82 | .00 |
| Buffalo, cloudy | 78 | 86 | .00 |
| Detroit, cloudy | 78 | 86 | .00 |
| Chicago, cloudy | 68 | 80 | .70 |
| Memphis, pt. cl'dy | 78 | 88 | T |
| Chattanooga, pt. cldy | 86 | 90 | .00 |
| Knoxville, clear | 82 | 90 | .00 |
| Cincinnati, pt. cl'dy | 86 | 90 | .00 |
| St. Paul, clear | 76 | 78 | .00 |
| St. Louis, cloudy | 82 | 86 | .02 |
| Kansas City, rain | 76 | 76 | 1.20 |
| Omaha, clear | 76 | 76 | .00 |
| Huron, clear | 70 | 76 | .00 |
| Rapid City, pt. cl'dy | 66 | 66 | .04 |
| North Platte, pt. cl'dy | 68 | 70 | .00 |
| Dodge City, cloudy | 68 | 76 | T |
| Abilene, cloudy | 72 | 76 | .74 |

J. B. MARBURY,
Local Forecast Official.

### Griffin Compress Company.

Griffin, Ga., June 7.—(Special.)—The stockholders of the Griffin Compress Company had their annual election of officers this morning, which resulted as follows: B. R. Blakely, president; R. F. Strickland, vice president; J. C. Brooks, secretary and treasurer. Directors, J. W. Manghum, B. R. Blakely, R. F. Strickland, J. H. Davis, H. H. Bass, R. T. Daniel and F. G. Bailey. An annual dividend of 4 per cent was declared, and a large reserve fund set aside for the improvement of the plant, which they find necessary to accommodate the increasing business of the compress.


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Double breasted Serge Coats, all wool at $3.50, $4.50 and $5.00.

All wool Trousers at $2.00, $2.50, $3.00 and up to $7.50.

Negligee Shirts, beautiful patterns in Madras, just received, at $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50.

Straw Hats from 50c up to $3.50.

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### ANNOUNCEMENTS.

City Treasurer.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for city treasurer, and solicit the support of my friends for the first time.

THOMAS J. PEEPLES.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for re-election as city treasurer, subject to primary October 5th, and respectfully solicit the support of my friends.

JOSEPH T. ORME.

City Drummers' Excursion to Tybee Island June 11th, via C. of G. Ry. $3.50 for the round trip. Two days on the beach. Come go with us and bring along your friends. First seashore excursion of the season. Special train each direction with ample sleeping car accommodations. Tickets good returning on regular trains also.

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# SUPREME COURT RENDERS JUDGMENTS

## Interesting Decisions Handed Down in the High Court Yesterday.

## HEAD NOTES GIVEN IN FULL

Reported by Stevens & Graham, Reporters of Supreme Court of the State of Georgia.

Decisions Rendered Tuesday, June 7, 1898.

CASE 518.

State of Georgia v. Wrightsville and Tennille Railroad Company. Before Judge Hart. Laurens superior court.

Simmons, C. J.—There is no law which confers upon the railroad commission of this state the power to compel a railroad company to make a contract for the shipment of goods beyond the terminus of its own line or to issue a through bill of lading binding such company so to do; nor is the fact that a railroad company actually contracts for the shipment and delivery of goods beyond its own terminus to a designated point and issues bills of lading accordingly, when the same are routed over a particular one of its connecting lines, to be treated as unjustly discriminating against another connecting line because the company first mentioned refuses to issue through bills of lading for the shipment over the latter of goods consigned to the same point of destination.

Judgment affirmed. All the justices concurring.

J. M. Terrell, attorney general, for plaintiff in error.

A. F. Daley, contra.

CASE 519.

Donaldson v. Anderson, administrator. Before Judge Lumpkin. Fulton superior court.

Lewis, J.—Where a widow has had set apart for herself and minor children a year's support in the estate of her deceased husband to the amount of one thousand dollars, she can have exempted as a homestead only such portion of the remainder of the estate as that its value, when added to the year's support, will not make a sum exceeding the amount of homestead and exemption provided for in the constitution and laws of the state.

Judgment affirmed. All concurring.

J. M. McAfee, Simmons & Corrigan, for plaintiff in error.

King & Anderson, contra.

CASE 520.

Curran v. Georgia Loan and Trust Company. Before Judge Lumpkin. Fulton superior court.

Lumpkin, P. J.—There was no abuse of discretion in granting, at the instance of a party interested in an execution and having control thereof, an interlocutory injunction restraining the sheriff from conveying to a third person land bid off by the latter for about one per cent of its value at a sale had under such execution, when there was at the hearing evidence warranting the judge in finding that there was much confusion at the sale, that relatively to the rights of the party first mentioned, who intended to bid for the property, but who was prevented from so doing the sale was not fairly conducted, and also other evidence tending to show that the purchaser had knowledge that such was the fact.

Judgment affirmed. All concurring.

Arnold & Arnold, for plaintiff in error.

S. Barnett, contra.

CASE 521.

Anderson v. Cook & Alexander. Before Judge Candler. Clayton superior court.

Little, J.—1. Where a head of a family, to whom an exemption of personalty had been set apart, purchased on credit and became entitled to a wagon, and it appears that in so doing he did not part with any exempted personalty, the wagon became immediately subject to the lien of an existing judgment against the purchaser, and this lien was not divested by reason of the fact that he subsequently made a partial payment upon the purchase price of the wagon with money made by hauling therewith.

2. Upon the facts recited, the wagon was, in the magistrate's court, rightly subjected to the judgment, and there was no error in refusing to sanction a petition for certiorari alleging to the contrary.

Judgment affirmed. All concurring.

John B. Hutcheson, for plaintiff in error.

John D. Humphries, contra.

CASE 522.

National Bank of Augusta v. Augusta Cotton and Compress Company. Before Judge Eve. City court of Richmond county.

Cobb, J.—1. The act of 1854 (acts 1853-4, page 56, civil code, section 3546) providing that cotton sold by planters and commission merchants on cash sale shall not be considered as the property of the buyer until fully paid for, although it may have been delivered to the buyer, applies to sales by commission merchants on their own account, as well as sales by them as representatives of the planter.

2. The above recited act is a valid and constitutional law.

3. The act above referred to was not repealed by the act of 1887 (acts 1887, page 36), amending section 2133 of the code of 1882.

4. There is nothing in the act of congress relating to national banks which relieves such banks from the operation of the act above referred to in transactions had by such banks in this state.

5. The judgment rendered in this case was right and proper, and there was no error in refusing a new trial.

Judgment affirmed. All concurring.

Frank H. Miller, W. K. Miller, Frank H. Miller, Jr., for plaintiffs in error.

Fleming & Alexander and J. R. Lamar, contra.

CASE 523.

South Carolina and Georgia Railroad Company v. Augusta Cotton and Compress Company. Before Judge Callaway. Richmond superior court.

Cobb, J.—This case is controlled by the decision this day rendered in the case of the National Bank of Augusta v. Augusta Cotton and Compress Company.

Judgment affirmed. All concurring.

Joseph B. & Bryan Cumming, for plaintiff in error.

Fleming & Alexander, contra.

CASE 524.

Purity Ice Works v. Rountree. Before Judge Reid. City court of Atlanta.

Lewis, J.—1. Where the only plea filed to a suit upon an unconditional contract in writing is partial payment, and the plaintiff thereupon amends his petition by admitting the fact set forth in such plea and praying for judgment for the balance due upon such contract, the effect of the amendment is to leave the case without any issuable defense. It was, therefore, not error for the court to enter up judgment in accordance with the amended prayer of the petition.

2. There was no error in sustaining a demurrer to a motion filed by the defendant to set aside such judgment upon the ground that the same was rendered before it had notice of plaintiff's amendment and upon the further ground that it had additional defense which it proposed to set up by amending its plea; it not appearing what such defense was, nor why the defendant was not cognizant of it when it filed its original plea.

3. The bill of exceptions being palpably and manifestly without merit, damages are awarded for bringing this case to this court for delay only.

Judgment affirmed. All concurring.

T. C. Battle and W. I. Heyward, for plaintiff in error.

Glenn & Rountree and J. A. Noyes, contra.

CASE 525.

Wagnon, trustee, v. Pease. Before Judge Felton. Houston superior court.

Lumpkin, P. J.—1. A petition to foreclose a mortgage executed by a trustee, which sets out in full the terms of an order passed by a court of competent jurisdiction authorizing him to create a mortgage upon the trust estate, is good in form as well as in substance, in so far as it relates to the trustee's power to enter into a contract of this character. The validity of such an order is not affected by the fact that the trustee failed to attach to his application for leave to mortgage a copy of the trust deed or other instrument by which he was appointed. Nor is such an order to be treated as void because it fails to recite who are the beneficiaries of the trust; nor because the record of the proceedings upon which it was based does not affirmatively show that service upon all parties at interest was duly made. Such an order, because granted by a court of general jurisdiction, has all the sanctity which attaches to a formal judgment; and every presumption in favor of its validity is to be indulged. Accordingly, in the present foreclosure proceeding, it was not necessary for the plaintiff to allege or prove that the trustee was regularly and lawfully appointed, and therefore was entitled to apply for and obtain leave to execute the mortgage sought to be foreclosed.

(a) The order of court relied on in this case was not void for uncertainty.

2. Although such a mortgage may contain stipulations not authorized by the judge's order, the whole instrument is not for that reason void; and in a proceeding looking to an enforcement of the contract only in so far as it is legal, the notes and mortgage executed by the trustee in pursuance of the power conferred upon him by the order passed are admissible in evidence for the purpose of proving the contract as insisted upon; certainly so in the absence of any objection on the part of the defendant specially calling upon the plaintiff to offer the instruments for a specified purpose or purposes as to which and to which alone they were relevant.

3. In resistance to the foreclosure of a mortgage upon trust property it is competent for the trustee to interpose a plea of usury.

4. The trustee is also at liberty to attack the order of court authorizing the creation of the mortgage, on the ground that service of the proceedings upon which such order was based was not, in point of fact, made upon the cestuis que trust, none of whom had either waived service or subsequently ratified his act in executing the mortgage.

(a) Upon a review of the case of Rutherford v. Larned (March term, 1897), the decision therein, in so far as it lays down the contrary doctrine, is overruled.

5. The trustee is, however, estopped from raising any issue concerning the legality of his appointment.

6. If prior to the filing of the plaintiff's petition to foreclose the mortgage the trust became executed, the proceeding should have been instituted against the former cestuis que trust instead of the discharged trustee.

Judgment reversed. All concurring.

Hardeman, Davis & Turner, for plaintiff in error.

Gustin, Guerry & Hall, contra.

CASE 526.

Gilbert v. Georgia Railroad and Banking Co. Before Judge Eve. City court of Richmond county.

Cobb, J.—1. When in an act amending a section of the code there is stated in the first part of the act certain amendments to be made, and in the latter part of the act it is declared that the section as amended shall read in a certain way (setting it forth), none of the amendments referred to in the first part of the act become operative save those alone which are contained in the recital in the latter part of the act as to how the section shall read as amended.

2. The act of the general assembly of this state, approved December 20, 1892, amending section 3406 of the code of 1882 (Acts 1892, p. 59), providing where railroad companies shall be sued, is not in conflict with that provision of the constitution which declares that civil cases shall be tried in the county where the defendant resides.

3. Nor is such act unconstitutional because it does not distinctly describe the law to be amended.

4. A suit against a railroad company filed in the county where the principal office of the corporation was located, by a plaintiff resident of that county, setting up a cause of action which originated in another county, was properly dismissed on demurrer, when there was no allegation that the corporation had no agent in the county where the cause of action originated.

Judgment affirmed. All concurring.

E. T. Brown and E. B. Baxter, for plaintiff in error.

Joseph B. & Bryan Cumming, contra.

CASE 527.

Gilbert by next friend v. Georgia Railroad and Banking Co. Before Judge Eve. City court of Richmond county.

Cobb, J.—This case is controlled by the decision of this court this day rendered in the case of Gilbert v. Georgia Railroad and Banking Co.

Judgment affirmed. All concurring.

CASE 528.

Barnes et al. v. Macon and Northern Railroad Co. Before Judge Butt. Jones superior court.

Fish, J.—1. Inasmuch as the statute expressly declares that the brief of evidence accompanying a motion for a new trial must be filed during the term at which the trial was had, one who seeks for leave to file such a brief after the expiration of the term, as a matter of right, must obtain a clear and unequivocal order granting such leave; and inasmuch as it is frequently true that the purpose of a movant in procuring an order allowing additional time after the expiration of a term to "complete a motion" for a new trial, is simply to reserve the right of amending the grounds of the motion, an order which merely allows additional time for completing a motion will not, when construed by the judge who granted it as not embracing the privilege of filing a brief of evidence, be differently construed by this court.

2. Accordingly, a term order allowing one against whom a verdict had been rendered until the final hearing in vacation "to complete his motion for new trial" will not, though it recites that it is impossible for the movant to make out and file a brief of evidence before the adjournment of the court, be here construed as extending the time for filing the brief beyond the expiration of the term, when the judge below rules it was not intended to have this effect. As an order of this kind, notwithstanding such recital, does not, as it should do, expressly reserve or grant any right as to the filing of such brief, and is therefore, at least to some extent, ambiguous, the trial judge must be left free to so deal with it as to carry out its true intent and meaning as understood by him. See Cohen v. Lester, last term.

R. L. Berner, J. C. Barron and Johnson & Johnson for plaintiff in error.

R. V. Hardeman and Hill, Harris & Birch, contra.

CASE 529.

Cates v. Ilner. Before Judge Berry. City court of Atlanta.

Simmons, C. J.—A workman engaged in the same job with others and having direction of it is not a vice principal of the master, but stands on the footing of a mere fellow servant.

Judgment affirmed. All concurring.

P. F. Smith and R. R. Shropshire, for plaintiff in error.

Watkins & Dean, contra.

CASE 530.

Thompson v. Mallory Brothers & Company. Before Judge Gamble. Tattnall superior court.

Little, J.—The defendant in an action upon a promissory note, brought under the practice act of December 16, 1896, having at the appearance term answered that the note sued on had "been fully settled and satisfied by the giving of another note which plaintiffs accepted from defendant in lieu of and in full satisfaction of said note, the subject of this suit," there was no error at the trial term in refusing to allow the defendant to file an amended answer alleging that he had paid in cash the note sued on; there being no affidavit from him that at the time of filing the original answer he did not have notice or knowledge of the new facts or defense set out in the amended answer.

Judgment affirmed. All concurring.

Isaiah Beasley and James K. Hines, for plaintiff in error.

Argument of cases of the criminal docket: J. J. Strupp v. W. H. Pruden. Argued. John Hudson v. state. Submitted. Lula Roberts v. state. Submitted.


# MANLY IMPULSES.

## The Joy of Recovered Health Awakes All the Finer Sentiments of Human Nature.



A large share of Dr. Hathaway & Co.'s practice is sent to them by men who have themselves been cured. This is an excellent sign. It is creditable to human nature. When a man has been lifted out of pain and misery it is a correct impulse to go and tell others where they may find help in their hour of distress. To men who have no such friends we now GIVE THIS POINTER: If a sufferer from any wasting disease, disordered blood, nervous collapse, or loss of mental vigor, kidney or urinary difficulty, hydrocele, pimples, piles, varicocele, rupture, unnatural discharges, stricture, rheumatism, catarrh, female weakness or any disease peculiar to sex, it will pay you to investigate the original Hathaway method. If you do this you will follow the example of those who have been acting as our willing missionaries.

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DR. HATHAWAY & CO.,
22½ S. Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.
Hours—9 to 12, 2 to 6 and 7 to 8. Sundays, 10 to 1.



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I do not believe there is a case of dyspepsia, indigestion or any stomach trouble that cannot be relieved at once and permanently cured by my DYSPEPSIA CURE.

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At all druggists, 25c. a vial. Guide to Health and medical advice free. 1505 Arch street, Phila.

DYSPEPSIA CURE


## MANY ARE ANXIOUS TO FIGHT.

### Governor Atkinson Has His Hands Full in Hearing Applicants—Many Petitions Filed Yesterday.

Governor Atkinson has received a great number of applications for commissions in the Georgia volunteers and each mail brings new ones. The offices desired range from that of colonel to that of the smallest commission obtainable.

In addition to the many applications for commissions, the governor is receiving letters from every portion of the state from people who offer their services. It is mainly communications of this nature which are at present requiring the attention of Governor Atkinson.

One of the most prominent citizens applying for the office of colonel of the new Third regiment is Judge Henry B. Tompkins, of Atlanta. He cannot be called an applicant for the office since he has not personally applied. His friends, however, have put his name forward and will urge the governor to appoint him.

Some time ago Judge Tompkins offered his services to the governor. He has a war record, having served during the civil war.

Governor Atkinson will have his hands full when he begins to appoint officers for the new regiment. There are applications enough for officers of several regiments. The governor has not counted the papers, but says there is quite a sufficiency of them.

The order for the organization of an additional regiment from Georgia has not yet been received by Governor Atkinson, and for that reason he cannot state when the officers will be appointed. It seems probable that the work will be done at an early date.


Stand firm in your demands for Hood's Sarsaparilla. There is no substitute for Hood's, America's greatest defense. Take only Hood's, which gives great bodily, mental and digestive strength.


## VERDICT FOR THE SOUTHERN.

### Negro Boy, John Peel, Loses His Damage Suit in Federal Court.

In the case of John Peel against the Southern railway, in which the plaintiff was suing the road for the loss of his right leg, the federal court held yesterday morning that the accident was due entirely to the carelessness of the plaintiff and that the Southern railway was not to blame. The accident happened last spring near Peters street crossing and was a rather peculiar one.

John Peel is a negro boy of eighteen and lives out near the scene of the accident. He and a number of his friends had a habit of swinging on to the outgoing trains and jumping off at the outskirts of the city. On this occasion Peel jumped on a Central train at night and intended to leap off after a time and return to his home. Near the city limits he took his fatal leap and jumping from the platform, landed right in front of a passing freight on the Southern track. It was too dark for any one to see him and the heavy wheels of the freight passed over his right leg, severing it from his body. A hard fight was made in behalf of the plaintiff, but the court held that the injury to his body was due to his own carelessness and disregard of the law.


**John M. Miller Co., 39 Marietta St.** Blank books, school books and all kinds of stationery.


## MR. RUCKER EXPLAINS.

### Says Why He Signed Bond of John T. Moody.

Mr. J. W. Rucker yesterday said he wished to explain the reason he signed the bond of Mr. John T. Moody. He does not want any one to think that Moody & Brewster are indebted to the Maddox-Rucker Banking Company. He furnished the following explanation:

"The publication in Sunday's paper has left the impression on the minds of some that I signed Mr. John T. Moody's bond as vice president of the Maddox-Rucker Banking Company, and that his firm may be indebted to this bank. Moody & Brewster do not, nor have they ever owed this bank one cent. The facts are, I signed Mr. Moody's bond, individually, for $1.00, for his appearance at court, not in any way as an indorsement of him or his firm. I know no more of his affairs than the public does, and was simply willing to sign his bond for his appearance at court.

"J. W. RUCKER."


Lyon's "Pick Leaf" Extra Smoking Tobacco & Co's does not make every mouth as sweet as a rose, but comes "mighty nigh"—does give every one a most delightful smoke. Try it.


## PERSONAL.

Sweet Water Park hotel, Lithia Springs, twenty miles west of Atlanta. H. T. Blake, proprietor. Now open. apr28 tf


**John M. Miller & Co., 39 Marietta St.** Blank books, school books and all kinds of stationery.

**Fat Folks, Get Thin.**

Dr. Edison's Obesity Remedies, sold at Jacobs' Pharmacy, Atlanta, are the only remedies that take off surplus fat quickly, safely and permanently. They improve the health and leave no wrinkles.

**$2.64 to Macon and Return.**

The Central of Georgia railroad will sell excursion tickets to Macon account of Baptist Young Peoples' Union, on June 6th, 7th and 8th, with final limit June 12th at rate of one fare for the round trip. For further information apply to representatives Central of Georgia at 16 Wall st. and union depot, Atlanta, Ga. 6-3-6t

**$2.64.**

Atlanta to Macon, Ga., and return via Southern railway account meeting Baptist Young People's Union. Tickets to be sold June 6th, 7th and 8th, limited for return until June 12, 1898.

One fare for the round trip from all points in the state. Apply to any agent Southern railway.

**Enjoy a Surf Bath at Tybee. Go with Atlanta Drummers' Seashore Excursion, June 11th. Round trip tickets via C. of Ga. Ry., only $3.50.**

# Lace House

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## RETAIL BUSINESS

And opening up a Wholesale House, the entire stock to be closed out

## Regardless of Cost

Consisting of Real and Imitation Laces. Lace Scarfs and Handkerchiefs, Linen, Embroidered and Plain Handkerchiefs, Embroideries, Hosiery, Kid Gloves, Corsets, etc. Sale commences Monday morning.

STORE FOR RENT... FIXTURES FOR SALE.

# Lace House

## 28 Whitehall St.



**$3.50**

Atlanta to Tybee and return June 11th. Good two days. Via Central of Georgia Railway.

**ISAAC LIEBMAN & SON.**

Real Estate, Renting and Loans, 28 Peachtree Street.

FOR RENT.

| | |
|---|---|
| Corner Marietta and Peachtree sts. | $125 00 |
| No. 3 N. Broad street | 65 00 |
| No. 30 S. Pryor st.; 4 floors and basement; cheap. | |
| No. 8 Peachtree street | 125 00 |
| No. 163 Marietta street | 15 00 |
| No. 165 Marietta street | 17 50 |
| No. 281 Fulton street, dwelling and No. 51 Magnolia street; coal and wood yard | 35 00 |
| store | 12 50 |
| Store and 14 rooms on Ridge ave | 25 00 |

HOUSES.

| | |
|---|---|
| No. 51 N. Forsyth street; 18 rooms | 60 00 |
| No. 157 Whitehall street; 10 rooms | 40 00 |
| No. 135 Whitehall st.; 8 rooms | 30 00 |
| No. 49 E. Georgia ave.; 10 rooms | 37 50 |

Beautiful offices in Fitten building, over Tyner's Drug Store; best location and cheapest rent in the city.

Offices in Healey building, corner Marietta and Peachtree streets; second floor; Elegant location.

Offices at 7½ N. Broad street, in the Emery-Steiner block; at your own price.

$10,000 local money to loan on Atlanta real estate in sums of $500 up at 8 per cent net to borrower. Money in bank.



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

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$3,500—Prettiest vacant lot on north side. It is on North avenue.

$800—Splendid lot on south side, this side of Georgia avenue, on car line.

$1,000—Five acres with 344 feet front on Greenstery avenue, in ¼ mile of Westview car line. Good branch.

$1,850—6-room cottage on Highland avenue, worth $2,500. A fine bargain.

$660—Beautiful lot near Woodward avenue on monthly payments; nice shade.

$1,800—6-room cottage and nearly two acres land in South Kirkwood, easy terms.

$5,000—Corner lot on Peachtree street; must go.

$2,250—For the cheapest cottage in the city. Near in, six rooms and bath. Money to loan at 5, 6, 7 and 8 per cent. Quick.

Office—12 East Alabama street. Telephone 363.


# Notice to Tax Payers

At the regular May session of the county commissioners for Fulton county it was unanimously determined to notify the public that failure to make proper tax returns before the closing of the state and county tax receiver's books will subject the defaulter to the penalty prescribed by law; and to call attention to the fact that the state and county tax receiver's books close June 30th.

The place for giving in state and county taxes is at the county courthouse.

A. L. KONTZ.
Clerk Commissioners of Roads and Revenues Fulton County, Georgia.


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**G. W. ADAIR,**

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Do you want an ELEGANTLY FURNISHED HOUSE for the summer months?

I have one on the best street in Atlanta. The house is a new, modern two-story brick, with every comfort and convenience that modern ingenuity can supply.

Large lot, beautiful sloping lawn, exquisite flower garden and vegetable garden sufficient to supply the need of a family throughout entire season.

An ideal summer home, combining the advantages of a regular summer resort with the comforts of a city.

The house is elegantly and COMPLETELY FURNISHED and can be rented to the right party at a nominal rent.

Would just suit some army officer who knows how to appreciate a good thing.

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A PERMANENT CURE
of the most obstinate cases of Gonorrhœa and Gleet, guaranteed in from 3 to 6 days; no other treatment required.
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PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4 in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILADA., PA.
Sold by all Local Druggists.
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# Now Is The Time

And this is the place to buy Spring Suits at about one-third less than their regular selling prices. Remember they are not "carried overs" or "jobs," but are our regular stock--made for us this Spring by the best tailors in the east, and is, all in all one of the best, one of the largest, and one of the prettiest lines of clothing ever shown in Atlanta. These are the prices;

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Our regular | $8.00 | Suits are now $5.50 |
| " " | $10.00 | Suits are now $7.00 |
| " " | $12.00 | Suits are now $8.50 |
| " " | $15.00 | Suits are now $10.75 |
| " " | $18.00 | Suits are now $13.00 |
| " " | $20.00 | Suits are now $14.00 |

# If it is Trousers

You want, they are reduced too. Every pair of odd trousers in the house is subject to these prices--no difference if it's a striped worsted or a a black and blue worsted or serge. But sixty days hence must not see a pair of these trousers left, thus these prices now;

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Our regular | $2.00 | Trousers are now $1.50 |
| " " | $3.00 | Trousers are now $2.25 |
| " " | $4.00 | Trousers are now $2.75 |
| " " | $5.00 | Trousers are now $3.50 |
| " " | $6.00 | Trousers are now $4.25 |
| " " | $7.00 | Trousers are now $4.90 |

These prices are CASH PRICES—therefore you must bring along the money, as no goods will be charged at these reduced prices.

M. R. Emmons & Co.

39-41 WHITEHALL STREET.

**THE BROWN & KING SUPPLY CO.**

47 and 49 S. Broad St., Atlanta, Ga.

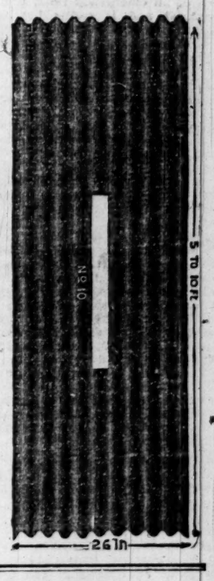
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For roofing and siding. Bar iron. Machinery and tool steel, shafting, hangers, pulleys, etc.

New and second-hand machinery. General supplies.

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SIGN PAINTING. Grant-Wells Co. Up-to-date. 7½ South Broad. Phone 5

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WHAT? Superb advantages in Music, Art, Literature, Sciences, Elocution, etc. Some of the most distinguished artists and teachers of America engaged. Series of grand concerts, lectures and entertainments offered. Mr. George W. Vanderbilt's excellent arboretum and extensive Botanical Gardens—the finest in this country—are open to students in Botany and Biology.
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